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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXVI NO. 304 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Soviet Out To Sabotage Jap Plans In China?

Japanese Threat To British Interests

PRINCE KONOYE ON HIS NEW POLICY

British Imperialism To Be Obliterated From Asia

TOKYO: DEC. 22.

THE DEMAND THAT "ALL SYMBOLS OF BRITISH IMPERIALISM SHOULD BE OBLITERATED IN ASIA" IS MADE BY THE JAPANESE NEWSPAPER "KOKUMIN SHIMBUN."

Commenting on reports regarding the proposed British or American loans to China, the paper says that a section of Japanese Government circles tends to regard such proposals as "DEMONSTRATING THE IMPOSSIBILITY OF MAKING BRITAIN AND AMERICA SYMPATHETICALLY UNDERSTAND JAPAN'S NATIONAL ASPIRATIONS AND REAL INTENTIONS, HOWEVER HARD JAPAN MAY TRY TO EXPLAIN THEM."

CONSEQUENTLY, JAPAN'S POLICY TOWARDS EAST ASIA MUST, HENCEFORTH, BE CARRIED OUT VIGOROUSLY AND FORCEFULLY, WITH THE OBJECT OF OBLITERATING ALL SYMBOLS OF BRITISH IMPERIALISM, NOT ONLY IN THE FAR-EAST BUT IN ASIA."—Reuter.

Broadcasting to-night, the Premier, Prince Konoye, laid down the conclusion of a Sino-Japanese Anti-Comintern Pact and placing economic co-operation between China and Japan on a footing of equality as the guiding principles for the readjustment of relations between Japan and new China.

The inauguration of full diplomatic relations between Manchukuo and China was another principle mentioned by Prince Konoye.—Reuter

JAPANESE-SOVIET TENSION

TOKYO: Dec. 22.

The Premier and the Ministers for War, Navy and Foreign Offices met to discuss the Fisheries Dispute with the Soviet.

Mr. Arita declared that the Soviet had shown itself insincere in the proposed "modus vivendi," which would seriously injure the Japanese rights. Japan would face the situation with firm determination.

An Admiralty spokesman at a Press Conference said that the Navy was watching the situation with grave concern. The stage was not yet reached for announcing their attitude, but the Navy was certain to do its bit in carrying the national policy and in realising legitimate claims.—Reuter.

DEADLOCK OVER FISHERY RIGHTS

LONDON, Dec. 22.

Diplomatic circles are closely watching the Russo-Japanese deadlock over the Japanese fishery rights around Northern Saghalien. By the treaty of Portsmouth of 1905, Saghalien is equally divided between Russia and Japan. The latter obtained rights to fish in the waters of the Northern or the Russian half and also to prospect for oil.

Owing to the anti-Comintern Pact of November 1935, the Soviet refused to renew this convention. A temporary extension was subsequently arranged, but Manchoukuo's failure to pay an instalment of the purchase price of the Sino-Eastern Railway caused fresh complications. Important as the fisheries are to supply Japan's staple diet, the political aspect of the deadlock is universally regarded as far transcending the commercial, especially in view of M. Litvinoff's announcement that ten per cent of the waters must be excluded for strategic reasons.

"Japan does not transfer five divisions from North China to Northern Manchoukuo without good cause" said a military observer, well acquainted with the disputed area to Reuter, "this [illegible] invading Kansu and Shensi to cut China's communications with Russia.

It seems very improbable that the Soviet wants war with Japan, but she certainly does not want Japan to establish herself permanently in North and Central China. Now is a good time for creating a diversion when Britain and America are showing signs of a desire actively to assist China. The Soviet's policy is to keep Japan guessing.—Reuter.

TOKIO, Dec. 22.

New restrictions between foreign concessions in Tientsin and the outside world are announced.

Traffic is permitted only during day time and on seven specified roads. Only soldiers with nationals of third powers with Japanese army Headquarters permits will be allowed entry at other times.

More barbed wire has been erected on the borders of the British and French Concessions.

Surprise For Delhi Women

Shiva Mandir Satyagrahis To Picket Conference Exhibition

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 22.

A new development to Shiv Mandir agitation is reported today which came as a great surprise to women's circles in Delhi. It is said certain women volunteers connected with this agitation have written to the organisers of All-India Women's Conference Exhibition that they propose to picket it. No reason is given beyond stating that the Exhibition is to open at time when women volunteers are fasting in connection with Shiv Mandir agitation. The Exhibition is to be opened on Monday next and already several thousand rupees have been spent in organising it. Local leaders are taking up the matter and will use their efforts to persuade, Shiv Mandir volunteers not to interfere with Women's Conference and Exhibition, as they have nothing to do with it.

Shiv Mandir agitation is against the order of the District Magistrate prohibiting entry on disputed land chained to the Shiv Mandir near Delhi Town Hall. Several arrests have recently been made of volunteers who tried to defy the Magistrate's order and went to offer puja at alleged Mandir.

Arrests At San Sebastian

Employee In British Consulate On Espionage Charge

BURGOS, Dec. 22.

It is confirmed here that there has been a certain number of arrests at San Sebastian and in the province of Guipuzcoa, following the discovery of a trans-frontier spy network.

The arrests include that of a domestic employee in the British Consulate at San Sebastian.

He is a Spanish subject and was arrested outside the Consulate. It is believed that as a result of the latest arrests, one of the major channels of leakage of information will be blocked.

An earlier message stated:—

"Confusing reports continue to reach the Franco-Spanish frontier about certain incidents in Nationalist Spain. On one point only, are the reports borne out namely that a network of spies has been unearthed, which carried information from Nationalist to Republican Spain. Such is admitted officially at Burgos.

The outcome of the discovery is a mystery.

A package in a British Diplomatic valise was being innocently carried by the British Vice-Consul at San Sebastian to Hendaye. It is stated documents were found in the bag intended to inform the enemy of future military operations.

This leakage may have led to the postponement of Nationalist offensive against Catalonia, though this is not confirmed. Apart from the news of the spy system, reports from Reuter correspondents refer firstly to 200 arrests in San Sebastian in connection with a currency smuggling scandal and secondly to trouble among civilian population in North-west Spain, which resulted in one or two divisions of troops being sent to the spot. Earlier reports spoke of a number of arrests in Burgos and San Sebastian, including those of army officers as a sequel to the diplomatic bag discovery. Reports of a revolt and wholesale arrests at Burgos early in December are denied officially and from independent sources.—Reuter.

NAGPUR VARSITY'S GESTURE

Prepared To Accommodate Expelled Students From Hyderabad

NAGPUR, Dec. 22.

The Vice-Chancellor of the Nagpur University who received representations for admission to the University from a number of students of the Osmania University who were expelled for singing the 'Vande Mataram' in the hostel has considered their applications sympathetically, and sent to the respective Principals of Arts and Science Colleges in the University a letter stating, that subject to accommodation being available, the above students may on application be provisionally admitted to the First Year and Third Year Classes in Arts and Science.

If such admission raises the number of students in any class above the maximum prescribed by the University ordinances, the University will be prepared to consider the grant of special permission for the increase in the number.

The Vice-Chancellor will consider delay in joining their courses sufficient ground for condonation of any deficiency in the prescribed attendance resulting therefrom.

The Academic and Executive Councils will be moved to consider the amendment of the University Ordinance with a view to remove the technical difficulties if any, in the admission of the above students.—United Press.

MEHERALLY IN KARACHI

Gives Account Of Reign Of Terror In Palestine

KARACHI, Dec. 22.

A moving account of the reign of terror in Palestine villages and the bombing of innocent Arabs was related by Sjt. Yusuf Meherally, the Bombay Congress Socialist leader who returned to Karachi this afternoon after an extensive tour of the continent, America and the Islamic countries of the world.

He was received at the harbour by local Socialist leaders including the Mayor, Sjt. Hatim Alavi, Sjt. Bhadri Shankar Bhat and others.

His bags and suitcase were subjected to a minute scrutiny by the Customs authorities and some books and literature on Socialism were seized.

In the course of an interview to the "United Press", he declared that motor traffic in Palestine had been entirely suspended as a sequel to the bombing.

The Arabs were also equally determined to gain Independence. Sjt. Meherally related a conversation with leading Arabs in which they declared: 'We are determined to fight to the last ditch —till we are no more. We shall get what we want or perish."

Sjt. Meherally added that the Palestine Arabs had the support of the Muslim countries of the world. In his opinion the only solution for the problem was to accede to the Arabs their demand.

Regarding America where he attended the World Youth Congress, Sjt. Meherally said that Americans were very much interested in India's freedom.—United Press.

RECEPTION TO MEHERALLY

Meeting At Congress House To-morrow

Mr. Yusuf Meherally will be returning to India after his extensive tour of Europe and America to-morrow Saturday.

There will be a public meeting in the Congress House compound under the joint auspices of the Congress Socialist Party, All-India States People's Conference, Bombay Students' Union, Gumastha Mahamandal, Bhadekari Sangh, "A" Ward Congress Committee, "G" Ward Congress Committee, Bombay Private Motor Drivers' Union, B.E.S.T. Omnibus Drivers' Union, B.E.S.T. Omnibus Conductors' Union, B.E.S.T. Tramway Traffic Union, the K. E. M. Hospital Union and the Cutch Praja Parshid for the reception of Mr. Meherally to-morrow (Saturday, 24th instant) at 6 p.m.

BOSE TO FLY TO CUTCH ON SUNDAY

Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose who, according to the original programme, was to have left for Madras on Friday, will continue his stay in Bombay till Sunday morning when he will leave for Cutch by plane. He has accepted the invitation to inaugurate the Cutch Praja Parishad Conference to be held at Cutch under the presidentship of Mr. Yusuf Meherally.

The Congress President is expected to return to Bombay on Tuesday and leave for Madras the next day by 'plane.

Burma Students' Move

Call For General Strike As Protest Against Lathi Charge

RANGOON, DEC. 22

The All-Burma Students Union is reported to have passed a resolution calling for a general strike of students of all schools in Burma, as a protest against the lathi charge on the students picketers on Tuesday last.

Meanwhile, very strict precautionary measures have been taken by the authorities, who have detailed civil and military police as well as British troops on duty in Rangoon.

Three members of the Dobama (Burma for Burmans) party and U. Ba Hein and U. Ba Swe, President and secretary respectively of the All-Burma Students Union have been sentenced to 3 months simple imprisonment by the District Magistrate of Magwe for having violated a prohibitory order.

His Excellency the Governor, who has arrived here from Mandalay is now studying the situation closely.

Reports of defiance of prohibitory orders are being received from various district towns.—A.P.

"EMERGENCY" IN RANGOON

RANGOON: Dec. 22.

A Gazette Extraordinary issued to-night says that, under the Rangoon Emergency Security Act, the Governor of Burma declares that a state of emergency exists in the city of Rangoon and adds that the reasons for this declaration are: Firstly, that defiance of law is being publicly advocated by certain persons in Rangoon.

Secondly, that the movement endangers public tranquillity and security of life and property in the city of Rangoon and

Thirdly, that it is expedient to confer powers on the authorities in addition to those provided by the ordinary law, to enable them to deal with the situation.—A.P.

ROUND-UP IN N. IRELAND

BELFAST, Dec. 22.

One of the biggest police raids ever made in North Ireland today resulted in the apprehension of 34 prominent members of the Irish Republican Army.

The action is officially ascribed to the plans of the I. R. A. for attacks upon persons occupying prominent positions and Government and other buildings during the Christmas and New Year period.

It is understood that the men arrested come from all parts of North Ireland.

The police are continuing the round-up.—Reuter.

ANTI-AIRCRAFT DEFENCES

LONDON, Dec. 22.

Sir Thomas Inskip cleared up a misconception arising from his speech when he was understood to have said that Britain possessed the best Anti-Aircraft defences in the world. What he said was that everybody was united in thinking that our efforts must be maximum and our goal must be to have the best Anti-Aircraft defences in the world.—Reuter.

Soviet Reply To Munich Surrender

MOVE TO SCOTCH NAZI 'PUTSCH'

Politics Behind Russo-Polish Trade Agreement

LONDON: DEC. 22.

The "Daily Telegraph's" Diplomatic Correspondent says: IT IS WELL APPRECIATED IN LONDON THAT GERMANY WILL CONTINUE TO FOSTER UKRAINIAN MOVES FOR "SELF-DETERMINATION," WHICH, IF SUCCESSFUL, WILL BE ONLY A PRELUDE TO ANOTHER PARTITION OF POLAND. POLAND'S HOPE IS TO REINSURE HERSELF BY AN AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET, WHICH STANDS TO LOSE MUCH MORE SERIOUSLY BY DISMEMBERMENT.

The Soviet's present military strength is, however, questioned, especially in view of the new diversion in the Far-East, which seems implied in the Japanese transfer of five divisions to Northern Manchukuo.

Substantial progress in the trade talks between the Soviet and Poland is reported by the "Daily Telegraph's" Moscow correspondent.

It is stated that preliminary discussions in Moscow resulted in a decision to raise the total of commercial turnover between the two countries to a figure between 140 and 160 million Polish Zloty annually, which is approximately 20 times the present modest turnover.

Trade delegations of the two Governments will meet in January to work out details.

Recalling that the result was reached after five days' talks, the Correspondent adds that such is the stimulating influence of Germany's penetration into Ruthenia and points out that the agreement is far more important from the political than commercial standpoint. The Poles are expected to sell to Russia textile machinery, semi-manufactured textiles and special steels in return for Russian maganese, iron and other raw materials.—Reuter.

TRAVANCORE CONGRESS TO LAUNCH CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE

TRIVANDRUM, Dec. 22.

A special conference of Travancore State Congress was announced to meet to-day at Vattiyoorkavu near Trivandrum, despite prohibitory orders by the District Magistrate.

Mr. A. Narayana Pillai president of the State Congress who is also president of special conference arrived by train at Trivandrum Central station shortly after sixteen hours. He was received by batches of volunteers.

When the President and Party emerged from the station, they were asked by the police not to use certain route for the procession which they contemplated to Vattiyoorkavu.

According to Mr. Narayana Pillai only the route via Cochar was available for procession. The President therefore decided to hold the "special conference of the State Congress" on the maidan in front of railway station.

The meeting was accordingly held there, when the Presidential Address was read and resolutions adopted.

The Conference terminated and Mr. Narayana Pillai motored to Vattiyoorkavu where what is described by state congressites as a "volunteers meeting" was held, when the Presidential address was read and the same resolutions as at the Railway Station Maidan were adopted.

CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE PLANS

The "Special Conference of Travancore State Congress" adopted a resolution declaring that the objective of the State Congress is the immediate attainment of responsible government under the aegis of His Highness the Maharaja, based on adult franchise with adequate safeguards for the protection of minorities through peaceful and legitimate means.

It resolved upon a programme of direct action, including holding of meetings and processions and volunteer rallies in defiance of prohibitory orders.

(2) Open distribution of prohibited literature

(3) Picketing of liquor shops

(4) Withdrawal of deposits from Travancore postal savings bank

(5) Offering of Satyagraha before the Royal Palace and

(6) Non-payment of all taxes and dues to the Government.

The Conference authorised the President of the State Congress to fix details of the programme of direct action and launch it in such manner and at such times as he deemed expedient. The conference also enjoined non-violence. It strongly condemned the "policy of repression" adopted by the Government towards the State Congress.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

BLOW AGAINST BRITISH CREDITS

PEIPING, Dec. 22.

The first retaliatory blow against British and American credits to China may emerge from the United Council of the Provisional Governments of Peiping and Nanking which opened to-day. British and American enterprises would be seriously affected thereby.—Reuter.

ADJOURNMENT IN COMMONS

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The advantages of the measures advocated by Sir John Anderson in the Commons yesterday were called into question on a motion of Adjournment.

Mr. Arthur Henderson quoting Barcelona's experiences, urged for a deep tunnelling system under the streets with tunnels of 45 feet deep.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE." if repeated the same evening in the BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a B.Sc. with practical experience in bio-chemistry. Apply Meghji Mathuradas, Esqr. Government Gate Road, Lal Baug. (11165)

Wanted Canvassers for Russian Made Sewing Machines on liberal commission. Apply personally D. A. T. Claud & Co., Indian Life Building, 1st Floor, Carnac Road, Bombay 2. (11158).

Wanted a person with experience of practical film-making, direction and Cinematography. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 10155, "Bombay Chronicle."

97. HOTELS (UPCOUNTRY)

Dave Hindu Hotel Mahabaleswar offers, special concession for Xmas Holidays. Rs. 12|- for a week, from 15th December to 5th January. Phone No. 50. (11147)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Secondary Teachers' Training Institute, Ghatkopar. A general course of one month in Educational theory and practice (useful for S.T.C. candidates) from the 16th January 1939, at the R.R. College, Matunga. Nominal Fee Rs. 5. For details apply to the Principal, S.T.T. Institute, Ghatkopar, with a self-addressed stamped envelope before the 5th January, 1939. (11166).

Wanted—1000 pupils to practically learn Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Thought-Reading, Crystal Gazing Auto Suggestion etc. by Post. For particulars send one anna stamp Prof. Rudra, 1005, Surendra Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (10969)

245 ASTROLOGERS.

Prof. Gill and Dhariwal cure old and incurable diseases by Spiritualism and Prophesy past, present and future by Phrenology and Palmistry. Possess certificates from all parts of world. Visit 1 to 6, Apollo Hotel, Apollo Bunder, 1st Floor, Room 22, Bombay. (11169).

327. AGENTS WANTED

Agents to sell Woollen & Silk cloth. Pay Rs. 50|- to 150|- P. M. No investment in any shape. Majestic House, Ludhiana. (Punjab). (11163A)

Wanted cloth canvassing agents. Pay Rs. 100|- T. A. 50|-. Apply for terms and free samples. Watson Cloth Mills, Ludhiana. (Pb.) (11163)

Public Notices

THE UNITED INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., MADRAS.

(Estd. 1906)

WE HAVE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE that our BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE will be SHIFTED to our OWN BUILDING on SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA ROAD as from the 27th December, 1938, and as from that date our address will be as follows:—

"UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDING"
Top Floor,
Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road,
Fort, Bombay.

56, Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay.
23-12-1938.

D. V. DESHPANDE,
Branch Manager.

(10177).

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS in the prescribed form are invited from British Indian subjects of not more than 30 years of age for the post of PROFESSOR OF ENTOMOLOGY, Agricultural College, Poona. Candidates must possess a degree in Agriculture of an Indian or a reputed foreign university *and* a higher degree in Agricultural Entomology, including Zoology, and have special experience of research in Agricultural Entomology for about five years; those having experience in teaching will be preferred. *Pay*:—Rs. 150 during probationary period of two years and on confirmation Rs. 170-10-250-E.B.-15-400-E.B.-20-500, subject to revision. Full particulars will be found in Part I of the issues of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 22nd December, 1938, or can be obtained, together with a copy of the prescribed form of application, on payment (in cash or by money order only) of rupee one, on requisition, with a *self addressed envelope* with a two anna stamp, to the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications:—21st January 1939. *Any attempt, direct or indirect to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

10156.

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS in the prescribed form are invited from British Indian subjects for four posts of SHORTHAND REPORTERS for the two offices of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council. The posts are temporary in the first instance. The scale of pay is Rs. 150-10-300, subject to revision. *Qualifications*:—Candidates should be able to report speeches in one of the four languages (i) Marathi, (ii) Gujarati (iii) Kanarese and (iv) Hindi and Urdu, and possess a speed of not less than 80 words. Full particulars will be found in Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 22nd December 1938, or can be obtained on requisition, enclosing a *self-addressed envelope* with a two-anna stamp, together with a form of application on payment of eight annas either by money order or in cash exclusive of postage from the office of the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications:—16th January, 1939. *Any attempt direct or indirect to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

10163.

SUPPLY OF BOTTLES.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of new and/or second hand, clear glass quart bottles, pints and flasks to the Government Central Distillery, Nasik Road, and its dependent warehouses for one year commencing from 1st April, 1939.

2. About 2,100 gross quarts and 5,700 gross pints and flasks are required during the year.

3. With the empty quarts, pints and flasks, corks (straight or tapering) of superior quality or crown lever caps as the case may be, should be supplied free of cost. Inferior corks will not be accepted. The corks should have "G. C. D. Nasik Road" mark branded thereon. Samples of bottles etc., and corks or crown lever caps should be sent along with the tender quotations.

4. Details regarding the capacity and shape of bottles and corks or crown lever caps and the conditions of supply, may be obtained from the office of the Commissioner of Excise, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2 per set.

5. Tenders should be submitted to reach the Commissioner of Excise, not later than 12 noon (S.T.) on 30th January 1939.

COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE,
Bombay.
10174.

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS in the prescribed form are invited from British Indian subjects, men and women, for the post of MEDICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE ANTI-RABIC DEPARTMENT, Haffkine Institute, Bombay, in the Bombay Medical Service Class I, Division II. *Pay*:—Rs. 350-25-400-30-550-E.B.—585-35-760-E.B.-805-45-850 (probation for 2 years on Rs. 300/-) *plus* a compensatory allowance of Rs. 100 in lieu of private practice, and free quarters. The scale of pay is subject to revision. Age, not more than 35 years. *Qualifications*:—(i) A medical degree registrable under the Bombay Medical Act VI of 1912 and (a) work of approved merit in Bacteriology, or (b) an equivalent qualification; (ii) post-graduate research experience in Bacteriology for not less than 3 years, together with original work of merit. Previous experience in a Pasteur Institute will receive Preference. In case of a highly qualified candidate, the age limit may be relaxed and a higher starting pay may be given by Government. Full particulars will be found in *Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette*, dated 5th and 12th January 1939, or can be obtained, together with a copy of the prescribed form of application, on payment (in cash or by money order only) of Rupee one, on requisition, with a *self-addressed* envelope with a 2-anna stamp, to the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications:—21st January 1939. *Any attempt direct or indirect to influence the Secretary or a member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

10178.

M. S. "JEDMOOR."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 22nd December, 1938, from Japan via ports 'en route' and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

N. MATSURA.
Manager,
Osaka Syosen Kabusiki Kaisya.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of Champubai daughter of Keshav Vinayak Dhairyawan, Deceased. (A lunatic)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Champubai who died at Dr. Shirodkar's Nursing Home at Matunga on or about the 3rd day of August, 1937 and the Letters of Administration of whose estate having effect throughout the Presidency of Bombay were granted on the 20th day of December 1938 to Raghunandan Nanu Kothare of Bombay are hereby required to send in their claims to the said administrator at the office of Messrs. Nanu Hormasjee and Co., his attorneys within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said administrator will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

Dated this 21st day of December, 1938.

NANU HORMASJEE & CO.,
Administrator's Attorneys,
Fort Chambers, Hamum Street,
Fort, Bombay.

10181.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday, the 5th January 1939, at 3 p. m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Interpellations

2-6. Letters from the authorities of the (2) Abhinava Vyayam Shala; (3) Bharat Vyayam Shala; (4) Nair Hospital Dental College; (5) Girgaum Vyayam Shala; and (6) American Mission School for the Blind—Applying for grants in aid of their respective institutions.

7. Letter from the Honorary Secretary, Hind Vyayam Shala—Regarding the Annual Report, etc., of the Vyayam Shala.

8. Letter from the President, Dadar-Matunga Women's Conference—Suggesting the introduction of industrial classes, and physical training, etc., in Municipal Schools.

9. Letter from Mr. C. J. Shah, Advocate—Regarding the deposit paid to the Municipality by the owners of property bearing Street No. 235A, Upper Mahim, for the construction of a road in front of the property.

10. Letters from the General Secretary, All Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference and the Western and Central India Physical Culture Conference—Requesting a grant to meet the expenditure of the Conferences.

11. Letter from the Chairman, Gokhale Education Society—Requesting a grant to meet the expenses of the Silver Jubilee of the Shet Dharamsy Govindji Thackersey High School.

12. Letter from the Joint Honorary Secretary, Gandhi Seva Sena—Regarding welfare work carried on by them at Kamathipura.

13. Letter from Mr. Yusufali Gulamhusein Surti and others—Suggesting the opening of a Municipal Gujarati School and Library in the J. J. Hospital locality, etc.

14. Budget Estimates of Income and Expenditure for the year 1939-40 framed by the Standing Committee under Section 126 of the Municipal Act.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

15. Recommending an advance to meet the increase in expenditure for stores under Municipal Workshops.

16. Recommending an additional grant to meet the book value of an unserviceable article at the Central Stores.

17. Regarding the procedure followed in certifying for payment, bills preferred by the Municipal Solicitors.

18. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of the extra temporary staff and diets required at the Arthur Road Hospital.

19. Regarding the creation of a post of one Assistant Medical Officer at the K. E. M. Hospital.

20. Regarding contract for the work of the extension of the Ministerial staff quarters at the K. E. M. Hospital.

21. Regarding the restoration of the post of the Curator for the Victoria and Albert Museum.

22. Regarding additional temporary staff required for the architectural branch of the City Engineer's Department.

23. Recommending an additional grant to meet the excess in the payment of the Municipal contribution towards Improvement Schemes Account.

24. Recommending additional grants to meet the increased expenditure for materials, etc., required by the Water Works Department.

25. Requesting approval to the provision of footpaths on important roads.

26. Regarding contract for the construction of drains and the filling in of the storm water channel from Fergusson Road to Haines Road.

27. Recommending an additional grant to meet the excess in the cost of maintaining Water Works Department trolleys.

28. Recommending an additional grant to supplement the Budget grant for repairs, etc., to the Trolley track of the Water Department.

29. Regarding an appropriation of funds for providing a telephone connection at the Mahim Pumping Station.

30-31. Regarding Budget transfers sanctioned by the Committee (30) finally; and (31) subject to the Corporation's orders.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee—

32. Regarding amendment of building rules relating to the paving of open spaces of plots in Improvement Schemes.

33. Regarding revision of the scale of extra ground rent or premium to be charged for motor garages on Municipal and Improvement Schemes plots.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

34. Regarding construction of a road behind certain plots at Haines Road.

35. Regarding certain suggestions made in the "Broadcast Talk" by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, ex-Mayor of Bombay.

36. Regarding construction of sanitary conveniences in different parts of the City.

37. Regarding re-alignment, etc., of the 50' road in Scheme 37, Sewri-Wadala Estate.

38-39. Regarding the re-naming of (38) "Barber Lane" and "Beef Lane" as "Nadirshaw Sukhia Street" and (39) a portion of French Bridge as "Annie Besant Road."

40. Regarding a proposal to entrust the working of the Vehar Municipal forests to Government.

41. Regarding the disposal of the money collected in the Poor Boxes and the Donation Boxes kept in Municipal Maternity Homes, Hospitals, etc.

42. Regarding provision of a playground in scheme 60, Naigaum Estate.

43. Regarding the prohibition of the transfer or re-registration of a vehicle pending the production of a fully paid receipt for Municipal taxes.

Schools Committee's letters—

44. Forwarding quarterly progress report of Free and Compulsory Education in 'F' and 'G' Wards.

45. Forwarding progress report of the Boy Scout Movement in the Municipal Schools for the year 1937-38.

46. Regarding the taking over of a Hindi Fathashala at Vadgadi, Mandvi, by the Schools Committee.

47. Forwarding a quarterly list of unanswered references from the Corporation.

48. Regarding a proposal to convert the post of Havildar attached to their office Establishment into that of a Jamadar.

49. Regarding a proposal to modify Rule No. 8, Clause 3 (para 2) of the Schools Committee's Grant-in-Aid Code so as to allow recognised schools to claim fees beyond those of the current month.

50. Regarding the question of debiting to the General Fund a proportionate cost of the Municipal Chief Auditor's Department chargeable to the Schools Fund.

51. Regarding the introduction of Free and Compulsory Education in A, C and D Wards of the City, etc.

Letters from the Commissioner—

52. Forwarding half-yearly statements of public roads, streets and lanes metalled, repaired, etc., and new roads taken over and declared public.

53. Forwarding half-yearly statement of persons newly employed in Municipal service.

54. Regarding payment of a special compassionate allowance to the dependants of a deceased scavengering man of the Health Department

55. Reporting the delivering over by Mr. I. H. Taunton, I.C.S. and receipt by Mr. D. V. Nadkarni of the charge of the office of the Municipal Commissioner.

56 Forwarding the monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

57. Regarding payment of special compassionate allowance to a ward attendant in the Maratha Hospital.

58. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of malaria carrier mosquitoes detected in November 1938.

59. Regarding nomination to lease in respect of Plot No. 56-B, Scheme 37, Sydenham Road Estate.

60. Regarding the leasing of certain plots adjoining the Municipal Market at Dadar.

61. Requesting sanction to his holding the office of the Chairman, Bombay Christian Burial Board.

62. Reporting the delivering over by Mr. D. V. Nadkarni and receipt by Mr. M. D. Bhat, I.C.S., of the charge of the Office of the Municipal Commissioner.

63. Regarding the construction of gallery projections in excess of the permissible length in a building at Dadar-Matunga Estate.

64. Regarding the leasing of certain plots in the Sion-Matunga Estate.

65. Letter from Mr. I. H. Taunton, I.C.S.—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution appreciating his services as Municipal Commissioner.

66. Further consideration of the Draft Bye-laws for taking census of children of school-going age.

Government communications—

67. Regarding the withdrawal of exemption granted to Muslim girls between the ages of 10 and 11 from Compulsory Primary Education in 'F' and 'G' Wards of the City.

68. Regarding the payment of stipends to candidates admitted to the Government Training Colleges from the Municipal Schools.

69. Regarding the appointment of Mr. M. D. Bhat, I.C.S., as Municipal Commissioner.

70. Regarding the appointment of Mr. D. V. Nadkarni to act as Municipal Commissioner till Mr. M. D. Bhat, I.C.S., takes over the charge.

71. Regarding the framing of rules for the admission to Municipal Schools of children of compulsory age in F and G Wards where primary education has been made compulsory.

Communications from the Municipal Secretary—

72. Submitting a statement of references pending before the Committees of the Corporation.

73. Submitting a list of Corporation Resolutions calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.

Reports of the Committees of the Corporation.

74. Report of the Joint Conference between the Medical Relief, etc., and the Law, Revenue, etc., Committees regarding the question of allowing private practice to Medical Officers in Municipal service.

75. Further consideration of the Nineteenth Report of the Medical Relief, etc. Committee regarding the question of creating a post of Medical Superintendent Tuberculosis, etc.

76. Regarding the questions of (1) the protection of milch cattle from indiscriminate destruction and (2) the milk supply to the City, etc.

77. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.

78. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of motions—

79. From Mrs. Lilavati R. Munshi—For requesting the University Authorities to prescribe periods of vacations in Schools and Colleges in such a way as to make them run concurrently.

80. From Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi—For requesting the University Authorities to prescribe a set of particular text books for being adopted by all registered schools in the Presidency.

81-83. From Mr. P. D. Shamdasani—(81-84) For amending the Municipal Act so as to provide (81) that the Corporation shall consist of 151 instead of 117 Councillors, (82) that a person shall not be qualified to be elected at a ward election unless he is a voter in that particular ward, (83) that a person shall be disqualified for being elected as a Councillor if he is a member of the Indian Legislature or of any local legislature, (84) that the Ward Lists shall be arranged according to Committees, and subdivided according to roads and in alphabetical order, etc; (85-88) for requesting the Commissioner (85) to reserve open spaces for ward elections, (86) to keep a register of Municipal taxes due by Councillors; (87) to construct a portion of the footpath on Queen's Road with chequered cement pavement, and (88) to expedite the constuction of the proposed 40' road connecting Mangalwadi Street and another 50' road connecting Queen's Road.

89. From Mr. D. G. Khairaz—For requesting the Standing Committee to expedite their report on the question of the grant of retiring gratuity to the Municipal employees.

90. From Dr. M. F. Bisni—For rescinding the Corporation Resolution relating to the licence issued to the New Era Paint Work at Byculla.

91. From Mr. Jethmal Narandas—For requesting the B.E.S. & T. Co. to alter the design of their new type trams.

92. From Dr. J. N. Choksy—Regarding charging only one amount of rent to sweepers, etc., living in Municipal chawls.

93. From Mr. Behram N. Karanjia—For cancelling licences for selling sweetmeats, etc., in open trays near school premises.

94-96. From Mr. P. D. Shamdasani—For requesting (94) the Municipal Secretary to submit a statement showing the number of Interpellations and notices of motions given by Councillors together with their attendance at Corporation meetings, etc. from 1st April 1935 to 30th November 1938; (95) the authorities of the Framji Cowasji Institute to discontinue the use of their Hall for Cinema and to restore the same as a Public Hall and (96) the Commissioner to modify the orders relating to examination for appointments to certain higher posts in clerical grade.

97. From Mr. Jethmal Narandas—For constructing a Swimming Bath in the Dadar-Matunga locality.

98. From Dr. J. N. Choksy—For fixing a uniform wage of Rs. 25 per month to all women employees working in the Municipality.

99. From Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh—For requesting the Commissioner to distribute milk to the Municipal School children at the time they attend the schools.

100. From Mr. R. K. Vaidya—Regarding the Conservancy Staff employed in F and G Wards of the City.

101-107. From Mr. P. D. Shamdasani—For renaming (101) "Girgaum Road" as "Lokamanya Tilak Road"; (102) "Kalbadevi Road" as "Sardar Valabhbhai Patel Road" (103) "Carnac Road" as "Dr. Ansari Road"; (104) "Cruickshank Road" as "Subash Chandra Bose Road"; (105) "1st Marine Street" as "Hakim Ajmal Khan Street"; (106) "Dhobi Talao" as "Motilal Nehru Square" and (107) "Marine Drive" as "Jawaharlal Nehru Road."

108. From Mr. Cooverji J. Shah—For constructing a water trough near the compound wall of the Union Mills at DeLisle Road.

109. From Mr. M. I. Rowjee—For obtaining Counsel's opinion relating to the disqualification of Councillors on account of insolvency.

110. From Dr. J. N. Choksy—For opening a reserved area in Jail Road East for hawkers, etc.

111. From Mr. P. W. Wagh—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to the desirability of publishing a "Bombay Municipal Gazette.

112. From Mr. P. D. Shamdasani—For renaming "Waudby Road" as "Dadabhoy Naoroji Road."

By order of His Worship
the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Ag. Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 22nd December 1938.

(10179)

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

ATTENTION is drawn to the new telephone Number for the principal Offices at Victoria Terminus with effect from 1st January, 1939.

NEW NUMBER 30921—9 LINES.

(10058)

NOTICE.

NO. 12808/M.V. OF 1938.

THE MOTOR VEHICLES and TAXATION DEPARTMENTS of the Head Police Office, Bombay will remain open for three days viz. the 24th, 27th and 31st December, 1938, between the hours of 10-45 a.m. and 2-0 p.m. during the ensuing X'Mas Holidays. Cash payments will be accepted upto 12-30 p.m. on these days.

The Departments will be closed on all other days during the holidays.

Motor owners are informed that tax for the last quarter ending 31st March, 1938 can be paid on any working day upto 15th January, 1939.

N. M. KAMTE,
For Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Motor Vehicles Department,
Bombay, 16th December, 1938.

10152.

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 171 BALES
MATHIA COTTON

MESSRS. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on Wednesday the 28th December, 1938, at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, near the Cotton Exchange room, by order of the Insurance Offices concerned the above mentioned damaged cotton.

MENESSE & CO.

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Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1621 of 1938

SHORT CAUSE

Plaint Presented and filed 29th day of September 1938.

SUMMONS to answer Plaint under Section 27 O. V. rr. 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII, r. 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(1) KANAYALAL HIRANAND, (2) PRIBHDAS KANAYALAL (3) TRIBHUVAN KANAYALAL, (4) KIRSHORLAL KANAYALAL, (5) RANCHORLAL KANAYALAL, all of Bombay Multani Hindu Inhabitants members of a joint and undivided Hindu Family, carrying on business as Bankers under the name and style of Nandramdas Kanayalal at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

KISHINDAS NEINSUKHDAS of Shikarpur Hindu Inhabitant, residing at C/o Sheth Mangoomal Ramsingh Bankers, 352, Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

To,
KISHINDAS NEINSUKHDAS,
The Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed the above suit against you praying as follows:—

The plaintiffs pray that it may be declared that a sum of Rs. 1,344-12-0 with interest on Rs. 1,200 at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from 6th day of August, 1938, till Judgment is due and payable by the defendant to the plaintiffs; that it may be declared that the plaintiffs have a first charge upon the defendant's house at Sikarpur for the payment of the said amount; that the defendant may be ordered to pay the said amount and interest thereon and the costs of this suit and in default of payment of the said amount before the date to be fixed by this Hon'ble Court, the property of the defendant at Sikarpur may be ordered to be sold by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court and the net sale proceeds be applied towards the amount due to the plaintiffs; that in case of deficiency, liberty may be given to the plaintiffs to apply for a personal decree; that in the alternative and in the event of this Hon'ble Court holding that no charge has been created over the said property of the defendant, the defendant may be ordered to specifically perform the agreement to execute a pucca legal mortgage and to execute the first legal Mortgage, that in the further alternative the defendant may be ordered to pay Rs. 1,344-12-0 with interest on Rs. 1,200 at 9 per cent. per annum till payment as damages; that pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit, some fit and proper person may be appointed Receiver to take charge of the property at Sikarpur with all necessary powers, that pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit, the defendant, his servants and agents may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from dealing with or disposing of the said property, for interim reliefs in terms of prayers (g) and (h); that the defendant may be ordered to pay the costs of this suit, for such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

And the Court has fixed the 11th day of January 1939 at 11 o'clock (S. T.), for the final disposal of the said suit.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that in default of your Appearance in Court on the said 11th day of January 1939, the suit will be heard in your absence.

WITNESS Sir John William Fisher Beaumont Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 17th day of October 1938.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI, for Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

SEALED

The 17th day of October, 1938.

Messrs. AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

10180

Auction Sales

EASTERN AUCTION Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) at 10-30 A. M (S.T.) at 189, Hornby Road, Opp. Kitab Mahal, Fort, of complete Flat furniture, Godrej Safe, Columbia Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington portable typewriter, Chesterfield Sets, Cottage Piano, Wardrobes, Bronze Figures, etc.

EROS Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
SPECIAL XMAS SHOW
On 25th December at 10 a.m.

THE WORLD'S SWEET-HEART IS HERE AGAIN!
DEANNA DURBIN
IN
"THAT CERTAIN AGE"

Gifts will be presented to Children attending Sunday morning performance in addition to prizes in
LUCKY NUMBER TICKETS
There are three attractive prizes offered. So preserve the counterfoils of your tickets. YOU MIGHT BE ONE OF THE LUCKY THREE!
Also Latest Universal British News
Admission to Sunday Morning Show: Re. 1-2 and 9 as. only.
'PHONE 22519 and BOOK YOUR SEATS.

WELLINGTON
FOR TO-DAY ONLY!
GRETA GARBO
in
"ANNA KARENINA"
with FREDRICK MARCH
Daily 3-30 p.m. Matinee Show rates: 3 annas—4 annas—9 annas—Re. 1-2.
Plans Open—'Phone: 22666.
SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10 A.M.
MICKEY MOUSE & SILLY SYMPHONY SHORTS.
Silly Symphony—Night Before Xmas, More Kittens, Santa's Workshop, Lullaby Land, Peculiar Penguins.
Mickey Mouse—Mickey's Garden, Orphan's Picnic, Grand Opera, Mickey's Elephant through the Mirror.
Come early—Bring your Kiddies—they will thoroughly enjoy the X'mas morning.

FROM TO-MORROW
The Brand New Copy of
PURAN BHAKTA
A New Theatres' Production
at
KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE.

FIFTH WEEK BRINGING FLOWERS OF SUCCESS
From New Theatres' Fans—
Hear SAIGAL & KANAN in
THE **STREET- SINGER**
Direction: PHANI MAZUMDAR
Music: BORAL.
Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
THE MINERVA

ONLY
RENUKA DEVI
Could give such an exquisite finish to a role of such a melodramatic character
in
BOMBAY TALKIES'
BANG—CRASH—MOVIE
BHABI
which has already been acclaimed as a picture worthy of India's tradition
*It has already STORMED the citadels of rigid Conventionalism!
*It has SHATTERED Social bigotry to a thousand pieces!!
TO-DAY THREE SHOWS:
5-15—8—10-30 P. M.
NEW TIMINGS from TO-MORROW
ROXY

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Thursday.

NOT A WORD AGAINST CONGRESS, PLEASE

Alva's Retort To Police Prosecutor

"I demand the unconditional withdrawal of your insinuations against the Congress. I shall not allow you to say a word against the Congress here," was the heated retort made by Mr. Joachim Alva, Advocate, against the Police Prosecutor, Mr. J. D'Cunha, in the court of Mr. Kantilal Thakore at Dadar on Wednesday afternoon, when the former was defending a youth charged with the rape of a minor girl.

The trouble arose after Dr. Bhanushanker Gaurishanker Adhvaryoo, Assistant to the Police Surgeon was examined for the prosecution. He testified that he had assisted the Police Surgeon in examining the accused, aged 25 and the girl on the 20th November last as well as on the next day.

The Police Surgeon's Assistant further stated there would have been some injury on the girl if there was the slightest force used by the accused. Mr. D'Cunha the Police Prosecutor, at this stage put further questions to the Doctor and Mr. Joachim Alva, on behalf of the accused, strongly protested against any leading questions being put to the Doctor.

Defence Counsel would not permit the Police Prosecutor to proceed with the witness, and reserve his right to cross-examine the Doctor. It was just when this stage was over, that the Police Prosecutor was heard to remark loudly to Mr. Alva, "Why are you bringing forward this objection? Why are you not permitting me to proceed? This is not the Congress."

Instantly Mr. Joachim Alva leapt to his feet and retorted as stated above.

Mr. Kantilal Thakore, the Magistrate, finally calmed down the atmosphere with conciliatory words and adjourned the case to 11th of January 1939.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate passed orders discharging Cowas Bapuji Dubash in the case in which he stood charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 1,021—at the instance of Edulji Framji Kerawala.

Mr. N. T. Junglewala, who appeared for the complainant, made an application stating that through the intervention of mutual friends, Dubash had given a satisfactory explanation regarding the subject matter of the complaint. The complainant therefore did not wish to lead evidence in the case. The Magistrate thereupon discharged the accused.

"The death of Anandabai Tukaram (22) was caused by injuries received in a motor car accident on Wednesday afternoon at Love Grove Road." This was the verdict of the Bombay Coroner's jury to-day, at the inquest.

After the verdict was returned by the jury, the driver was arrested by the Police, in the Court today.

Mr. Justice Wassoodev and Mr. Justice Lokur at the High Court set aside the sentence of death passed on one Shivlingappa Baswantappa by the Sessions Judge of Belgaum for the alleged murder of one Gurappa Irappa.

Their lordships also acquitted two others who were sentenced to transportation for life and another to six months' jail in connection with the offence.

The murder took place on March 14 last. It was alleged that the appellants along with some others waylaid the deceased and choked him to death, after which they set the dead body on fire.

Their lordships observed that the evidence of identification of the body was not satisfactory, and the mere fact that the accused were seen together at the scene of the offence did not indicate their complicity in the murder.

STOMACHS BURNED WITH ACID
—the result of neglected indigestion

Nobody should neglect indigestion pains. For indigestion is a sign that, after eating, too much acid is being produced in your stomach. If you allow this state of affairs to continue, more and more of this acid will be manufactured in your inside, more than can usefully be utilised in the work of digesting your food. The spare acid has to do something. And it certainly does! It sets to work to burn away the stomach lining. Inflamed, sore places begin to form, ending in agonising ulcers.

Many a sufferer has ended up on the operating table, because he neglected ordinary indigestion.

Take care that this is not *your* fate. If you suffer from pain after eating, take a dose of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder after every meal. It will make that dangerous acid as harmless as water. Then it will put a protective film of silk-soft powder over the sore stomach lining, soothing pain and inflammation, healing up wounded tissues.

In this scientific way, Maclean Brand Stomach Powder has even cured gastric and duodenal ulcers when sufferers thought only an operation could save them. Be sure you get the genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder bearing the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on bottle and carton and the red seal on the carton. Powder or Tablets. Never sold loose. Cheap imitations may only make your trouble worse. From all chemists and stores.

The BROADWAY
KINGSWAY:————:DADAR
LAST DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
"MICHAEL STROGOFF"
TO-MORROW:
Mighty Productions for CHRISTMAS
UNITED ARTIST WEEK
See To-morrow's Advertisement

GOPAL KRISHNA
4th WEEK
DAILY: 5, 7-45 & 10-30 P.M.
PLAZA

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 00	20 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.

Arrival at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon)	21 15 (Sat)
*The Flying Rance Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Rance, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.

Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta) HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN

Latest hour of posting:—Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

The 40th annual anniversary of the All-India Gaud Brahmin Mahasabha will be held at Bijnore, District Rohtak, (U.P.) under the presidentship of Gaudkula Bhushana Pandit Udmiram Sharma, on the 25th, 26th, and 27th Dec. 1938.

Muslim League Candidates For Corporation

17 Contesting Election

The Municipal Selection Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League has selected the following candidates to stand election to the Municipal Corporation on the Muslim League ticket:—

Ward No. 1. Upper Colaba—Middle and Lower Colaba—Fort Southern—Mr. Abdul Karim Ali Mohammed.

Ward No. 3. Mandvi—Chakla—Mr. Ali Abubakar Beg Mohammed.

Ward No. 4. Umerkhadi—Dongri—(1) Dr. G. R. A. Shaikh, (2) Mr. Ebrahim Jaffer Furniturewala and (3) Mr. Ghulam Husain Alibhai Single.

Ward No. 5. Khara Talao and Kumbharwada—(1) Mr. Haji Hassan Ahmed Basar, (2) Mr. Abdul Latif Curtay, and (3). Mr. Mohammed Umar Abdul Rasool.

Ward No 8. Khetwadi and Tardeo—(1) Mr. Haji Ali Mohammed Jalaluddin, J. P., and (2) Mr. Mirza Akhtar Husain, Advocate.

Ward No. 11. Mazagaon and Tarwadi—Mr. M. M. Killedar, M. L. A.

Ward No. 12. 1st Nagpada, 2nd Nagpada and Kamathipura—(1) Mr. Fateh Mohammed Haji Ramzan and (2) Mr. Mohammed Ali S. Maniar.

Ward No. 13. Byculla—(1) Mr. Mohammed Umar Rajjab and (2) Mr. Munshi Fateh Khan.

Ward No. 15. Sewri and Naigaum—Mr. Mohammed Umar Ebrahim Patel, Advocate.

Ward No. 17. Dadar and Mahim—Mr. Suleman Haji Miyan Ahmed Darwesh.

The Committee will consider any other application received from candidates who wish to stand on Muslim League ticket, writes the Secretary.

ALL-INDIA EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

Programme For Bombay Sessions

The annual session of the All-India Educational Conference will be held in Bombay between the 26th and the 31st instant.

After a lapse of a decade Bombay will once more be the venue of this conference. Its session will be held in the St. Xaviers College, the St. Xaviers High School and the Elphinstone High School.

The Conference will be presided over by Dewan Bahadur Sir T. Vijiaraghavacharya, retired member of the public service commission. The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Prime Minister and Minister of Education, Government of Bombay, will deliver the inaugural address at the opening session of the Conference on Dec. 27.

The programme of the Conference includes several sectional Conferences viz., University, Secondary, Primary, Childhood and Home, Physical, Examination, teachers training, vocational, adult, moral and religious and internationalism and peace. Each section will be presided over by its own chairman who is usually a distinguished educationist or publicman. Papers will be read and resolutions passed at each sectional meeting.

A noteworthy feature of this Conference is the All-India Educational public debate on Dec. 29, on the subject, "That higher education has as much claim on State support as primary education." The speakers are Prof. Correio Afonso, Prof. R. D. Choksi, M. C. Chagla Rev. Fr. Dhur, Prof. A. Menezes, Mrs. Wagle, Dhume and others.

NATIONAL CHARTER OF TEACHERS.

At the general session of the Conference resolutions bearing on education matters and problems pertaining to teachers will be passed. Among those will be proposals to establish a national charter of teachers to set up Central Boards of Education in every province and State to establish teachers council and teachers registers, to seek security of tenure and adequate and basic scales of pay for teachers, to make primary education compulsory and adult education more systematic.

EDUCATIONAL EXHIBITION.

The Conference will also sponsor an All-India Educational Exhibition. Many Educational Institutions and firms dealing in education goods are co-operating with the educational exhibition committee in the organisation of the All-India Educational Exhibition. The exhibition will be held and stalls set up in the St. Xavier's High School and the Elphinstone High School.

Anti-T. B. Fund, Bombay Totals Rs. 647,671

H. E. the Marchioness of Linlithgow's Appeal for the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund, Bombay, has realised the following amounts:—

RECEIVED BY THE JOINT HONORARY TREASURERS.

His Highness the Rt. Hon. the Aga Khan Rs. 15,000, The King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund, Rupee Fund Committee (2nd instalment making Rs. 78,-080-13-10 in all) Rs. 1,080-13-10, The Anglo-French Drug Co. (Estd.) Ltd. Rs. 500, Mr. B. H. Saklatvala Rs. 101, Mr. Fardunji P. Pavri Rs. 30, Dr. B. B. Yodh Rs. 25 and A Friend Rs. 10.

THROUGH LADIES' WORKING COMMITTEE.

Securities to the face value of Rs. 1,25,000 have been donated by a donor who wishes to remain anonymous, for the present. Rs. 1,25,000, The Principal, St. Xavier's College being the proceeds of a Bala function Rs. 1,623, "In celebation of my daughter Rutty's recovery from illness Rs. 1,000, Mrs. Gulestan R. Billimoria being the proceeds of an entertainment by the patients of the Bel-Air Sanatorium Rs. 198-5.

BY DISTRICTS.

Ahmednagar Rs. 312-0-3, Belgaum Rs. 335-9-6, Bijapur Rs. 327-6-5, Dharwar Rs. 4,808-6-6, Kanara Rs. 45-14, East Khandesh Rs. 27, West Khandesh Rs. 5, Kolaba Rs. 493-8, Poona Rs. 168, Satara Rs. 2,528-0-3, Surat Rs. 1,654-1 and Thana Rs. 534-8, Total Rs. 1,55,807-8-9, Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 4,91,863-8-8; Grand Total Rs. 6,47,671-1-5.

B. S. N. Co's PLEASURE CRUISES

PROGRAMME FOR X'MAS & NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS

Saturday	24-12-1938	* Round Dufferin	6-15 p.m.
Sunday	25-12-1938	** Round Elephanta	3-30 to 7-30 p.m.
,,	,,	* Round Dufferin	6-15 p.m.
Monday	26-12-1938	* Round Dufferin	,,
Saturday	31-12-1938	* Round Dufferin	,,
Sunday	1- 1-1939	** Round Elephanta	3-30 to 7-30 p.m.
,,	,,	* Round Dufferin	6-15 p.m.
Monday	2- 1-1939	* Round Dufferin	6-15 p.m.

Fare per person * 0-12-0 ** Rs. 1-8-0
CHILDREN AT HALF RATES.
MUSIC. Drinks & Light Refreshments at Tariff rates.
N.B.—All Cruises will leave from APOLLO BUNDER.
Tickets will be sold at the time of embarkation.

GALA OPENING TO-DAY AT
EXCELSIOR
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
Warner Bros. Present
ERROL FLYNN
BETTE DAVIS
in Fannie Hurst's Great Story
The Sisters
One of the Greatest Love Stories Ever Told!
with
ANITA LOUISE, DONALD CRISP, IAN HUNTER, BEULAH BONDI, JANE BRYAN, DICK FORAN, PAT. KNOWLES
A MOTION PICTURE TRIUMPH!
BOOK EARLY FREE LIST SUSPENDED

NEW EMPIRE DAILY 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
GRAND GALA OPENING
SNAP!
HAL ROACH presents
FREDRIC MARCH VIRGINIA BRUCE
IN
There Goes My Heart
with
Patsy KELLY • Alan MOWBRAY • Nancy CARROLL
RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

THEATRE
—:ALSO SHOWING:—
Walt Disney's Technicolor Cartoon: "LITTLE HIAWATIA" including an United Artists' release: "ETERNAL FIRE" showing the destruction of the Ancient Roman City, POMPEII, in Technicolour.
PLANS OPEN! BOOK EARLY!! 'Phone 20286
SPECIAL MORNING SHOWS for CHILDREN AT 10 A. M. ON 24TH, 25TH & 26TH DECEMBER.
WALT DISNEY'S BEST SELECTED COLOUR CARTOONS WILL BE SCREENED!
COME EARLY!

This Way For Loveliness!

There are so many patent preparations which promise women the beauty they all desire that we may be forgiven if we have become confused and are apt to overdo things by resorting to too many so-called "beauty aids" —and by using them too often. The safest principle is to bear in mind that the simplest and most natural treatments are always the best and if you achieve beauty by **natural** means it will outlast and outshine the "manufactured" variety every time. Here are three simple and effective ways to natural loveliness.

SECRET OF A LOVELY SKIN.—Every woman can enjoy her right to a lovely clear complexion once she understands how Nature needs assistance. Nature's intention was that the surface of your skin should be continually discarded so as to reveal the fresh, lovely skin which is always forming beneath. But she needs your help to remove the worn-out surface skin. You can do this best by applying a little Mercolized Wax each night. Mercolized Wax absorbs the "mask" which is hiding the new, lighter and lovelier skin which is your real complexion. Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

TO BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—The secret of beautiful hair as known to generations of lovely women is still unrivalled for giving the hair that rich, natural gleam which makes it a woman's crowning glory. The secret is a shampoo which you make yourself from ordinary Stallax granules. Simply dissolve a teaspoonful of Stallax in a cupful of warm water and apply to the scalp in the usual way. You will be amazed and delighted at the difference it makes.

TO REMOVE UNWANTED HAIR.—Here is a simple, safe and certain way of banishing ugly superfluous hair, leaving no trace of its presence. All you need is some pure powdered Pheminol. Mix this to a paste by adding cold water. Then apply the paste to the affected part and leave to dry for a few minutes. As the paste dries the ugly hair shrivels away leaving the skin clear and smooth and absolutely unharmed. Pheminol used in this way also discourages further growth of hair on the part treated.

NOTE:—All the above mentioned preparations can be obtained from any chemist, store or bazaar.

Fifth Day Of Bombay Christmas Meeting

Probables, Weights And Order Of Running For Saturday's Nine Events At Mahalaxmi

The following are the Acceptances for the Fifth Day of the Bombay Christmas Meeting, to be run at Mahaluxmi, to-morrow:—

First Race: 1-45 p.m.

THE MAHIM PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs 1,000; third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Indian Horses Starred in Classes III and IV.

Advance 9-7, Rose Marie 9-7, Rising Sun 9-5, Pride of India 9-7, and Bhutnath 8-0.

★ ★

Second Race: 2-15 p.m.

THE DECEMBER HANDICAP. Div. II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys.

Apprentice Jockeys to carry 5 lbs. Extra.

Struggs Hill 9-0, Heatwave 9-0, Braces 8-7, Carrana 8-5, Grecian Orb 8-5, Conquering 8-3, Red Minx 8-0, Dancing Shoes 7-12, Rathita 7-12, Baby Boy 7-11, Reliable 7-9 and Falkland 7-5.

★ ★

Third Race: 2-45 p.m.

THE PUNJAB PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs 700; third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class "A."

Cherie 9-4, Jayant 9-4, Blue Tinsel 8-6, Zenith 8-4, Redouble 8-2, Behzad 8-2, Vallena 8-0, King's Wine 8-0, Lovedale 7-11, Rose Apple 7-11, Eager Tit 7-11, Mahboob's Choice 7-9, Hot Whisper 7-9, Wunderbar 7-9 and Link Boy 7-7.

★ ★

Fourth Race: 3-15 p.m.

THE DECEMBER HANDICAP. Div. I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Pursuivant 9-0, Anita 8-11, Satyr 8-11, Southern Cross 8-9, Princess Coral 8-9, Birthday Gift 8-9, Dark Wings 8-7, Faughan Hill 8-4, Ratepayer 8-2, Fun of the Fayre 8-2, Optimist 7-9, Gorgus 7-9, School Quad 7-7, and Talkless 7-7.

★ ★

Fifth Race: 3-45 p.m.

THE QUEENSLAND PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 900; third Rs. 450.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Himat 9-0, Wheastheaf 8-10, Mythical Monk 8-10, Manifold 8-3, Quidnunc 8-1, Remarque 8-1, Gangasagar II 8-0, Horoscope 8-0, Grenadier 8-0, Jocund 7-11, Apple Jelly 7-11 and Vauntry 7-7.

★ ★

Sixth Race: 4-15 p.m.

THE KEMPTON PARK PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 1,350; third Rs. 900.

A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Ticanto 9-5, Goolash 9-0, Cash Book 8-7, Cash 8-3, Budapest 8-7, Diagonal 8-3, Love Call 8-1, Cabalist 7-12 and Bekorah 7-5.

★ ★

Seventh Race: 4-45 p.m.

THE QUEENSLAND PLATE.—Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 900; third Rs. 450.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Rosewood 9-0, Meddlesome 8-11, Bastion 8-9, Etessam 8-9, Rose Marie 8-6, Harem 8-5, Kingsbury 8-5, Golden Link 8-3, Greek Artist 8-3, and What's What 8-1.

★ ★

Eighth Race: 5-15 p.m.

THE AGA SHAMSHUDDIN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 15,000; second Rs. 3,500; third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Gipsy Jack 9-0, House of Lords 8-3, Zuyder Zee 8-9, Titanium 8-6, Teller 7-12, Bachelor's Bard 8-4, Glanely 8-2 and Karaway 8-0.

★ ★

Ninth Race: 5-45 p.m.

THE SION PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,200; third Rs. 600.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Firpo 9-2, Prince Hilal 9-0, Karam Allah 8-10, Al Muqbil 8-8, Laftat Allah 8-0, Nassirwan 8-8, Legion 8-8, Al Hamil 8-6, Jahan Ara 8-3, Buknar 8-2, Taj al Nusser 8-2, Fata Kashaf 8-0, Tohalla 8-0, Sadran Manfi 7-9, Nur Jehan 7-9, Al Hazar 7-7 and Four Aces 7-7.

Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

Rosewood, Blue Tinsel And Love Call Shape Well On The Track

(From Our Track Correspondent)

The following gallops were noted through the week. Several horses have come on considerably in the past month:—

GIPSY JACK (Burn) had HOUSE OF LORDS (Bell) for company in an easy six furlongs gallop. They are fit and well.

MONTESANO (Selby) beat APPLE JELLY (Orme) in a dash over the six furlongs. Horses to note. Former should soon be winning a race.

CABALIST (Bell) went well in the Company of GAY TALKIE (Rook) for a mile. Former is training on.

TICANTO (Orme), MEDDLESOME (Selby) and BASTION (Bullock) were sent seven furlongs on the race track when the former shaped best. High up in the weight scale at the moment he should be rendering a good account of himself before long.

LOVE CALL (Brace) was at a slight advantage from JINKEE ROAD (R. Boy) at the end of a brisk mile run. Former can win when wanted.

JOVIAL PRINCE (Alford) and DANCING COMET (Brace) went well in a smart six furlongs there being little to choose between them at the end. Fit horses.

TAQDIR (Whiteside) was superior to a stable companion in dash over five furlongs. One to follow.

HIMAT (Bullock) and HAMBURGER (Orme) gave satisfaction when put over six furlongs.

QUIDNUNC (Evans) and RATEPAYER (Burn) went six furlongs. Former was well in hand and is obviously a good type.

ROSEWOOD (Brace) gave a capital display when beating MANIFOLD (R. Boy) in a seven furlongs gallop. Former has made notable improvement.

MUSCADET (Meekings) moved smartly over the seven furlongs. He is improving.

DANCING SHOES (Evans) and SCHOOL QUAD (O'Neale) were well together at the end of a sharply run six furlongs.

FAUGHAN HILL (R. Boy) showed good speed for six furlongs. Back this one again.

BIRTHDAY GIFT (Brace) beat Braces (Harding) over six furlongs.

ADVANCE (Burn) accounted for a stable companion in a six furlongs dash. He is very well just now.

BLUE TINSEL (Selby) had ZENITH (Orme) well beaten over six furlongs. He must be winning a race soon.

LAFTAT ALLAH (Burn) shaped better than AL MUQBIL (Maxwell) in a rousing mile and a quarter spin. Former is worth following.

LEGION (Whiteside), FIERY FACE (Rook) and AL HAMIL (K. Hassan) were sent together over ten furlongs when the first named shaped best.

SADRAN MANFI (R. Boy) strode out freely over the nine furlongs.

FIRJA (Burn) covered nine furlongs at a nice pace. She is an improving sort.

Note:—KINGSBURY, OPTIMIST, TAJ AL NUSSER, CASH BOOK.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

V U B 244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

12-0 noon Compositions of Dagh.

12-15 Desi todi on the Sarangi, A I R accompanist. 12-20 Settting to music. 12-25 Instrumens and their inventors, 1 Sitar. 12-30 For women. 12-35 At your service. 12-40 Do you dress well? A talk 12-45 Bindrabani and Bilawal. 12-55 Market rates, and announcements. 1-5 Lunch hour music. 3-30 String music. 4-0 Light selection. 6-0 Touches of tradition. 6-10 Barwa on Sarod. 6-15 K. Nagesh Rao. 6-30 For Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Light selections. 8-0 Modern Gujarati poetry, by L. R. Vyas. 8-15 Gifted trio. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Instrumental music. 9-30 News 9-50 Future of money and gold, talk by H. V. Hodson. 10-5 George Lester: Violoncello Solo. 10-20 Interlude conducted by Sir Landon Ronald. 10-30 Diamond Newby: Soprano. Qawwali 10-40 Mauro Alphonso: Violin Solo 10-50 Charles Manzi: Guitar Solo 11-0 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

A.M. 8-0 to 9-0 and 12-0 NOON to 2-0 P.M. and 3-30 P.M. to 4-30 Programme as in Bombay I.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

P.M. 6-0 to 6-30 As in Bombay I 6-30 K. Nagesh Rao 6-50 Jaltarang Solo 6-55 Kumar Gandharv 7-5 Kaunsi on Bansi 7-8 Shamala Mazgaonker 7-30 to 10-5 As in Bombay I 10-5 Shamala Mazgaonker 11-0 Epilogue.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

A.M. 8-0 Recitation from Quran 8-15 Naat-i-Rusul 8-20 Mumtaz Qawwal and Party 8-40 Radhabai 9-10 Classical Music: Master Nawal of Jhalawar 9-25 Majidanbai 9-40 Radhabai 9-50 Mumtaz Qawwal and Party.

NOON 12-0 A Variety.

P.M. 1-0 Music 6-10 Master Nawal 6-35 Surbahar Recital by Malang Khan 6-40 Radhabai 7-0 For Villagers Only 8-0 Gunah: Sin Its conception in Urdu poetry talk by Agha Mohammad Ashraf 8-15 Qawwali.

8-35 Majidanbai. 9-0 Master Nawal. 9-50 H. H. Chugtai and his orchestra: Adana. 10-0 Mystry numbers, by Rao Bahadur M. Vaidyanathan. 10-15 Light music

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. to 10-0 and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.

60.48 metres (4560 kc/s)

6-0 to 6-10 As in Delhi I. 6-10 Delhi Radio orchestra: Hamir kalyan. 6-20 Radhabai. 6-35 Majidanbai. 7-0 Mumtaz and party. 7-25 Instrumental Trio: Bhopali. 7-35 Master Nawal. 8-0 to 9-0 As in Delhi I. 9-0 Radhabai. 9-15 to 9-45 As in Delhi I. 9-50 Halle orchestra. 10-0 to 10-15 As in Delhi I. 10-15 Lina Chappell. 10-45 Chicago Symphony orchestra.

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres (15,160 kc/s)

8-0 to 10-0 a.m. and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi I.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 7-0 As in Delhi I. 7-0 to 8-0 As in Delhi II. 8-0 to 11-0 As in Delhi I

SUGAR SYNDICATE'S REPORTED MOVE CRITICISED

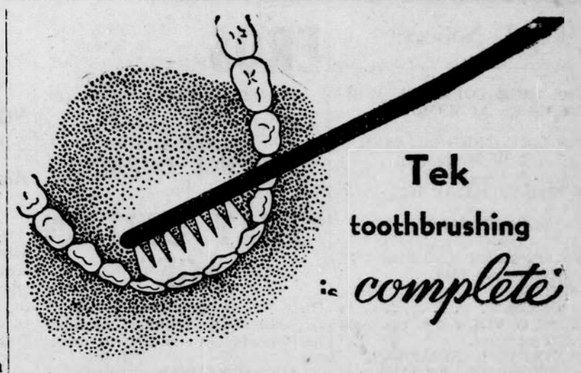
Distribution Of Sugar Must Be In Hands Of Indians

At an extraordinary meeting of the Bombay Sugar Merchants Association, the following resolutions were passed:—

This meeting of the Sugar Merchants' Association of Bombay strongly protests at the practice of granting their selling agencies adopted by some sugar millowners to European firms and also views with alarm the reported move of the Indian Sugar Syndicate, whereby the distribution of sugar under their control will be entrusted to foreign hands.

This meeting strongly feels that the distribution of a commodity like sugar which is manufactured in this country and which enjoys the greatest protection of the Government at the expense of the consumer should necessarily be vested purely in Indian hands and is of the opinion that the short-sighted policy adopted by our manufacturers will be greatly detrimental to the interests of the business community of this country.

Under the circumstances this meeting of the Sugar Merchants Association of Bombay requests the solicitude of all the Provincial Governments, especially of the United Provinces and Behar, of the Congress President, of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Chairman of the National Planning Committee and of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee and hopes that the interests and rights of the Indian mercantile community will be duly safeguarded and respected.



Tek toothbrushing is complete

Dentists know the value of Tek—they warn you against imitations.

You'll feel your mouth cleaner, breath sweeter, once you start Tek toothbrushing.

Your teeth are not completely clean until every nook and cranny has been explored by strong bristles that sweep out food particles. Tek is the best toothbrush in the world for this job. Its patented short head fits everywhere, its tough bristles enter all crevices. No need for that prolonged brushing which wears the enamel. Tek gets to the danger spots immediately, and it's twice as thorough.

Tek

(or TEK JUNIOR FOR CHILDREN)
Sterilized in sealed container — 6 colours

Also:— Johnson's Baby Powder, Baby Soap and Baby Cream. Johnson's Prickly Heat Soap and Powder, Zo Adhesive Plaster, Band-Aid, Modess Sanitary Towels and Johnson's Belladonna Plasters.

Guaranteed Products of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough

PERFECTION
in every single detail

Every aspect of cycling has been studied — every detail of construction designed to ensure the utmost efficiency of the Beeston-Humber cycle. From the exclusive Duplex front fork to the chromium-plated spokes every detail is perfect — and guaranteed for ever!

BY APPOINTMENT TO THE LATE KING GEORGE V.

BEESTON HUMBER

Agents: V B KUSUMGAR & Co., Ltd. Kalbadevi Road Bombay

GUARANTEED FOR EVER

Just a few minutes rubbing with LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

Gentle massaging of tired limbs and painful muscles with this balm brings immediate relief.

Before retiring for the night, just a few minutes rubbing with Little's Oriental Balm and you will wake up in the morning feeling physical fit. Try it once and you will be surprised at the beneficial results of this famous remedy.

Mr. T. N. Pappu Naidu, Sattur Taluq, Ramnad District, wrote:—"I shall be glad if you will send me two bottles of Little's Oriental Balm which is very highly valued by my family."

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

Relieves Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Headache, Earache, Toothache, and all Muscular pains.

Nature's Cure

Experience is proving the hopelessness of trying to substitute synthetic productions for Cod Liver Oil.

Dr. De Jongh in his world renowned treatise on Cod Liver Oil stated his conviction that it was not one but *all the constituents* which contributed to its value in the treatment of many diseases.

DR. DE JONGH'S
LIGHT BROWN
COD LIVER OIL

is a preparation which can be relied upon to give the most uniform and satisfactory results. Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is prepared from the finest NORWEGIAN OILS in such a manner that VITAMINS A AND D, together *with all the other valuable constituents* are retained to the fullest extent. Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil has, for upwards of 90 years, been highly recommended by the leading Medical Authorities in the treatment of

CONSUMPTION ● BRONCHITIS ● ASTHMA ● CHRONIC COUGHS AND COLDS ● DISEASES OF THROAT & CHEST ● INFANTILE AND ALL WASTING DISEASES

Beware of attempts to substitute fraudulent imitations

Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is sold only in Imperial Half-Pint Bottles bearing Dr. De Jongh's signature.

Proprietors: ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., LTD., 182 Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.1

Why DO DOCTORS IN EVERY PART OF THE WORLD PRESCRIBE DR. DEBAT'S INOTON OINTMENT. POWDER. SOAP

Because IT CURES All SKIN DISEASES

WHERE ALL REMEDIES HAVE FAILED

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL CHEMISTS

Or UNITED FRENCH LABORATORIES,

BOMBAY, P.O.B. 777. CALCUTTA, P.O.B. 2267. MADRAS, P.O.B. 88.

LAST DAY

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART

ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF STUDENTS WORK

PAINTING, SCULPTURE, ARCHITECTURE, COMMERCIAL ART, & CRAFTWORK.

Open to the Public from:
FRIDAY, the 16th of DECEMBER to FRIDAY, the 23rd of DECR. 1938, inclusive,

Between the Hours of 10-30 A. M. to 7 P.M.

except on the 23rd of December, when the Exhibition will be Open from 12 noon to 7 P.M.

Students of Schools and Colleges are specially invited.
ADMISSION FREE.

The PRESIDENT

of the 'CINE-GOERS' ASSOCIATION of INDIA'—

Shet LAXMIDAS R. TAIRSEE

Says:
". . . Zamana Has entered the field.
..
Let the Mother-in-Law Beware. . . . ."
Why?

SEE TO-DAY THE
EPOCH-MAKER
Social Screen-Classic
'Zamana'
The "TIMES"
'ROYAL' JEWEL NO. 6
'Krishin' Social Epic
SECOND 2 WEEK
Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30 p. m.
IMPERIAL

REGAL
—NOW REDECORATED—
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Together Again
FRED ASTAIRE
GINGER ROGERS
CAREFREE
MUSIC AND LYRICS BY
IRVING BERLIN
with
RALPH BELLAMY, Luella Gear, Jack Carson, Clarence Kolb, Franklin Pangborn
RKO RADIO PICTURE

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
Sweethearts of "Test Pilot" in their most exciting thrill-romance!
Clark GABLE
MYRNA LOY
TOO HOT TO HANDLE
WALTER PIDGEON
WALTER CONNOLLY
LEO CARRILLO
Directed by JACK CONWAY
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 2, 1995
Muslim: Shaval 30, 1357
Parsi: Tir 19, 1308
Hightide: 1.05; 12.50
Lowtide 7.16; 18-45
Sunrise: 7h. 8m.
Sunset: 6h. 8m.
Meeting of Textile Wages Enquiry Committee 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. Town Hall.

H. H. MEHTAR OF CHITRAL

H. H. Mehtar of Chitral of the Frontier Province is arriving on the 26th instant at Bombay Central by the Frontier Mail.

HANDICRAFT EXHIBITION

The fifth Handicraft Exhibition and prize distribution of the primary handicraft classes of the Bombay Handwork Education Society comes off to-day (Friday), at Girgaon Municipal Marathi Boys' School at 5-30 p.m. Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy, Mayor of Bombay will preside.

RAJPIPLA STATE PEOPLES' CONFERENCE

The Rajpipla State Loksabha, which was to meet at Rajpipla on the 25th and 26th inst. will now meet at Rajpipla on the 29th and 30th inst. (i.e. four days later), as the former dates are inconvenient to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the President-elect of the conference.

KHOJA SHIA ISHNA-ASHRI CHILDREN HOLIDAY CAMP

It has been decided to take 70 children to a Holiday Camp at Versowa (Dr. Bacha's Bungalow, opposite Khoja Sanatorium) free of charge. Those who have been selected should meet at Palagali Masjid at 7 a.m. (S.T.) tomorrow (Saturday). The Camp Fire will take place on Sunday, 25th instant at 8-30 p.m.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM

The last lecture of the Session of the American College of Journalism will be delivered under its auspices at 6 p.m. on Friday, 23rd December, at Bahai Hall, Bori Bunder by Mrs. Martha L. Root who shortly proceeds to Australia. The subject will be "Power of the Press and world Peace."

The American College of Journalism will remain closed for X'mas and will reopen on 9th January, 1939.

"F" WARD CONGRESS

The electoral roll prepared by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for delegates' election for the ensuing Indian National Congress is open for inspection in the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee's office for the voters from 'F' Ward to verify their names and if there are any mistakes to inform the same to the secretaries of the Ward Committee before the 26th inst. for being communicated to the B.P.C.C. for correction.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS.

H H. The Nawab of Palanpur, the Rt: Revd: The Bishop of Bombay, the Hon: Sir Suleman Cassam Mitha, Sir Ghulam Hussein and Lady Hidayatallah, Sir Hormusji and Lady Mody, Nawabzada Iqbalmahomed Khan of Palanpur, Miss Acland and Major A. C. Snow lunched at Government House on Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended the marriage of Miss Amena Hatim Tyabji to Mr. Azeem Husain Badruddin Tyabji on Thursday.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Michael Strogoff". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"My Son". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Terror" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Sisters" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"60 Glorious Years" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Zamana" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Royal Commander". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"The Street Singer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
METRO—"Too Hot To Handle" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Jack of all Trades". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Tundra". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Carefree". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bhabi". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Camille" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Prof. Waman M.Sc." Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed unregistered correspondence for United States of America per s.s. "Pres: Monroe" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Friday the 23rd instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O.S.K. Steamer "Eihuku Maru" left Miike on December 17 and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 7 via usual ports.

The O.S.K. Steamer "Jedmoor" left Colombo on December 18, and is due to arrive in Bombay on December 21

DNYAN-PRASARAK MANDALI

A public lecture in Gujarati will be delivered under the auspices of the above Society to-day (Friday), at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.), at Sir Cawasji Jehangir Public Hall by Shams-ul-Ulma Dastur Dr. M. N. Dhala, M.A., Ph. D., on "Our Heritage of Indo-Iranian Languages." All are cordially invited.

Sir J. C. Coyajee will preside.

IN AID OF BENGAL FLOOD RELIEF

There will be a performance to-day (Friday), at 9 p.m. at the Damoder Thackersey Hall, Parel Tram Terminus, in aid of the Bengal Flood Relief Fund. The organisers will present on that occasion Messrs. Gopal Krishna, Sukhendu Bikash, Kumari Bibha Basu and Kumari Shiva Rani Shosh the well-known Radio artiste and others. The Orchestra will be conducted by the Film and Musical Director, Mr. A. C. Biswas.

BOMBAY SUGAR MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

An annual general meeting of the Sugar Merchants' Association was held on Saturday last in the Association's Hall, at Khand Bazar, Sheth Jagjiwan Ujamshi Mulji being in the Chair.

An annual report for S. Y. 1994 and the audited balance sheet and a statement of expenditure and income were adopted unanimously.

After thanking the retiring office-bearers, the following were elected office-bearers for S. Y. 1995.

President:—Sheth Jagjiwan Ujamshi Mulji; Vice-President:—Sheth Sankalchand G. Shah; Hon. Secretary:—Sheth Indraji T. Parekh.

After thanks to the chair, the meeting terminated.

BOMBAY 'VARSITY SPORTS

Lissemburgh Becomes Champion

The annual athletic sports of the Bombay University were held at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday afternoon. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University presided. The following are the results of the various events of the day:—

200 METRES RUN FINAL RESULTS.

S. Lissemburgh (1), C. Rozario (2), R. G. Salvi (3) and R. A. O'Connor (4).

Time 23-1|5secs

100 METRES RUN RESULTS

S. Lissemburgh (1), C. Rozario (2), J. D. D'Lima (3) and R. A. O'Connor (4).

Time 11-1|2secs.

HOP STEP AND JUMP-FINAL

S. Lissemburgh (1), C. Rozario (2), Haruray (3), John (4).

Height 43ft.

RUNNING HIGH JUMP FINAL

S. Oliviera (1), V. Lobo (2), Prabhavalkar (3), Gupte (4).

Height 5ft. 6 inches.

400 METRES RUN

C. Rozario (1), D. H. Kapadia (2), J. D. D'Lima (3), Kulkarni (4).

Time 54secs.

PUTTING THE SHOT 16LB. FINAL

(28) I. Jeddy (1), (3) Fernandes (2), (9) Masani (3), (70) Lakappa (4).

Distance 31ft. 11-3|4 inches.

1600 METRES RELAY

Bombay (1), Poona (2), Karnatak (3).

Time 3min. 52-1|2secs.

WRESTLING:

1. Gujerat 8 points
2. Poona 6 points
3. Karnatak 4 points
4. Sind 3 points.

SWIMMING

1. Bombay 14 points
2. Karnatak 6 points.

TENNIS

1. Karnatak 16 points
2. Bombay 12 points
3. Sind 6 points
4. Poona 6 points.

ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIP

1. Bombay 81 points
2. Poona 22 points
3. Karnatak 15 points
4. Gujerat and Sind 9 points.

GRAND CHAMPIONSHIP.

1. Bombay 107 points
2. Karnatak 41 points.
3. Poona 34 points.
4. Sind 18 points.
5. Gujerat 17 points.

S. Lissemburgh from the St. Xavier's College, representing Bombay was the outstanding athlete on the field. Several 'Varsity records were broken and two Bombay records were established, namely the 1500 metres by D. Siqueira who retained the excellent timing of 4min. 25secs. In the Hop, Step and Jump, S. Lissemurgh cleared 43ft. thus beating the Bombay record of 42ft. 1|2in.

Kher And Morarji For Gujarat

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister accompanied by the Hon. Mr. M. R. Desai, Revenue Minister, will tour in Gujarat from January 11 to 18. They will be in Panch Mahals on January 11 and 12; in Kaira January 13 to 14; in Broach January 15 to 16 and in Surat January 17 to 18, returning to Bombay on January 19.

CHALLENGE TO HARBANS SINGH

Wrestling At Marine Drive

The following bouts have been arranged at the All-India Professional Wrestling Association's Stadium at Marine Drive, for to-morrow (Saturday), at 6 p.m.:—

Harbans Singh (Champion of India) v. Aziz Pahelwan (Punjab) who beat Tiger Daula.

Santa Singh (India) v. Tony Lomaro (Champion of Italy).

Bakhshi Singh (India) v. Michael Gill (Yorkshire Champion).

Scott (of Bombay) v. Ojagar Singh (Middleweight Champion of India).

Aziz Pahelwan has a brilliant record in the Punjab. He beat Tiger Daula, Haider, Natha, Jamala and has come to fight Harbans Singh. Aziz is over 6 feet high and is astoundingly in good form.

"INDIAN SIAMESE TWINS"

"Have-A-Heart" Fete And Exhibition

Twins born with a fleshy joint between one another are generally known by the name "The Siamese Twins", after the first known case born in Siam.

The Mysore Twins, Hilton Sisters and Phillipine Brothers are all well-known to the world. Now the citizens of Bombay have a rare chance of seeing these Mysore United Twins at the Have-A-Heart Fete on the Reclamation Ground at Church Gate.

"Ganga Bai and Goma Bai" The Mysore United Twins are pleasing in appearance, an interesting study in psychology, anotomy and physiology and a living wonder even to Doctors and laymen alike. Visitors to the show have also the rare opportunity of seeing the X Ray photographs of "The United Twins" taken at enormous cost during their visit to Paris for the International Exposition last year when they participated in it.

The Twins claim always to be a single person having succeeded in travelling far and wide with one British passport and always with one ticket, perhaps the only case where "Ticket for a head" rule has been violated. When the marriage question comes in "She" Ganga Bai—Goma Bai, says "Three amidst a couple, its trouble. We love each other much than a new comer."

A medical man once prescribed caffaspirine for Ganga Bai for Goma Bai's head ache and she was alright in no time.

She is 28 years old, born of humble parents in Mysore State, 40 miles from Bangalore.

She is modest with a highly charitable and sympathetic nature and a great helper to her friends.

Bombay Disturbances Enquiry

The sittings of the Bombay Disturbances Enquiry Committee will commence at the Council Hall, Bombay, on Tuesday, the 3rd January 1939, at 11 a.m.

The proceedings will be open to the public and Press.

City Engineer Entertained

Some of the architects and engineers of Bombay entertained Mr. N. V. Modak, City Engineer, Bombay Municipality, to a dinner at Cricket Club of India, on Thursday.

Mr. Modak related his experiences of his recent tour in Europe and America with special reference to engineering problems of the city.

CANDIDATES' AGENTS IN CIVIC ELECTIONS

Corporation Decision On Govt.'s Proposals

The anxiety of the City Fathers to have as many agents as possible in the polling booths at the ensuing Municipal Elections was voiced at Thursday's meeting of the Municipal Corporation, when the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee on the election draft rules to the amendments of the Government came up for discussion.

Several members were of the opinion that the existing number of six agents to one candidate should be retained and that the candidates would be seriously handicapped if the number of agents were curtailed to two, as suggested by the Government.

Mr. S. K. Patil's remark that the polling agents were terrible "corrupting forces" provoked stormy discussion and some of the speakers characterised the remark as "uncalled for and ignorant."

Among other things, the Government had suggested that there should be only two polling agents and that a deposit of Rs. 20 was necessary for each challenge in the votes. The Corporation, referred the Government circular to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee. The latter, in its report suggested that the rules should be so framed that instead of six as at present, there should be four polling agents for each candidate. The Committee was also opposed to the Government suggestion for a demand of Rs. 20 for each challenge.

Mr. N. M. Talpade, moving the adoption of the report said that it was not possible to accept in toto the amendment proposed by the Government regarding the number of agents, because candidates would find it difficult to work in the polling booths with less than four agents and two relieving ones. The suggestion of the Government for a demand of Rs. 20 for each challenge was he said not desirable as it would preclude candidates from challenging bogus voters. Such a demand, was likely to put a premium on impersonation. Sir J. B. Boman-Behram moved an amendment to the report asking for six instead of four agents.

"CORRUPTING FORCES"

Mr. S. K. Patil, opposing the amendment characterised the rolling agents as corrupting forces.

Dr. S. P. Mehta could not help wondering at the ignorance of Mr. Patil. The Congress, he said might not require agents, but those who did not belong to any party badly needed the services of agents.

As for the charge of corruption he was of the opinion that it existed outside the polling booths and not inside.

CHALLENGE TO PATIL.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin, threw out a challenge to Mr. Patil to prove that any agent had been corrupt. The Congress voters, came to the booth with preparation and premeditation but the other candidates wanted agents for the guidance of voters.

Sir J. B. Boman-Behram's amendment was passed.

Electric Horns Ban

W.I.A.A. DEPUTATION TO WAIT ON HOME MINISTER

At a special meeting of the Managing Committee of the Western India Automobile Association has decided to send a deputation of the two Vice-Presidents, Mr. Morarji, Mr. MacRae and the Secretary to wait on the Home Minister in connection with the proposed ban on Electric horns in Bombay.

Students' Tea Party To 'Varsity Sportsmen

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation and Bombay Students' Brotherhood, all the competitors and the professors, who participated the annual University Sports, will be entertained at a tea party to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. at Cape Shreela, Apollo Street.

SHRADHANAND ANNIVERSARY DAY

To-day (Friday), at 6 p.m. a public meeting will be held on Chowpaty sea face to celebrate late Swami Shradhanand anniversary under the auspices of the Bombay Arya Samaj when Bhai Parmanandji M.L.A., Dr. Savarkar and Pt. Vijayshanker will deliver speeches on the life and mission of Swamiji and the present situation of Hindus in Nizam States.

SHRADHANAND DAY

Under the auspices of the Parel Hindu-Sabha a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday), at 9 p.m. in the compound of Shree Shiwaji Vyayam Mandir, Jerbai Wadia Road, Bhoiwada, Parel, Mr. R. M. Athawale will deliver a lecture on the works of Shree Swami Shradhanand.

The Session of All-India Aryan Congress will be held on 25th 26th and 27th instant, at Aryanagar, Sholapur.

Sahajanada For Bombay

Swami Sahajananda, President of the All India Kisan Sabha is arriving in Bombay on the 25th instant. The Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress and the Independent Labour Party are therefore arranging a grand reception to Swamiji.

Swamiji is arriving in Bombay from Gujarat on Sunday by the Frontier Mail, and the workers will receive him at the Dadar Station.

In the evening at 5-30 p.m. a mass meeting of workers will be held in the Kamgar Maidan at Parel at which Swamiji will be given a public reception.

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'THE TERROR'
Eerie Mystery! Chilling Drama!

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THE THRILLS OF NANOOK
A PICTURE YOU DEFINITELY MUST SEE!
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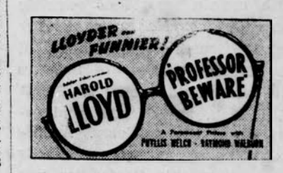

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(THE 'BACHELOR')
HUNS' PICTURE in MARATHI
Director-Hero: VINAYAK:
Leading Lady: MEENAKSHEE
NON-STOP 16th WEEK
of the Picture that has been DELIGHT for MILLIONS!
DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
"ZENANA" SHOW of the "BRAMHACHARI" TO-DAY.
at Bombay, Poona, Belgaum, Kolhapur, Gwalior, Nasik, Dhulia, Surat, Akola, Ahmedabad, Amraoti.
MAJESTIC
TO-MORROW MATINEE 2-15 P.M.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The first meeting of the new Board of the Bandra Municipality was held at the Bandra Municipal Hall to-day. All 40 Councillors were present.

The Congress party, with a strength of 16, along with Messrs. Ghulam Hussain and V. H. Mehta (Independents) suffered a defeat on the amendment of Mr. S. S. Naik, about the election of the chairman of the meeting, which was thrown out by four votes; and Dr. P. A. Dias was elected chairman.

PRESIDENT'S ELECTION.

Prof. Almeida proposed that the period of tenure of the offices of the president and vice-President should be for one year and that Dr. Dias be elected President for the ensuing year.

Mr. S. S. Naik by an amendment proposed Mr. J. K. Mehta of the Congress party for the presidentship.

Several speakers spoke in support of the two candidates.

Dr. Dias was elected by 22 voting against the amendment and 18 for it. Mr. J. K. Mehta immediately congratulated Dr. Dias on his election, while explaining the objective of the Congress Party in the Municipality, which was service of the masses.

Prof. Almeida proposed Rao Bahadur Pradhan for vice-Presidentship.

Mr. S. S. Naik by an amendment proposed Mr. A. Almeida, but the amendment was defeated.

OTHER COMMITTEES.

The following were elected chairmen of the following Committees:—

SCHOOLS: Mr. John Metto.
PHYSICAL CULTURE: Mr. B. T. Shastri.
DISPENSARY: Dr. L. Roderique.
TOWN PLANNING: Prof. Almeida.
LEGAL: Mr. D. P. Shastri.
STAFF: Mr. P. D. Miranda.
TAXES AND ARREARS: Mr. R. S. Bulsara.
SET-BACK: Mr. Concuicao.
RULES AND BY-LAWS: Mr. Mohsin.
TOURNAMENTS: Dr. P. A. Dias

It will be recalled some time in October last a supplementary demand was made by Hon. Mr. Nurie, the Minister for Public Works, in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, when it was proposed to spend about a lakh of rupees on the Ghod Bunder Road, but though a month has now passed, nothing is heard about the scheme.

"What is best for Bronchitis, Colds and Coughs of the Elderly?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

Those who have the care of the aged and feeble can confidently rely on Angier's Emulsion to afford adequate protection against all weakening effects. Angier's is both healing and strengthening. Because it is very palatable, and restores tone to the organs of digestion, without entailing any extra work upon the system, it can be assimilated even by the very delicate who will, in consequence, derive the utmost benefits from its soothing, building and invigorating properties.

Angier's is unequalled for bronchitis, and for coughs and chronic catarrhal affections generally, whether of lungs, stomach, or intestines. It improves appetite and nutrition, and, what is of great importance, promotes normal and regular action of the bowels.

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Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1938

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Important problems of scientific research in India were considered at two conferences during the last few days; one, dealing with science, in general, being held at Madras this week and the other, concerning medical research only, held at Delhi last week. It may also be said that the National Planning Committee, which concluded its session in this city on Wednesday, has much to do with certain aspects of scientific research. The Madras conference was the fourth annual session of the Indian Academy of Sciences and was presided over by Sir C V. Raman, the founder and organiser of the Academy. A special point of interest—not wholly personal—of this Conference was that its opening day coincided with the fiftieth birthday of Sir C. V. Raman and was appropriately celebrated with many tributes to his contributions to scientific research. Mrs. Naidu, who sent a message to the conference, justly observed that his genius had brought great lustre to India. The Madras Premier, who was the Chairman of the Reception Committee, aptly described the President as a direct decendent of the ancient line of Rishis in India because of his spirit of dedication to his chosen domain of knowledge. We share the Premier's hope and confidence that the Academy, which under the guidance of such an eminent scientist, has already obtained world-wide recognition in the four years of its existence, will have a glorious future before and will shed more lustre on India.

Needs Of The Poor

Mr. Rajagopalachari did well to assure the conference that the Congress and Congress Governments were not at all opposed to scientific research nor would they blame science itself for its present day abuse by some of its misguided devotees. He only wished that research in India should as far as possible be given a turn that would subserve the peculiar interests of the country. He also hoped that Indian scientists would not, in their search for vast mechanical power, let the vast human power of the crores of Indians run waste. Sir C. V. Raman, too, while he felt that it was difficult to divide scientific research into water-tight compartments, agreed that as far as possible science ought specially to devote itself to those things which really matter to the poor people in the villages. Certain limitations on scientific research in this country are necessary not only because of its peculiar needs but also because of the extremely limited funds available for any research. Science has grown tremendously during recent years and research in various departments has become frightfully costly. Moreover, the long neglected masses, who need some elementary education in the interests of the country as well as their own, have first claims on the funds available for education. However, as well-directed scientific research is also for the benefit of the country as a whole and as certain branches of it are essential for the physical welfare and industrial progress of the people every possible effort must be made to finance it by the State and the public alike.

Medical Research

One of the most essential branches of research in this country is medical research and the Delhi conference held last week was solely concerned with it. Owing to the country's appalling poverty and ignorance and consequent malnutrition and insanitation tropical epidemics are still annually claiming a frightful toll of human life. It is true that medical research by itself cannot wholly solve the problem. But research can show appreciable results both in the prevention and cure of a number of diseases, as it has done in many parts of the world. Unfortunately, medical research was long neglected by the Government of India and was taken up seriously only in 1911 when the Indian Research Fund Association was established. The Association has since shown promising results, particularly in the treatment of kala azar, malaria, plague and cholera. But, unfortunately, the Government of India, who mainly financed it, reduced their annual grant in 1931-32 from Rs. 7,50,000 to Rs. 1,50,000. And since then the Association is living mostly on its reserves, which have consequently dwindled from Rs. 52 lakhs in 1931-32 to Rs. 36 lakhs in 1937-38. At this rate the reserve fund may be completely wiped out in a decade. The whole question, therefore, of financing medical research should be seriously considered by the Government of India and all the Provincial Governments working in concert, and its steady continuance should not be made to depend on precarious endowments by private philanthropists. If it is properly organised and directed, expenditure on it cannot fail to be amply rewarded.

An American Poser

While Mr. Anthony Eden justifiably deprecates and denies the suggestion that he ever went to the United States of America or lectured there in any official capacity, the general inference is inevitable that his American holiday combined business with pleasure, of which your European statesman, who plays golf, is such a typical example. Nor could he be imagined as carrying on advance publicity for the Chamberlain show despite his public school training and tradition. But the probability, indeed certainty, remains of the direct connection between his trans-Atlantic cruise and the definitely perceptible trend towards closer Anglo-American co-operation (to employ a cautious and non-committal term) of which the trade agreement and the American statesmen's recent pronouncements are an unmistakable expression. The Lima Conference, too, comes into this picture. Mr. Eden actually confirms this in his Press interview. The Japanese audacity and truculence, of which the "Panay" incident was neither the first nor the last instance, have already forced President Roosevelt to ponder over the wisdom of the Neutrality Act with its cash-and-carry provisions which Japan is exploiting to-day. It is, no doubt, a strange conception of neutrality that helps the aggressor: and, in any case, the menace to American interests is growing. Much, therefore, as pure neutrality sentiment may exert its pressure on the States' foreign policy even 'quitting,' does not save the situation: if anything, it is worsened as the Yellow Menace blends into the blonde in a combined offensive. Let us state the plain fact: Britain is succeeding in getting the States alongside of her in the event of trouble of a more serious kind either in Europe or the Far East. Mr. Chamberlain will, no doubt, use his trump card when he shortly meets Mussolini. But will the States merely play their historic role of trans-Atlantic cousinship and fight for the stability of the British Empire? Or will they fight for democracy and make its vital issue, a condition of collaboration, economic moral and military? Let us hope so.

WHY WE NEED ECONOMIC PLANNING

Plight Of The Caju Trade

(By "Economicus")

The Congress leaders who have been promoting the idea of economic planning and have already established some kind of machinery to translate that idea into immediate action deserve to be congratulated because reports received from certain areas in this province distinctly project a trend that cannot fail to create alarm regarding the soundness and future of some of our village and town industries.

Industrial Caju

One may cite here the instance of the Caju industry. This is an ancient industry carried on in the southern Concan and which has, during the last few years, undergone a new development. Caju is grown practically all over the hilly district and represents a not negligible source of income to the cultivators in comparison with rice, cocoanut and mango in their economic value. But the Caju trade, after a foreign and, notably American market was discovered for it, underwent an almost revolutionary change. A greater demand was created for caju that was passed over for industrial processing and export. A few 'entrepreneurs' in Vengurla and Malwan established factories where the output could be increased systematized and graded. A modern industrial technique has been employed, the local labour absorbed and in Malwan the latter even organised a trade-union.

Fate of Factories

There is a local, that is, interprovincial, demand for Caju which does not involve establishment of factory technique. For local Indian consumption Caju is sold lose, not processed and tinned although of course there is no reason why the demand should not be improved and the existing factories maintained to meet it. As far, however, as the export trade is concerned the only important rival in the market has been the African caju. It is cheaper to produce but inferior in quality —a reason why the Indian position could be maintained in a straight competition. But the existing factories, after a brief prosperity, somehow entered a period of decline and the entire enterprise is passing into the hands of an American lady who has already obtained a monopoly in Goa. In this place, the factories at Bicholim and Kumbharjuvem had been owned by a Malwan firm who have since sold out to the American lady and the Goa Government has passed a law which practically establishes a monopoly for this foreign capitalist who, according to my report, is contemplating improving the plant and reorganising these factories.

Foreign Capital's Bid

What would be the general effect of this development? Besides the industry passing into the hands of foreign capitalists, the local labour is likely to be vitally affected. Knowing as we do the so-called modern technique in industrial production, there is every possibility of rationalization combined with better mechanical technique, being introduced which means elimination of the human element. The poverty of the Concan population is almost proverbial and the income of a few miserable coppers is considerable for the poor especially who would be glad to earn it without working in the factories. Many women and children used to take in Caju and help the finishing before it was packed in vacuum tins. Already this income, which, to the individuals who could depend on this meagre but helpful income—it represented the price of a few handfuls of rice and thicker 'pej' with a couple of piceworth of fish (which too alas is being sold to the fish-monopolists in these days)—has disappeared as the factories could not latterly get along as well as they should to yield profit to the local owners.

Save the Industry

The American lady is evidently buying the Goa, Malwan and Vengurla factories and sinking capital in them in the hope of making profits. Local labour is pretty cheap and even if trade unionism prevented sweating and the industry furnished employment. One would prefer the industry not to pass away into the hands of foreign capitalism for various and only too obvious reasons. Cannot Indian finance save this important industry?

ITALY DREAMS OF A NEW ROMAN EMPIRE, BUT

Does Mussolini Mean War?

By H. N. Brailsford

We welcomed back from Spain last week the British volunteers of the International Brigade. More lie in the Olive groves of Jarama and the sandbanks of the Ebro than the gallant remnant that took our salute in Victoria Station.

While their German and Garibaldian comrades fought beside them for the freedom they have lost, they battled with their French neighbours and their American cousins to defend the democracy we still precariously retain.

Our first international army has opened a glorious page in the history of the working class. From all Europe it flocked to one flag. But our men were fighting for England while they held their trenches in Spain.

In these years of cowardice and retreat, they understood that by hugging safety men may lose all that gives a value to life. That spirit of daring they have brought home with their banner.

To them as its elect our youth will look for leadership. But it is we who are their seniors, more by the loss of illusions than by the gain of years, who need their spirit most.

Paper Pledge

How much we all need it the news last week reminds us. Was anyone so simple as to believe that Mr. Chamberlain had brought back "appeasement" from Munich? A crumbled document lies in his pocket while the insults of the Nazi Press ring in his ears.

In Paris, behind shuttered windows, Herr von Ribbentrop laid another scrap of paper from the same portfolio before M. Bonnet. As a pledge of peace it is, even in its wording, less precise than the Kellogg Pact, which already bound them both. They will "consult" each other before they quarrel.

That is what they did at Munich, and the Czechs in their mutilated homeland parade their chains. Whose liberty will they sign away when next they sit down together?

One specific promise this declaration contains. Herr Hitler accepts as final the frontier between Germany and France. It was just such a pledge to respect Austria's independence that he gave on the eve of his march on Vienna.

On the day this declaration was signed—behind police truncheons with a golden pen—Germany's partner of the Axis staged a demonstration that means nothing unless it be a prelude to a future war. In the Duce's presence the drilled Deputies of the Fascist Chamber chanted in chorus, "Tunis, Corsica, Nice."

The disciplined German Press has since played its accompaniment to the leading singers. The whole performance must have been arranged between Rome and Berlin.

This novel form of sport is evidently devised to play on the nerves of the French. The Italian attack is timed to coincide with the German embrace. It recalls a kind of hunting, sometimes practised by primitive tribes. The young men, with shouts and tom-toms, terrify the game and drive it, fluttering and panting towards the older men, who wait quietly with their nets.

When the French are sufficiently frightened, the kindly Fuehrer will offer his mediation as the Duce did at Munich.

Italian Demand

Do the Italians seriously mean to claim Tunis, Corsica and Nice? Probably they do; but not necessarily to-day or even tomorrow.

They speak of the Mediterranean as "our sea." They mean to revive the Roman Empire, and this involves at least the possession of the northern coast of Africa, including first Tunis and eventually Egypt. That is why they turned their barren colony of Libya into a first-class military base.

If they ever get Tunis, they will then control this sea from both shores. Tunis is an Arab land, but its white colony is in nearly equal halves, French and Italian. Corsica was once a Genoese colony, but it suffered so bitterly from the imperialist exploitation of its merchant princes that in the eighteenth century it revolted and sought shelter in France.

To-day, no part of the Republic's territory is more enthusiastically French in the political and cultural sense, though an Italian patois is still spoken, much as a German dialect is still the home-language of Alsace. The Great Revolution knew how to make a home for the strangers it liberated.

One fact established last week suggests that we must at last treat as serious these claims which hitherto have been merely an amusement for the noisier sort of Italian journalists.

Italian consuls have been instructed to order the numerous Italian subjects resident in France to return home with their property. If that is not a preparation for war, it is at least meant to be read as a threat of war.

The Italians have convinced themselves that the French are a decadent people. They have some excuse for this hasty opinion. The abandonment by M. Daladier of his Czech allies meant one of two things either this nation has lost its virility, or it is so divided by the class conflict that it cannot act effectively.

The latter is the more probable explanation. Like Mr. Chamberlain, M. Daladier deserted the Czechs because he would not call in the Russians. The result of five years of retreat is now apparent. At last the Italians dare to claim French territory.

Hitler's Plan

Against Poland

It is a probable guess that Hitler is preparing for the spring some kind of offensive against the Poles, to whom he is bound by a 10-years Pact of Non-aggression. He means to gain control of the western, non-Russian part of the Ukraine, which they hold in bondage.

There is not much risk that the French will ever honour their treaty of alliance with Poland, but these threats from Italy serve the useful purpose of keeping them occupied.

In any event, though the Italians may not intend to force their claim to Tunis and Corsica on this occasion, they may, by this crude blackmail, strengthen their hold on Spain. If the French will assist in the final conquest of the Spanish Republic, they may be al-

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 1).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

The speech of Mr. H. V. Hodson, editor of the "Round Table," on "Imperial Defence," at a local Rotary Club lunch, bristled with amusing inconsistencies. He began by saying that British dominions were independent of any control from Britain, with their own foreign policy, and tried to tempt India with this alluring prospect. Yet he believed that "if the United Kingdom were defeated in a world war the Dominions would have to accept the dictated terms of peace." Why? But Mr. Hodson still suffers from the illusion that with the collapse of British Empire the heavens would fall. "They would have to live," he warns, "in a world in which British Power had been destroyed and that would be a precarious world." He brought out the old, old imperialist argument that with the breakdown of the British empire, India would be one of the most vulnerable countries in the world." We have heard that before. Failing to convince us of the *raison d'etre* of Impelism, they want us now to accept it on grounds of dubious self-interest.

ENTENTE CORDIALE

There is a menacing ring about Signor Gayda's cryptic remark: "Well, we shall see," commenting on M. Bonnet's statement that France will not cede an inch of territory to Italy. "Italy," he says, after the fashion of the hardened blackmailer, "is not alarmed about this obstinate and expected series of no's. We just take note of them." This may just be bluster and bravado, bu we have seen how this policy of threat, coercion and blackmail has steadily been in ascendance in Europe. France has only herself to blame for such a state of affairs. The rape of Czechoslovakia has encouraged every international bully and the two chief abettors are now, in their turn, threatened. Meanwhile desperate efforts are being made to make an impressive display of Anglo-French solidarity before Mr. Chamberlain's interview with Mussolini comes off. Mr. Chamberlain is reported to have made a reciprocal statement—in none-too-open or enthusiastic terms—in response to M. Bonnet's declaration that all forces in France would be immediately and spontaneously used for the defence of Great Britain. Perfidious Albion to Entente Cordiale! But it is not British, but French frontiers, that are threatened. And is there any guarantee that the betrayers of Czechoslovakia will be more conscientious in fulfilling their obligations to France—unless, of course, British interests themselves are directly involved?

FEDERATION FINDS A CHAMPION.

It is edifying to compare the periodical outbursts of communalist leaders, of either side, against the Congress. Mr. Jinnah, who was once a strong opponent of the federal constitution from the larger national point of view, has now narrowed down his opposition to purely communal considerations. He accuses Congress of Fascism and yet betrays a sneaking admiration for the dictator states in his reference to the fate of Czechoslovakia. That, however, is by the way. What is significant is that Bhai Parmanand supports the federal scheme practically from the same narrow communal view-point. He sees in it "unity of all" but opines that "Federation should be worked by Hindus in their own interests." If the Hindu interests, as conceived by Bhai Parmanand, are different from, or opposed to, the national interests, then he is welcome to hug the federal scheme to his bosom. But if he wishes to secure the interests of the nation, including the Hindus, then Bhai Parmanand ought to realize that the Federal constitution cuts at the root of everything that is likely to further India's aspirations. His futile support to a constitution so universally condemned would have been amusing were it not so tragic.

REVIVE PRABHAT PHERIS

In pursuance of their policy of permitting the greatest posible measure of freedom of speech the Bombay Government have removed the ban on several more books proscribed during the Civil Disobedience campaign. The latest list includes a number of patriotic songs sung by "Prabhat Pheris" or morning processions. Many of these songs are highly inspiring and deserve to be popularised among school children. The institution of Prabhat pheris also deserves to be revived and made a permanent feature, small 'pheris' of trained singers being taken out, say, every Sunday morning.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

'I support the Prime Minister one hundred per cent", said Mr. Grant-Ferris, "Next to Our Lord, I think Neville Chamberlain is the greatest man who has ever lived in the world."

—British paper.

* * * *

Sir Maurice Gwyer, Chief Justice of the Federal Court, talked about democracy and dictatorship in the course of his address at the convocation of the Punjab University.

Sir Sikander Hayat Khan must stop such attempts to import dangerous politics into the calm atmosphere of his university.

* * * *

Lord Linlithgow has found atleast one person to agree with him.

Federation, says Bhai Parmanand, aims at unity of all—Hindus Muslims, Princes and others.

If that were really so, shouldn't Bhaiji really oppose it?

* * * *

But the ex-revolutinary from Punjab thinks "Federation should be worked by Hindus in their own interests."

Leaving Mr. Jinnah to take care of national interests?

* * * *

Concluding, Bhai Parmanand appealed to Hindus to strengthen their society "by sinking all internal differences."

And by raising up all *external* differences?

* * * *

Impending Apology

PATNA, Dec. 20.

A Socialist Book Club, it is understood, is to be started with its head office at Allahabad, under the direction of Sir Ziauddin Ahmed.

—Lucknow paper.

* * * *

The 'Financial News' report about the indigestibility of 'Jewish assets' can only be described a a Nazi salute to international Jewry.

Also as a rabbit out of Schacht's conjuror's hat. Heil Schacht!

* * * *

The "Journal de Moscow" has published a pathological analysis of a frozen section of the malignant tumour of British policy.

A distinct gain to cancerological investigation.

* * * *

Tre British Cabinet must be congratulated on acquiring an A.R.P. expert of the eminence of Sir John Anderson of such distinguished Irish and Bengal memories.

If anybody knows anything about bombs and 'troglodyte' existence it's only one man in the British Empire—the gallant Sir John.

* * * *

A missing bomber has been located by tribesmen 80 miles S.W. of Ramadi.

Allah be praised, the tribesmen survived the bomber (Kismat plays such jokes at times).

* * * *

Sir George Schuster made his maiden speech in the Parliament, Reuter reports.

Was it particularly blushful? Perhaps he spoke on Rupee ratio—dear, old Sir George, how we miss you!

* * * *

The Chamberlain-Bonnet bowing ceremony ought to make even the Japanese blush. What a triumph for our Mr. Trollip of the Courtesy Week.

* * * *

The Jap-Soviet trouble is literally fishy.

By the way, a book bears the piquant title "Fish Are Such Liars."

* * * *

Hundreds of beer bottles are exploding as a result of European frost.

Nature turned prohibitionist, evidently.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

If a man has talent he can make use of another's genius.

Facts are stubborn things that never apologize to anybody.

It's as hard to hide indifference as it is to conceal love.

Every time you forgive a man you lower him in his own estimation.

You can always borrow trouble without security, but the interest is exorbitant.

When the photographer asks you to "smile" he is prepared to "take something" himself.

Demand For Removal Of Cadell

Monster Memorandum Is Being Prepared Under Auspices Of Praja Parishad

DR. GAJJAR SENT TO JAIL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RAJKOT: DEC. 22.

A MONSTER MEMORANDUM, SIGNED BY THE SUBJECTS OF THE STATE, URGING THE THAKORE SAHEB TO REMOVE FROM SERVICE THE PRESENT DEWAN, SIR PATRIC CADELL, IS BEING PREPARED UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE PRAJA PARISHAD.

THIS IS BELIEVED TO BE THE FIRST STEP IN AN INTENSE OFFENSIVE OF THE STATE AGITATION STARTED UNDER INSTRUCTIONS OF SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL.

Many centres, both in the city and in the rural areas, have been opened to expedite the work and signatures are being gathered with the help of 100 volunteer members, including 38 lawyers.

GAJJAR JAILED

Dr. Gajjar was sentenced to three months' R.I. and Rs. 300 fine, in default Rs. 100. Darbar Gopaldas' case has been postponed till to-morrow.

RAJKOT RELEASES

To-day Mohanlal Wardha, Ashramwala Jorsang, Kavi Shambhushanker, Triwedi Shiwanandji and Manharlal were released from jail as they completed their sentences.

10 PICKETS ARRESTED

Ten Satyagrahis were arrested to-day in connection with Darbargarh picketing, but they were subsequently released.

WOMEN'S PROCESSION

Nearly 400 women from different villages of Kuvadva and Sardhar District marched in procession to Rafala village last evening where resolutions expressing loyalty to the Parishad and readiness for making sacrifices were adopted.

THAKORE FIGHTING A LOSING BATTLE

State Subjects Cannot Be Apathetic To Repression. Says Sardar

"The Congress, while reiterating the Haripura resolution with regard to States' People's struggles cannot be apathetic to the repression of the people in whichever part of India they may be". declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressing a mammoth meeting of the citizens of Bombay, organised by the Kathiawar Praja Mandal at Pydhownie, on Thursday evening, on the occasion of giving a send off to Dulabhji Umechand Parekh, who has returned recently from Rajkot jail and is going back to offer satyagraha again.

The Sardar said that Mr. Parekh was going back to Rajkot in accordance with the recognised principle of the struggle that no released prisoner would renounce satyagraha until the Rajkot Durbar was brought to reason.

After the negotiations of Sir Patrick Cadell with him brokedown, stories had reached him, that repression had increased a hundred fold, and harrowing tales were told of the sufferings of the people, and such laws were revoked on the satyagrahis, as could find no justification either with man or with God.

Prince and peasant, were defying the Rajkot Durbar, and many were the reasons that were attributed for this mass-awakening. The Congress was blamed, but the repression of the people was the sole reason. The just rights of the people were withheld from them, and dead and defunct treaty rights were cited for the perpetuation of princely autocracy. But the times were changing, and a new spirit was sweeping across the land, and the people realised that they were the ultimate rulers and all sovereign rights rested with them.

He said that the top-heavy administration of the state had depleted the treasury and the Thakore was negotiating a loan with the British Government. This state of affairs could not last and indicated that he was fighting a losing battle.

Dulabhji Umechand Parekh, said that after his release he had seen increased enthusiasm among all classes of people and even the humbiest considered it a privilege to offer Satyagraha.

REPRESSION IN RAJNANDGAON

Notice Served On Land-Owner

NAGPUR: Dec. 22.

Sjt. Kshitidar Oza, a leading citizen and land-owner of Rajnandgaon has been served with a notice by the Rajnandgaon State to show cause why he should not be ejected from his village for his alleged participation in the disloyal and subversive movement?

Sjt. Rajjulal Sharma, another leading citizen, has been sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default a further month in jail.

Sjts. Ramkhilawan, Rambhagat and Chandrabhan, volunteers were sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment each.

All the trials were held inside the jail. All the politicals are observing a hunger strike as a protest against bad food and bad treatment in the jails.

The State Congress is starting Forest Satyagraha on Dec. 26.—United Press.

SANGLI STATE FORGES AHEAD

Ruler Announces Reforms And Remissions Of Revenue

MIRAJ: DEC. 22.

His Highness the Raja Saheb of Sangli in his opening speech, at the 8th Session of the Sangli State Ryat Assembly made an important announcement this noon in connection with the demands made by the Sangli State People's Conference under the leadership of Sjt. Shankar Rao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee and leader of Maharashtra Congress.

According to the announcement made to-day land assessment rates in the State will approximate as far as possible to those prevalent under similar conditions in the neighbouring districts in British India.

His Highness said: "In response to the earnest request made by the subjects of my State, the land revenue assessed on lands will be temporarily reduced for the present by one anna and six pies per rupee and remission shall be given to the extent of about Rs. 80,000.

"Members of the Sangli State Assembly shall be increased from 40 to 45, of whom 30 shall be elected. From the elected members there shall be chosen by me one member who shall hold the post of Minister in charge of Education, Medical, Co-operative, Local Self-Government and Rural Uplift Departments. The P.W.D. will be transferred partly in the interests of the people for whom I entertain feelings of deep love and affection. I have decided to restrict my privy purse still further to the figure of Rs. 2,45,000. As a result of the growing aspirations of the people, I am now seeking their closer association with the administration.—United Press.

MISHRA RELEASED

CUTTACK, Dec. 22

Pandit Laxminarayan Mishra, a member of the A.-I.C.C., who was arrested along with ten others, was taken to Dhenkanalgarh and released after a day's detention.

He reached Cuttack with his batch last evening and is adressing a public meeting today.—United Press

MOCKERY OF DEMOCRACY!

Forecast Of Impending Constitutional Reform In Kolhapur

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Dec. 22.

Anent reports appearing in several papers about the forecast of the impending constitutional reforms to be granted to the subjects of the Kolhapur State it is learnt from reliable sources that there will be only one chamber consisting of 41 members of whom only 15 will be elected by the State and Jahagir subjects, 4 seats being reserved for special constituencies. The remaining 22 members will, it is understood, consist of the State officials, Feudatory Jahagirdars or their nominees and nominated non-officials. The Prime Minister will be the President.

The House is to be given very meagre powers. It will have no control whatsoever over the State budget, which will not be presented to the Assembly even for discussion.

There will be a decided minority of the elected members who, all told, represent only 47 per cent of the whole strength and the meagre powers that are proposed to be given to the Assembly are hemmed in a number of safeguards to perpetuate the present irresponsible form of Government. In short the much-talked off State Reforms are in miniature imitation of the Advisory Councils under the Morley-Minto Reforms.

DEMOCRATISATION IN STATES

Williams' Question To Col. Muirhead

LONDON, Dec. 22.

In the House of Commons Mr. Thomas Williams asked Col. Muirhead in which of the Indian states measures of democratisation had taken place or had been promised, and whether in view of the Viceroy's statement that His Majesty's Government would not initiate constitutional advance in states, the Under-Secretary of State will follow up this statement by recommending such advances to provinces in suitable cases in order to meet the objection felt by Congress leaders to the Federation of British India with autocratic states.

Col. Llewellyn answering for Col. Muirhead in a written reply stated "with regard to the first part of the question, the Under-Secretary of State is not in a position to supply concrete information. In many states, representative institutions have existed for some time. The recent grant or further development of such institutions have been announced in others. With regard to the second part, Mr. Williams has apparently seen an inaccurate report of the Viceroy's speech. What His Excellency said was that the Paramount Power will not obstruct proposals for constitutional advance initiated by rulers. With regard to the policy of the Government in this matter, I would refer to my reply of Dec. 16.

The reference to "such advances to provinces" in the above message was queried by us and our London Office has confirmed it. But we have asked for further elucidation.—Repter.

COMMONS ADJOURN FOR X'MAS RECESS

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The House of Commons adjourned to-day for Christmas recess until January 31 subject to reassembly if public interest required it.

Mr. Chamberlain, moving adjournment declared, "I am happy to think that whatever the perils of this season may be, there is no reason to anticipate that we shall have to put the proviso into force."—Reuter.

BR. PREMIER FOR CHEQUERS

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The Prime Minister is spending Christmas at Chequers and afterwards he will stay with his friends for few days before departing to Rome.

Several Cabinet members spend their holiday abroad while others scatter to their homes in different parts of the country.—Reuter.

Australian Cricketers

SYDNEY, Dec. 22.

According to "The Herald" test player White (New South Wales) will join the temporary retirers.

"The Sun" announces that Barnes is seeking the Board's permission to accept an attractive offer in North England.—Reuter.

Demand For Autonomy Rejected

Ukrainian Bill Ruled Out By Speaker

WARSAW, Dec. 21.

Holding that it conflicts with the constitution, the Speaker of the Polish Parliament rejected to-day a Bill submitted by the Ukrainian members seeking autonomy for the territory inhabited by the Ukrainians in South-east Poland.

The demand for measures to "eliminate Jewish influence from Poland's economic and cultural life" and for mass Jewish emigration has been tabled by 116 deputies of the National Unity Party representing the Government majority.—Reuter.

7 KILLED IN TRAIN DERAILMENT

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 21.

Seven persons were killed and fifty injured when a passenger train derailed and overturned 50 miles from Mexico City this morning.—Reuter.

CASUALTIES IN CATALAN RAIDS

LONDON. Dec. 22.

Calm continues along the Spanish war fronts. While the long-expected new Franco drive has not hitherto materialised the Nationalist bombers are busy behind the Republican lines.

It is reported from Barcelona that 30 persons were killed and over a 100 wounded in raids on Catalan towns, and Alcazar, near Almeria.

A Nationalist Communique announces that 11 enemy 'planes were shot down in aerial encounters during the Nationalist bombing of Republican military objectives

Meanwhile, Jose de Aguirre, the President of the Basque Government, in a Christmas message broadcast from Barcelona, prophesied that either the Republicans would triumph "or an European war is inevitable."—Reuter.

500 POLITICALS RELEASED

ROME, Dec. 22.

Signor Mussolini has ordered the release of over 500 political prisoners from the penal settlements on Limpari and Bonza Islands.

They will celebrate Christmas at their homes.—Reuter.

VICTORY FOR GOVT. CANDIDATE

Duchess Of Atholl Defeated

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The Government candidate Mr. W. McNair Snadden scored an unexpected victory by a majority of 1,313 over the Duchess of Atholl, standing as an independent in the Kirnoss West Perthshire election.

The figures are Mr. Snadden 11,808, Duchess of Atholl 10,495.—Reuter

"The Red Duchess"

The Duchess of Atholl who has been the member for Kinross since 1923 recently resigned on account of a disagreement with Mr. Chamberlain's foreign policy and was now standing again. She is a prominent sympathiser of the Spanish Government and has thereby earned the sobriquet "The Red Duchess".

Mr. Snadden, who is 42, is a breeder of shorthorn cattle and is the son of a Presbyterian Minister. The constituency is one of the largest in Britain being 85 miles by 65 in some parts.—Reuter.

AIR SERVICES INTERRUPTED

LONDON, Dec. 22

The Imperial Airways announces that the severe weather in Western Europe and in the Mediterranean and frozen intermediate ports of call in Central France have necessitated the interruption of the Air Services and therefore there will be some delay of mails to and from the Empire.—Reuter

"Vulgar, Invective And Defamatory"

BERLIN, Dec. 22

The Charge d'Affaires in Washington made a 'demarche' to Mr. Sumner Welles energetically protesting against the speech of Mr. Ickes according to an inspired statement to the Foreign press.

Mr. Ickes' remarks are described as "vulgar" invective and defamatory declarations."—Reuter

Daladier Government's Narrow Escape

Chamber Vote Of Confidence On Article Two Of Finance Bill

PARIS, Dec. 22.

The Government narrowly escaped a defeat when M. Daladier asked for a vote of confidence on Article Two of the Finance Bill.

The Chamber passed the vote by 291 to 284 votes with 34 abstentions and eight absentees.

The vote is tantamount to approving M. Reynaud's Decree laws.

The majority is one of the smallest ever recorded on a vote of confidence.—Reuter

FOR FRANCO-BRITISH CO-OPERATION

Political Comment In Paris Press

PARIS, Dec. 22.

The predominant note of political comment in the Paris press is the need for Franco-British co-operation against the aggressive designs of dictator countries.

The "Petit Journal" says one thing is certain: Britain with its biggest Empire in the World and France with the second biggest have the same strategic and economic interests and the same ideals to defend against the tyranny and voracity of dictatorial countries.

The journal "Echo de Paris" commenting on the positions of Italians in Tunis writes: "The entry should be closed now to Italian immigration and for a long time. It is further essential that the Italian Consul-General who is gradually setting himself up as the head of the state within state should be brought back to respect for his functions as a representative of Italian commercial interests and nothing more".

DEMAND FOR COLONIES

Madame Tabouis writing in "L'Oeuvre" declares that Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini will allow a timelimit for Franco-British discussion on Italy's claims and if no concessions are made Italy will mobilise. She adds that Hitler and Mussolini have decided to make Italy's minimum demands known to Mr. Chamberlain before he goes to Rome.

Mr. Chamberlain will be courteously but firmly told at Rome that he can have certain period for discussions with France If when the time limit expires, France does not show a conciliatory spirit, making reasonable proposals. With regard to Italian claims the Italian Government will consider British mediation to have failed and will tell London that Italy will talk to France by method of ultimatum and mobilisation.—Reuter.

DALADIER TO VISIT TUNIS AND CORSICA

PARIS, Dec. 22.

M. Daladier plans to visit Tunis and Corsica for a day after the close of the present Parliamentary session when the final budget vote has been taken.

It is probable that M. Daladier will go in a warship and the units of the fleet will participate in demonstrations arranged for his arrival at Tunis after he has visited Corsica. He may also visit Algeria.—Reuter.

Daladier To Sail By Cruiser 'Foch'

PARIS, Dec. 22.

"Le Jour" says that M. Daladier will sail in the cruiser 'Foch', accompanied by two cruisers, a flotilla of destroyers and submarines and a squadron of seaplanes. The Minister of Marine, M. Campinchi, who is a corsican, will welcome M. Daladier at Ajaccio where he will make a short stay before going to Tunis. It is believed that he will visit at Tunis the Maginot line facing the Libyan frontier.—Reuter.

SUEZ CANAL BOARD

Strength Of Foreign Representation

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The present national representation on the Board of the Suez Canal Company is French 19, British 10, Egyptian 2 and Dutch 1, said the Secretary to the Treasury, Rt. Hon Euan Wallace questioned in the House of Commons. This was compared to French 20, British 10, Dutch 1 and German 1. The British shareholding was 44,2 per cent of the capital.—Reuter.

MADRAS.—Mr. Subhas Bose, Congress President, has agreed to open the Tamilnad Provincial Conference to be held at Rajapalayam on Dec. 30. Mr. Bose is arriving at Rajapalayam on the morning of Dec. 30.

B. P. C. C.

DRAFT RULES FOR CONDUCT OF DELEGATES' ELECTION

When A Candidate Forfeits Deposit: Socialist Amendment Defeated

The B.P.C.C. at its ordinary meeting held on Thursday framed draft-rules in regard to the conduct of the Delegates' Election to the Tripuri Congress Session. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai presided.

Discussion took place in this connection on the clauses which aimed at penalising candidates who do not get a requisite minimum number of votes involving in the forfeiture of their deposit fixed at Rs. 10 and a forfeiture of their claim to stand for the election for a period of one year, in the latter case at the discretion of the B.P.C.C. The relevant rules in the matter are as follows as passed with amendments.

"If a candidate is not elected and the number of votes polled by him does not exceed one-fourth of the total number of votes polled divided by the number of delegates to be elected by the constituency concerned, the deposit paid by the said candidate shall be forfeited to the B.P.C.C."

A proviso that if a candidate withdraws within two hours after polling starts, he does not come within the purview of this rule was accepted by the B.P.C.C.

"If a candidate is not elected and the number of votes polled by him does not exceed one tenth of the total number of votes polled divided by the number of delegates to be elected by the constituency concerned, the candidate may, at the discretion of the B.P.C.C. be declared ineligible for election as a delegate for one year."

The nominations of the delegates are to be filed at the office of the B.P.C.C. before 6 p.m. on 31st December.

The deposit money which is to accompany the nomination paper was fixed at Rs. 10.

The duly nominated candidates would be declared by the scrutineers on or before 5th January 1939.

The polling agents are to be the primary members of the district in which the election is to be held.

"The returning officer shall determine if any candidate is liable to the penalty in the foregoing rules and his decisions shall be final subject to an appeal to the B.P.C.C."

DRAFT RULES.

In regard to differences arising in the interpretation of the 'Draft Rules,' the decision of the President of the B.P.C.C. will be final and it would be binding on every polling officer, presiding officer and returning officer. In cases arising where provision is not made in the 'Rules' in regard to the election, the President of the B.P.C.C shall have power to issue directions in respect of the abovenamed elections and the said directions shall have the same force for the purposes, of the said election, as if they were rules made by the B.P.C.C."

Several other rules in regard to the conduct of the election were adopted by the meeting.

In all 17 such 'Draft Rules' were framed and were moved by Mr. P. R. Lele, Secretary of the constitution Committee of the B.P.C.C The B.P.C.C. fixed 15th January 1939 as the day of election and the sanction of the Working Committee is to be obtained for the same.

Mr. F. M. Pinto moved for the deletion of the Rule relating to forfeiture of deposit. The amendment was lost.

WHY PENALTY?

In view of the rule in regard to the forfeiture being adopted, Mr Pinto said that there was no necessity to have a penal provision debarring the candidate from standing as a delegate for three years in case he failed to get the requisite minimum of votes.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai suggested that the period be reduced to 1 year and said that there would be no harm in adopting the rule after making the change. Mr. Sunderdas Morarjee was emphatically of the opinion that no such ban should be there. He said that a candidates' chances might improve in subsequent years of penalty as in the political field even a 'dark horse' or a 'back bencher' at the time might become popular later. Such a ban should not be imposed by the Congress.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that it was not so easy to strike popularity. He pointed out that the rule would be applicable only if the collective wisdom of the B.P.C.C. resolved so. In case candidates were allowed to contest without proper support behind them, the Congress would be put to much expenditure over the candidate in regard to arrangements for the election over printing, ballot boxes etc.

On being put to vote Mr. Pinto's amendment for deletion of the rule was lost.

An amendment to reduce the deposit amount from Rs. 10 to Rs. 5 by the same mover was also lost.

A resolution was moved by Mr. S. K. Patil to maintain an official list of habitual khadi wearers in the city, for the purpose of enforcing the 'khadi clause' and it was adopted. Mr. S. K. Patil said that the B.P.C.C. was under correspondence with Mahatmaji.

Mr. Bhulabhai also said that a system of issuing voting cards to prevent bogus voting would be introduced soon. The matter was considered by the Working Committee and agreed upon by the Working Committee at the instance of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. The quarterly statement of account of the B.P.C.C. ending 30th September 1938 was approved by the meeting. The Balance sheet shows receipts of Rs 24,455-8-2 and an outstanding balance to the credit of B.P.C.C. amounting to Rs. 17,229-7-5.

LATE RAJABALLY PATEL.

At the outset a condolence resolution touching the death of Dr. Rajabally V. Patel was moved from the chair and was adopted all standing. The committee conveys through the resolution its heart-felt condolences to the bereaved family of the deceased.

The resolution put on record an appreciation of Late Dr. Rajabally's services. Another condolence resolution touching the death of Begum Ansari was adopted all standing at the instance of the chair.

The B.P.C.C. did not consider any specific measures in connection with an appeal for help from the President of the Bengal P. C. Flood Relief Committee.

The meeting came to a close a sitting which lasted for an hour and a half.

TOOTH FOR A TOOTH!

PARIS, Dec. 22.

As a reprisal for the expulsion from Italy of M. Afdisio, the Agent-General of the French Literary Association, the French Government announce the expulsion of Signor Geraldi, a representative of the Italian Literary Association in France.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

The Robots

Wherever we go there are mechanical guards responsible for our safety.

There has never been such an age as ours for the number of unerring gadgets which protect us and help us and serve us.

We think at once of the traffic signals which tell us to Stop, and then, after a Warning, graciously permits us to Go. We have come to obey them as mechanically as they order us about.

But controls are all about us now. There is the gyroscopic control which keeps our ships and 'planes on their courses, silent, efficient, unalterable servants that will have nothing to do with those who try to move them from the appointed path.

There is the automatic safety-valve on the locomotive—without it the boiler might burst.

There is the kindly but imperious voice at many Underground stations which says, "Lift Ascending," or perhaps, "Stand away from the gates, please." We see no one, but the robot voice warns us, and it never makes a mistake.

There is the safety switch putting out electric circuits in 'planes and cars. There is the stop-lamp behind a car—going on without our ever having to think about it, plainly telling the driver behind that we have applied the brakes. There is the photo-electric cell which warns us of burglars, lights lamps on buoys at sea, or warns us that there is an outbreak of fire in a ship or mill.

So, if we took a few minutes to look round this wonderful world, we should see in scores of ways that men have achieved success in the art of pushing responsibility off their own hands into the hands of some mechanical process. It is all very wonderful—and it should give us more time to live.

But does it?

Night Shift Work Must Go

Weavers' Representation Before Textile Inquiry Committee

ONE MORE GROUP OF COTTON MILL WORKERS FROM THE WEAVING DEPARTMENTS OF VARIOUS MILLS IN THE CITY, GAVE EVIDENCE BEFORE THE TEXTILE INQUIRY COMMITTEE ON THURSDAY.

They substantiated the statements made by their comrades from the Spinning Sections, who had given evidence regarding the day-to-day life of mill workers, at earlier sittings of the Committee.

IN PARTICULAR THEY EXPRESSED THEMSELVES SO MUCH AGAINST NIGHT-SHIFT THAT THEY WOULD NOT LIKE TO TAKE NIGHT WORK EVEN IF THE WORKING PERIOD WAS REDUCED.

ORDEAL OF NIGHT WORK

In answer to questions put by the Chairman, the Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia, the workers gave an account of their experience in night shift. All of them said that night work involved greater strain. In particular, their eyes were affected by the dazzle of overhead lights.

He was not willing to do night duty, if he could help it. If night-shift could not be abolished, he wanted that the shift should be shortened by one hour.

The chairman questioned the weavers in the group about their experience of working one, two, three or four looms. A weaver working on a Jacquard loom said that on the average, he earned Rs. 45 to Rs. 50, whereas another who worked on two looms said he got only 30 to 35 rupees. The four loom weaver earned Rs. 50 to 57.

Before answering any questions, one worker made a representation to the Committee that he wanted protection for all the statements he might make. The chairman assured him that he need not fear anything, and that he might speak out freely.

TOO MUCH STRAIN

A weaver attending four looms said that working on four looms involved double the strain of working on two looms. It involved such a strain on his lungs that he was convinced he would die soon. Further he stated that between 1933 and 1935 they had to manage all the extra work incidental to weaving. The strain was so great that in 1935 they went on strike. A settlement was brought about by the Labour officer, and one helper was given to assist three weavers. But this man had to attend to certain other work also, and the weavers did not get adequate relief. He would like to work on less looms but he had to stick to the present job, as he could not get any other work.

Answering questions put by Mr. V. L. Mehta, they said that although the nights were cooler and more pleasant, they preferred day work. This was because they could not get adequate sleep during the day time.

One of the workers said that inside the mills, the temperature was kept at 95 degrees even at night. This made him so thoroughly exhausted that he had to go to a tea shop, immediately after the work and drink four or five glasses of water to cool himself.

They did not like night shifts, either continuous or intermittent. They would be glad, if both shifts could be arranged in the day time.

INTERIM WAGE INCREASE.

They were aware that according to the figures submitted to the Labour Officer by the Millowners Association, they ought to get Rs. 55 to Rs. 65 exclusive of allowances. But they were not getting as much.

Questioned by Mr. D. R. Gadgil they all denied that the interim wage increases led to increased absenteeism. The only reason for absenting themselves was personal illness or illness in the family. There were no leave rules in any of the mills.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

As far as medical treatment was concerned, only a few of them got medicine from the mill dispensaries. One man said that in his mill, only iodine and castor oil were available. Another said that when he received an electric shock the doctor advised him to apply turmeric powder. The doctor was in attendance in the mill from half an hour to two hours.

In answer to further questions, the weavers explained how their rates of wages had been reduced during the last ten years. One of them said that in 1927 for working on a loom with 38 "picks" (chakkar), 48 "reeds" (Fany), and white border cloth, he got 13½ pies per lb. while now for the cloth of the same count but 40 "picks," 52 "reeds" and chocolate border he got only 6 7/8 pies per pound.

Another worker stated that the Ring master deceived the poor weavers who did not know how these calculations were made.

Another weaver said that although he attended four looms his earnings did not go beyond two rupees a day. They would be able to calculate their earnings if a table of standard rates were published in Marathi. But another worker said that such a table might not benefit the workers as the millowners were capable of introducing infinite varieties in order to deprive the workers of their higher earnings.

LITERACY OF WORKERS.

Answering questions put by Mr. S. A. Brelvi, all the workers indicated their educational qualifications. One of them said he was a matriculate. That was the highest qualification. The least was Urdu first standard. He used to carry food to his father working in a Mill. There he learnt to attend a shuttle, then to tie knots and then to draw ends and in about five months, he learnt to weave on a plain loom. None of them had any technical training nor were they taught anything by the weaving masters or anybody else.

QUESTION OF EFFICIENCY.

Asked as to why an Indian worker could not attend to more looms while workers in Japan or Lancashire attended to more than four looms, one of the workers said that the machines there were perfect, whereas the machine in India were very defective. Also the yarn was inferior.

Another worker told an interesting story of how one Japanese lady who was said to be able to attend to 40 looms in Japan, came to his mill and found it difficult to attend 14 looms,—whereas in the same factory, the workers were attending as many looms. This was due to the difference in climate. Also there were greater breakages in India.

Another worker said that people who erected the machine did not know the ABC of their job. There was no scientific training. There was also a good deal of corruption and incompetence. Another said that the old machines were fitted with new parts. That was like trying to rejuvenate an old man.

Asked if given proper conditions and adequate wages they would be able to attend to more looms, one worker said that it was not possible, because the cloth made in Bombay was ornamental, and it took a good deal of time to set right breakages.

NO NIGHT-SHIFT.

Asked if they would like to have more than one hour of rest at night, one worker said that he would not like to have night-shifts, even if the working period was shortened to four hours. He suggested that the two shifts should be so arranged that work must begin at 6 a.m. and close at 11-30 p.m. All the other workers agreed to that suggestions.

They would all like to go home on leave if they could get leave with pay.

PENSION AFTER 40.

They were generally of the opinion that weaving was the most strenuous occupation in the mill. A weaver could not expect to live after 40. One of them suggested that the committee should make some arrangement for giving some sort of pension to the weavers after 40.

In answer to questions put by Mr. Sakarlal Balabhai, all but one of them said that they were in debts. Asked if it was not due to city life, they said that it was because they were paid inadequate wages. But they had no funds to go back to the villages.

A SHORT STORY

Such Fun

(By STANLEY CORDELL).

A gambling ship! Elliot smiled bitterly. Of all the ways in which fate could have conspired against him, this was the top. Under no circumstances that he could think of would he be revealed in a less attractive light to Paula than on a gambling ship, especially with Bob Stahl on hand, smiling his careless, contemptuous smile.

But Paula had wanted to go out to the gambling ship. She had expressed the desire suddenly, unexpectedly at the Robinson's party. Her whims usually made her lovable, but whims, Elliot thought, often bordered on stark foolishness.

She would, of course, have nobody but Elliot and Bob accompany her. The three of them had been together when the whim struck her. They could have so much fun together.

Elliot's surmise about himself being made to look like a chump proved correct. Bob Stahl was at home on the gambling ship. He had money. He had a reckless, smooth way about him. He fitted into the atmosphere of the place.

Paula was impressed. Paula almost forgot that Elliot was around. It was only when she was snugly ensconced between the two of them in the stern seat of the speed boat which was to take them back over the twelve-mile course to the mainland that she seemed to remember.

"Oh Elliot, wasn't it fun! Didn't we have the grandest time!"

"Yeah," Elliot said. "We had a swell time"

A warm breeze fanned their faces as the speed boat cut through the waves, heading toward the lights of Crescent harbour. Bob's arm crept along the seat behind Paula. Elliot swore softly to himself.

Unexpectedly the speed boat's motor had begun to sputter. It emitted a series of staccato backfires and died. Instantly the bow swung round and they began to drift.

Elliot could see the silhouette of the driver as he climbed back over his seat and lifted the engine's hood. The dozen or more passengers expressed no alarm; they thought it fine that their ride should thus be prolonged.

Elliot glanced sideways at Paula. Her cheek was against Bob's shoulder, and her eyes were closed. Bob looked at him with the slow, contemptuous smile that had always made Elliot furious. He looked away quickly and with muttered apologies made his way over seats until he reached the engine pit.

"What's the trouble?" he asked.

"Don't know yet," The driver looked up. "Know anything about engines?" His tone and his face were anxious.

"Not much." Elliot took the light and peered around. He couldn't discover anything wrong but he didn't know where to look. Instead of continuing his investigation he stood up and looked across the water. The driver was doing likewise.

"That's Pebble Point, isn't it?" the driver said, pointing toward a beacon of light.

"No. We drifted past Pebble. That's Halycon." He added: "This current will take us within a few yards of it."

"Then we'd better try swinging her in with the oars, or else—"

"No," Bob said shortly "Let her drift. I've been out here at night before. The tide's high now. If we try making Halycon we'll be dashed to pieces on the rocks. If we let her drift we might get across the bay and hit Maynard Beach. Only chance."

He hadn't intended to speak so loud. A girl who sat directly behind screamed and began to cry. Fear ran through the passengers like an electric current. The men sat up, white-faced asking sharp questions.

Elliot knew that the one thing he must do was to prevent hysteria, prevent the men from insisting on trying to make Halycon. He unleashed one of the oars and climbed back to the stern. Paula was sitting rigid and white-faced. Bob Stahl leaped to his feet. "You damn' fool, if we don't try to head her in to Halycon we'll be swept out to sea!"

Elliot heard the shrill agreement of the other passengers. He drew dack his fist and hit Bob Stahl with all the force he could muster. Stahl went down and lay still at Paula's feet.

"If you want to live," Elliot said grimly, "shut up and let me handle this." He dropped the oar over the stern and steadied it under his arm They swept on at an incredible speed. Halycon light was behind them in a flash. Elliot studied the stars, watched Halycon over his left shoulder.

An eternity passed The passengers huddled down into their seats. Bob Stahl stirred and opened his eyes, but Paula didn't look at him. More time passed, and then suddenly there was a grating sound, A woman screamed, but Elliot dropped his oar and swore in sheer relief. The speed boat had grounded at the south end of Maynard Beach.

The men carried their women ashore, laughing and joking. What if there were a ten-mile walk back to town? It seemed unimportant now. Elliot helped the driver fasten a painter about a tree stump. He turned and saw Paula. She was standing alone, waiting for him. He looked at her, smiling grimly. She slipped a hand through his arm.

"It—it was such fun, Elliot. Wasn't it"

"Yeah," said Elliot, "Fun." And they walked off together, not caring that the others had gone on without them.

(Copyright)

A MODEL AND OBJECT LESSON TO SOCIAL WORKERS

Munshi's Tribute To The Activities Of The Society For The Protection Of Children In Western India

The Society for the Protection of Children in Western India, gave an "At Home" on Thursday evening at the B. J. Home, Matunga, to meet Lady Blackwell and the members of the Celebration Committee.

A large number of distinguished persons were present, including Mrs. Munshi and Mrs. Gilder. The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi presided.

BUMPER COLLECTIONS

The guests were treated to light refreshments, after which Lady Blackwell read the report of the Celebration Committee. About Rs. 50,000 was collected by means of appeals to Charity Trusts, Commercial firms, variety entertainments, benefit shows etc.

MODEL INSTITUTION

The Hon. Mr. Munshi in his speech observed, that the B. J. Institute, was not only the pioneer institute, but was a model of efficient and modern working, and an object lesson to social workers.

He paid a tribute to the founder and Mrs. Masani, and also Lady Blackwell for her enthusiastic support.

Continuing, he said:

"Democracy laid open every venture to public criticism. Everything survived or perished according to their public utility and approval. The B. J. Institute welcomed honest criticism, and was open to scrutiny and he was sure that no stigma could be attached to their work.

CO-ORDINATION & EXPANSION

The need for expansion was great, and there was illimitable scope for widening the boundaries of such an institute. The work called for selfless service, for the co-ordination of the different institutes into an integral governing centre and only then could the shame of juvenile delinquency and destitution be stamped out.

He appealed to individuals as well as institutions, to co-operate wholeheartedly with Government in the realisation of a wider and more comprehensive scheme.

SCIENCE DISPELS SUPERSTITION

Dastoor Dhala Appeals For Progressive Outlook

From "Superstition to Science" was the subject of an illuminating lecture, delivered by Dastoor Dhala, under the auspices of the Rahumane-Mazdayasna, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on Thursday evening.

The meeting was presided over by Sardar Dastoor Noshirwan Dastoor Kaikobad.

In the course of his lecture the speaker referred to the infant stage of humanity as dominated by gross superstitions and distorted beliefs. The primitive mind unable to offer a rational explanation of natural phenomena, began to ascribe the freaks of nature, to the wickedness of Gods, who were to be appeased by human sacrifices and also invented magic and witchcraft in order to counteract the effects of Gods' evil designs. But as the human mind began gradually to be liberated from the age long thraldom, a new insight in the working of the laws of nature became possible, with the result that man to-day has become the master of his physical environment.

The speaker then referred to the achievements of modern science and how they have helped in spreading enlightenment and removing to a great extent the dark forces of superstition and ignorance. Yet, the speaker said, various false beliefs were prevalent among peoples all over the world and this superstitious attitude was mainly due to the mentality induced by the "chronic defects like poverty and unemployment" of our present socio-economic structure.

AN APPEAL.

At the end of the lecture, the speaker exhorted the audience to discard false and superstitious beliefs and practices, to let their minds be illuminated by the torch of modern scientific knowledge and to conduct themselves fearlessly with self-confidence and full faith in God.

After a few remarks were made by the President, the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the learned lecturer.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Mutt Didn't Even Wait for a Referee's Decision By BUD FISHER

JEFF, I'LL BET YOU TWO BITS I CAN TELL MORE LIES AND BETTER ONES THAN YOU CAN!
IT'S A BET!
WELL, THE NIGHT BEFORE LAST I GOT A BIG STEP LADDER AND I CLIMBED UP INTO THE SKY AND THEN-
-I TOOK HOLD OF THE MOON AND CARRIED IT DOWN TO EARTH AND NAILED IT ON TO A FENCE!
YEAH? WELL, YOU MAY NOT KNOW IT BUT I WAS BEHIND THAT FENCE CLINCHING THE NAILS AS THEY CAME THROUGH!
FLIP!
11-30

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ITALY DREAMS OF A NEW ROMAN EMPIRE, BUT

(Continued from page 8)

lowed to keep Tunis a little longer.

That part, at least, of this boisterous game is intelligible. Franco cannot conquer the Republic by arms, so he is bent on taking it in the rear by famine.

Mr. Chamberlain is no obstacle. He is ready enough to grant Franco the legal right of blockade. He has, in fact, tacitly granted it already.

This Last Baseness

Franco has set up his prize-court in Majorca. When he captured two ships actually chartered by the British Government to carry wheat from Rumania, Lord Halifax insisted on their release; but he does not compel the release of other British ships captured unlawfully on the high seas, because they were carrying food to Spain. In short, the Nyon plan is scrapped and the blockade is actually in force.

There is, however, still a wide gap through which food may enter—the land frontier of France. When that is closed, even the Spaniards may be driven to surrender to save some of their children alive.

If the French stoop to this last baseness, the Italians will be kind enough—for a season—to stop shouting "Tunis, Corsica, Nice".

To complete the chain of friendship with the Axis Powers who torture Jews and starve Spanish workers into slavery, our Prime Minister is going to Rome early in January.

A virile working-class would forbid him to go. Every kind of demonstration, industrial and political, is useful. To send one delegate from every constituency on a mass demonstration to Downing Street is a good idea. But the one sure means of stopping this headlong career of surrender and betrayal, is the formation, openly and at once, of a democratic alliance.

The "Daily Herald" has just advised the Labour electors of Perthshire to abstain from voting for the Duchess of Atholl. The stench of the corpses of the heroic Spanish people will haunt the workers who follow that advice.

Those who gave it know what they want: it is not the defeat of this Government nor yet the salvage of Democracy. If it is of party they are thinking, let them reflect that no Labour Party will survive when the last Democracy goes under in the Totalitarian deluge.

We are nearing our last chance. If a general election should surprise us in the spring, before we have made victory possible by a working alliance with the Liberals, we shall all be under the heel of the Nazi Napoleon before Mr. Chamberlain's second term of office is out. What we demand is the conclusion of this alliance by the official Party. That, and that alone, would warn the Government that it must call a halt.

The disciplined movement of our massive numbers, which never break their ranks, is a priceless tradition built by generation of loyal struggle. But if in such a crisis the leaders will not lead, then the ranks must press onwards without them.

Still keeping in each locality our identity as a Party, we ought to form these alliances without hesitation or delay.

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NATURE'S WAY TO REMOVE POUNDS OF FAT!

Rolls of unsightly fat at waist and hips, double chins, ugly, bulging limbs—all these are caused when waste products left after every meal are not emptied regularly from the system. But there is a danger in drastic, artificial slimming methods and violent exercises which strain the heart.

The best way to get rid of fat is to slim Nature's way. Nature has provided in the earth itself, certain natural mineral salts which dissolve these fat-making wastes immediately. The most powerful of these purifying elements—Sodium, Potassium and Lithium are combined in Fynnon Salt. A little Fynnon Salt in a glassful of water every morning acts like a charm on superfluous fat. It almost literally washes it out of the system. A regular course of Fynnon Salt will quickly smooth away double-chins, slenderise fat arms and legs and reduce a bulging waistline to normal. Men and women everywhere are taking off pounds of excess fat this simple, pleasant way. Fynnon Salt stimulates liver and kidneys, activates the bowels, purifies the blood and keeps the whole system cleansed and refreshed. Pleasant to take. Sold only in green and red labelled bottles in green and red cartons. From all chemists, stores and bazaars. In case of difficulty, write to:—J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 258, Bombay. KF 608

News has just been received from Tirwa, a village of Farrukhabad District included in the jurisdiction of Thana Kanauj, that three persons were injured and a girl was killed, due to a bomb which exploded in her house, and which she had picked up from a Canal distributory, mistaking it for a soap cake.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Office of the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. situated at present at Keshavji Building, 149, Frere Road, Bombay, will be shifted to the "Scindia House" 4, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, with effect from Friday, the 23rd December, 1938. onwards.

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All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Dec. 22.

The following are the maximum, minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. today:—

Station	Temperature Max	Min	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Total Since 1st Nov	Difference to Normal
Agra	77	44	—	...	—0.3
Amraoti	80	55	—	...	—0.9
Akola	81	49	—	...	—0.9
Ahmedabad	88	61	—	...	—0.2
Ahmednagar	82	52	—	...	—0.9
Ambala	77	47	—	...	—0.5
Allahabad	82	49	—	...	—0.5
Benares	79	50	—	...	—0.5
BOMBAY	86	69	—	1.1	+0.7
Bangalore	76	59	—	0.1	—3.3
Baroda	85	57	—	...	—
Belgaum	83	54	—	1.1	—0.9
Bijapur	82	56	—	0.1	—1.2
Bhavnagar	83	53	—	...	—0.1
Calcutta	79	51	—	0.1	—0.7
Cawnpore	86	51	—	...	—0.5
Calicut	89	72	—	1.4	—4.8
Colombo	83	74	—	7.7	—8.9
Cochin	85	76	—	6.4	—1.6
Delhi	73	46	—	...	—0.4
Hyderabad (Dn.)	83	52	—	...	—1.2
Hyderabad (Sd.)	73	49	—	...	—0.1
Indore	80	49	—	...	—0.5
Jhansi	88	53	—	...	—0.3
Jubbulpore	84	47	—	...	—0.8
Jaipur	75	48	—	...	—0.3
Karwar	91	67	—	1.8	—0.2
Karachi	74	59	—	0.2	+0.1
Khandwa	85	47	-	...	—0.8
Lucknow	83	51	—	...	—0.4
Lahore	67	44	—	...	—0.3
Multan	67	46	—	...	—0.2
Mysore	79	62	—	0.4	—2.5
Madras	82	68	—	2.6	—16.5
Marmagoa	86	69	—	1.0	—
Malegaon	84	47	—	0.1	—0.6
Mangalore	88	70	—	2.1	—1.3
Nagpur	85	53	—	...	—1.1
Patna	76	52	—	...	—0.4
Peshawar	62	40	—	1.0	+0.4
Poona	83	51	—	0.3	—0.8
Rangoon	89	63	—	9.9	+6.9
Ratnagiri	90	69	—	2.9	+2.0
Rajkot	82	55	—	...	—0.3
Sholapur	86	49	—	...	—1.4
Surat	90	57	—	...	—0.2
Trichinopoly	84	71	—	0.7	—6.8

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

Local Snow In Kashmir

BOMBAY, Dec. 22.

The Western depression passed away eastwards after causing local rain or snow in Kashmir, and a few falls along Western Himalayas. A fresh Western disturbance is approaching the Frontier. A few falls of rain also occurred in South-east Madras. Temperatures are appreciably below normal along the Frontier.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Sonamarg two inches, Madras and Murree half; Dalhousie, Palamcottah and Kodaikanal a quarter. —A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 22-12-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—040 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 6.4 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.3 degrees 0.3 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 68.6 degrees 0.7 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 68 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 142 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 4.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 3660 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 18hrs 06mts. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday the 21st December 1938.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22-12-38.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 75.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.05 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.87 inches.

For correction of ships instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

ASSAM GOVT.'S ANTI-CORRUPTION DRIVE

(From Our Correspondent)
TEZPUR, Dec. 21.

The Assam Government will undertake rigorous anti-corruption measures within two months' time as authoritatively understood.

Hon'ble K K. Sen, Judicial Minister, is at present busy scrutinizing the report of the anti-Corruption Committee appointed by the United Provinces Government early this year and has already drafted a comprehensive scheme towards it. He has taken initiative to form anti-Corruption Committee in January with a view to enquire into the extent of corrupt practices in Public Services of province including Local-Self-Government to ascertain the causes to suggest an effective measure in removing and to submit report before the March sessions of the Legislature.

The Committee when appointed will issue questionnaire to officials and non-officials alike.

TROUBLE AT DAYAL BAGH

Sir Sahebji Maharaj's Family Finds Entry Hard Task

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, Dec. 22.

It is reported that shocking treatment was meted out to the sons and the family of the late Sir Sahebji Maharaj, founder of Dayal Bagh, Agra, and the spiritual head of the sect of Radhaswamis. The family returned after a long absence to Dayal Bagh recently. Those in power it is reported forcibly opposed their entry to their old house in Dayal Bagh. Water and electricity were cut off and the matter was reported to the police Tension prevails among rival factions. Efforts to ostracise the family continue.

CLAIMANT TO GADI

The family accompanied by Rajji Maharaj, who claims to be the spiritual successor of Sahebji Maharaj and accredited with inspiration, technically called "Lahar". He has come with a following of nearly 300 and like Sahebji Maharaj has started preaching in a rented Kothi of Bharatpur State. He is a youngman of 27 and was closely associated with Sahebji Maharaj as his devoted and trusted stenotypist and confidential clerk. Mr. Guruchanrandas Mehta the present President of Dayal Bagh it is reported has resigned.

WINDFALL FOR HARIJAN ASHRAM

Col. M. N. Shitole, Minister, Gwalior State has donated Rs. 10,000 for construction of a girls' hostel in Harijan Ashram here. The Colonel and his wife visited the Ashram yesterday.

ASSAM HILL STATES CONFER

Plea For Representation Under Federation

SHILLONG, Dec. 21.

The representation of various semi-independent native States of Khasi and Jaintia Hills in the proposed Federal Assembly is believed to have been the subject-matter of a secret conference of all-Khasi Native Chiefs, who are in political relations with the Government of Assam held here recently.

Though the proceedings of the conference are kept a secret the "United Press" understands that the discussion related mainly to making the necessary arrangements for due representation to the Governor-General with a request that these States might be grouped under one unit for purposes of making required rules so as to allot for them one of the five seats now reserved under division XVII of the table of seats attached to Schedule I of the Government of India Act.

The Conference also decided to wait upon the Governor of Assam with a request to appoint a committee to make a clear-cut demarcation of the boundaries of British areas and Indian States in Khasi and Jainti Hills, the latter agreeing to share the cost involved in having the committee set up and the enquiry completed.—United Press.

SETTLEMENT TALKS BETWEEN AZAD & HYDARI

Sensational Allegations Against Police

(From Our Correspondent)
HYDERABAD (Dn.), Dec. 22.

The examination of the Hyderabad State Congress witness in Banaji enquiry has concluded yesterday.

Messrs. G. Rama Reddi, Mukand Reddy, Raj Reddy, Kothandaram Reddy and Ratna Reddy have made sensational allegations against Police. That they were tortured and then forced to sign an apologia was one of the allegations.

Mr. Rama Reddy accused the Police of beating him in order to force him to give a clue to the Police of the place where Congress statements were prepared for distribution. He further alleged that chilli powder was brought for applying on his face.

I understand it on reliable authority that the State Congress has decided to suspend the satyagraha movement after a few days with a view to enable Sir Akbar Hydari and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to come to a settlement in regard to the crisis. They are stated to be in communication.

It is believed that the idea of the suspension of satyagraha emanated from Wardha. Mahatma Gandhi is stated to be strongly of opinion that if there was even the remotest possibility of the movement getting mixed up with other purely communal movements such as the Aryan Defence League Satyagraha and agitation by the Hindu Civil Liberties Union, the State Congress movement must be suspended.

have you tried this new H.V.M. vanaspati?

Yes, we've been using it for some time now. It's marvellous for cooking: every kind of food tastes much more delicious when you use H.V.M. Vanaspati.

All the same, I'd prefer to know what it's made from before I use it.

Well I can tell you. H.V.M. Vanaspati is made in India from the best refined Indian vegetable oils and is guaranteed pure. In fact, the Government Analyst of Bombay has awarded it a Certificate of Purity.

Does H.V.M. Vanaspati possess any other advantages?

Oh yes! H.V.M. Vanaspati contains vitamin and it will help to keep you and your family healthy and full of energy.

Well *you* are certainly very pleased with H.V.M. Vanaspati and I am sorry I have not used it before now. I must buy a tin to-day.

Use H.V.M. Vanaspati for frying, spreading on chappatis, making sweetmeats, flavouring rice and for every other kind of cooking.

H.V.M. VANASPATI MAKES FOOD FAR MORE DELICIOUS AND EXTRA NOURISHING.

The Certificate issued by the Bombay Government Analyst states that H.V.M. Vanaspati:

1. is absolutely pure,
2. contains no animal fat,
3. is manufactured under the latest and most hygienic conditions,
4. is untouched by hand throughout the entire process of manufacture,
5. CAN BE RECOMMENDED WITH CONFIDENCE AS A PURE, WHOLESOME ARTICLE OF FOOD.

H.V.M. VANASPATI

for all cooking!

Made in India from pure Indian vegetable oils and sold in air-tight tins of 2 lbs., 5 lbs. and 10 lbs. to keep it pure and wholesome.

Bombay Distributors:
DALDA BRAND, BUTTERFLY BRAND: Khalil Rahimtoola & Co., Khoj Bazar, Bombay 3. LOTUS BRAND, TIGER BRAND: A. M. S. Patel, 14, Ghanaz Street, Khandi Bazar, Bombay 3. Abdulabai Ebrahim & Co., 104, Dongri Street, Bhiwpuri, Bombay 9.

H.V.M. VANASPATI IS ON SALE IN ALL SHOPS.

H.V.M. 6-B.A. THE HINDUSTAN VANASPATI MANUFACTURING CO. LTD. BOMBAY

THEY STAND SUPREME!

The excellence of Players Magnums puts them in a class far above all other similar priced magnums. The great majority of shrewd smokers prove this fact—— PLAYER'S MAGNUMS are. quality cigarettes in magnum size.

Re. 1' for 50

PLAYER'S MAGNUMS

PL/180

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

Continental Selling In Oils And Kaffirs

FRANC APPRECIATES ON GOOD ENQUIRY.

Silver Featureless

BOMBAY: DEC. 22.

NEW YORK COTTON

The Cotton was adversely affected owing to discouraging cables from Bombay and Alexandria. The uncertainty over the farm legislation was a depressing factor, but the influence of loan checked further drop. Prices later rallied on better local and trade enquiry.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

The general business was poor. Oils and Kaffirs were easier on continental selling.

Gilt-Edged and Foreign Bonds were steady to firm.

LONDON EXCHANGES

The Cross-rate cased to 4.66.37 on scattered selling, though opened at 4,66.87 against 4.66.15, the previous close.

Franc further improved to 177.07.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

New York, Dec. 22.

Previous closing	8.34
To-day's opening	8.30
Difference	—.04
To-day's closing	8.40
Difference	+.06

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

Liverpool, Dec. 22.

Previous closing	4.83
To-day's opening	4.83
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	4.81
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1938	Rs. 160-0
July August	Rs. 161-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec. 22.

The New York cotton on discouraging Bombay and Alexandria cables adversely affected the market, where dullness was further accentuated by the uncertainty surrounding farm legislation but the steadying influence of loan continued to hold prices from falling further.

The trading in March commenced at 8.30 i.e. four points lower than the last closing. Prices eased on lower Liverpool cables and foreign selling with some hedge selling, but better local and trade enquiry intervened causing rates to rally with March rising to 8.33.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Dec. 22.

The trading in Broach April/May commenced at Rs. 158-8 American futures were unchanged at the time of close of the market. Broach closed finally at Rs 158-14.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 22.

The following were the opening ranges:—

January (8.31/8.33) 8.30/8.29
March (8.32/8.32) 8.31/8.30
May (8.11/8.11) 8.12/8.12

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec. 22.

American January (4.82) 4.84
American March (4.81) 4.82
Egyptian January (7.18) 7.23
Egyptian March (7.15) 7.21

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Dec. 22.

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop December January (£19 1/2 sellers) £19 3/16 sellers

Dundee December (£22 1/2 sellers) £23

Lightning December (£21 1/4 sellers) £21 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (8 1/16 paid and buyers) 8 1/8 paid and sellers

Forward February (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 3/16 paid and sellers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay December January (£11 sellers) £11 sellers

Linseed La Plata January (£12 9/16 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£11 1/16 sellers) £11 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal January (£10 3/16 sellers) £10 3/16 sellers.

METALS

Tin (£214 buyers £214 1/4 sellers. Steady) £214 1/2 buyers £214 3/4 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£15 1/8 buyers £15 1/4 sellers. Very steady) £15 1/16 buyers £15 1/8 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£49 1/2 to £50) £49 1/2 to £50

Iron (112) 112

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Dec. 22.

The closing quotation for December is 55 5/8d. The previous close was 56 1/8d.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Dec. 22.

Previous closing	4.67 1/16
To-day's opening	4.66 11/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.66 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Dec. 22.

Previous closing	4.66.15
To-day's opening	4.66.87
To-day's closing	4.66.81

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Dec. 22.

Previous closing	177.10
To-day's opening	177.12
To-day's closing	177.15

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec. 22.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.66.87 and then eased to 4.66.37 on scattered selling with subsequent changes being small.

Franc opened at 177.12 and then slightly appreciated to 177.07 on better enquiry.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32) 1-5 29/32
Paris on Bombay (13.220) 13.216
New York on Bombay (34.86) 34.85
Berlin on Bombay (86 3/4) 86 3/4
London on Milan (88.53) 88.65
London on Shanghai (0-8 3/8 nominal) 0-8 3/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-9-3) £7-9-0
Silver (23 1/16d.) 20 1/16d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 to 1 1/16 per cent 1 1/16 to 1 1/16 per cent
6 months (1 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/16 per cent.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Dec. 22.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Market quiet and featureless".

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec. 22.

Spot	(20 1/16d) 20 1/16d.
Forward	(19 7/16d) 19 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec. 21.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-9-3) £7-9-0

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 22.

SILVER

Silver ready	51	2	6
Silver Posh	51	1	6
Silver Mah	51	0	0

GOLD

Gold ready	37	4	0
Gold Posh	37	5	0
Gold Maha	37	6	0
Sovereign	23	13	6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec. 22.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May quoting at 52 1/2d. The market was devoid of activity with pre-holiday atmosphere restricting operations.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec. 22.

Chicago wheat opened steady with Dec. quoting at 0.63 7/8. The market displayed considerable activity to-day on better local enquiry and improved mill demand with the rate later rising to 0.64 1/8.

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 22.

3 1/2 per cent. Government Paper closed at Rs. 98/3/6 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec. 22.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 1/2

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Tuesday, December 13, £89 3/4
Wednesday, December 14, £89 3/4
Thursday, December 15, £89 3/8
Friday, December 16, £89 1/2
Monday, December 19, £89 1/2
Tuesday, December 20, £89 1/4
Wednesday, December 21, £89 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec. 22. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£98 1/4) £98 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£89) £89 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111) £111
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£106) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1845/59 (£101) £101

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/58 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent (£69 5/8) £69 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£97 1/2) £97 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/2) £102 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£107) £107 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£97 3/8) £97 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£106 5/8) £106 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec. 22.

London Stock Exchange was quietly steady.

Giltedged securities attracted better attention. Three and half per cent was quoted at £89 1/2 i.e. unchanged.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-9) 16-9
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (55-7 1/2) 55-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/2) dol 4 1/2
Elec Music Industry (10-9) 10-9
PrinchIn Johnson (21-9) 22-6
Imperial Chemical (30-1 1/2) 30-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (57-9) 57-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 19-0 (£18 1/2) £18 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (21-9) 23
Unilever Ordinary (36-3) 36-3
Ford Motors (15-9) 15-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35) £34
British American Tobacco Ordinary (94-4 1/2) 94-4 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (128-9) 128-9
P. and O. S N Company Deferred (21-7 1/2) 21-7 1/2
Distillers (89-0) 89-0
Bredford Dyes (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-10 1/2) 3-10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-1 1/2) 35-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (27-7 1/2) 27-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-3) 2-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 57 3/4) dol 57 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (43-9) 42-6

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (16-6) 16-6
Donaro Tea (37-6) 37-6
Empire of India (23-6) 23-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-6) 25-0
Guia Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-4 1/2) 27-4 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40) 40-0
Burma Corporation (8-9) 8-9
Rio Tintos (£14 1/2) £14 1/8
East Rand Proprietors (52-6) 52-6
Rand Mines (£8 1/4) £8 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 3/4) £15 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (65) 65-10 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (92-6) 91-3
Sub Nigel (£11 1/2) £11 1/4
Spring Mines Split Share (30-7 1/2) 30-0
Union Corporation (£8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-0) 20-0
Anglo Iranian (90-0) 89-4 1/2
Burma Oil (83-1 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (5-3) 5-3
Shell Transport (80-7 1/2) 80-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£36 5/8) £36 5/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 3/4) £27 3/4
London Midland and Ordinary (£12 7/8) £12 7/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 1/2) £2 1/4
Southern Def (£12 3/8) £12 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£119 1/4) £119 1/4
London Transport 'C' (£74) £74

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec. 22.

General Motors (dol 49 1/4) dol 48 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33 3/4) dol 33 1/2
U S Common New Stock (dol 66) dol 65 1/4
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LARGE STEEL ORDERS FOR DEFENCE PURPOSES

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 22.

On Stock Exchange, very quiet preholiday markets were relieved by further small advances in Giltedged Securities together with a brighter tone in steel shares following Government's announcement of large steel buying for defence purposes. Elsewhere, the prices were mostly unchanged to slightly lower. Commodities and Foreign Exchange market were quiet and featureless.

Wall Street was steady.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Indian Irons Easy

CALCUTTA, Dec. 22.

Jutes practically remained unchanged and only a limited business was reported.

Coals were rather dull and lifeless.

Teas neglected.

Miscellaneous:—Indian Iron and Steel, the chief leader of the section, witnessed further downfall to-day due to heavy selling pressure by "bears" while other speculative issues remained more or less unaltered.

Government securities kept quiet but steady.

To-day's closing rates:

Government Securities—Two and three quarters 1948/52 Loan 99/6 three and half per cent Government Paper 98/2, five per cent Loan 1945/55, 115/15 S lot.

Banks:—Allahabad Pref 149/8, Central 30/12, Reserve 115/4.

Coals:—Aldih 4/11, Bengal 342/, Burrakur 13/12 S lot, Mundulpoor 9/7.

Jutes:—Alliance Pref 105, Howrah 49/6, India 255 S lot, National 19/4 S Odd lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 5/15, Consolidated tin 6/8, Indian Copper 2/2, Rhodesia Copper 1/9, Dalmia Cement Ord 9/8, Ditto Pref 99/8 S lot. Alkali and Chemical Pref 122, Bengal Telephone Pref 14/2 S lot, U. P. Electric 175, Burn and Company Ord 266/8, Hukumchand Steel Defd. 2/1, Indian Malleable Casting Defd 2/1, Indian Iron and Steel 28/4, Steel Corpn Ord 9/7, Ditto Pref 93/8, Ex. Div. Bird's Investment Preference 103/, C. Div. British India Corporation Ordy 3/2, James Wright Defd 1/1, Titaghur Paper ("A" Ordy) 14/11, Bengal Bonded Warehouse ("A") 980 S Odd lot, Ditto ("B") 116, Odd lot, Midnapore Zemindary 70, Borooah Timber 10/10, Carew and Co. Pref. 112, Murree Brewery 11/4.

Debenture:—Five and half per cent. (1938/53) Carew and Co. Debs 105/8.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

To-day closing quotations:—

Sind cotton January	15/1/3
March	15/3/9
Punjab Janaury	13/1/3
March	13/2
Desi American January	.18/0/6
March	18/0/9
Steady Wheat December	23/8/3
January	23/7/9
March	23/11
July	25/3/9
Gram December	31/6
January	31/3/6
July	27/8/6
Toria December	36/7/6
February	35/15/6
March	36/13/6
Cottonseed January	19/12/6
July	19/12

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec 22

Wheat	3,425 cwts
Linseed	736 cwts
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	57 cwts
Gingellyseed	4,510 cwts
Poppyseed	22 cwts
Groundnuts	53,820 cwts
Castorseed	116 cwts
Rice	46,236 cwts
Myrabollams	4,239 cwts
Cottonseed	10,234 cwts
Mowraseed	625 cwts
Gram	2,002 cwts
Joowar	1,257 cwts
Maize	29 cwts
Bajree	5,416 cwts
Indian sugar	5,377 cwts

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on 16th December 1938.

1. Demand Liabilities—	
(a) In India	125,21,61,000
(b) In Burma	6,63,46,000
2. Time Liabilities—	
(a) In India	102,55,31,000
(b) In Burma	4,57,21,000
3. Cash—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.	
(a) In India	5,28,11,000
(b) In Burma	1,32,000
(ii) Burma Notes—	
(a) In India	16,000
(b) In Burma	21,37,000
(iii) Rupee Coin	
(a) In India	75,15,000
(b) In Burma	86,000
(iv) Subsidiary Coin	
(a) In India	33,49,000
(b) In Burma	89,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	11,93,84,000
5. Advances—	
(a) In India	104,23,06,000
(b) In Burma	3,59,16,000
6. Bills discounted.	
(a) In India	3,77,11,000
(b) In Burma	26,19,000

FURTHER CHEERFULNESS ON FR. BOURSE

PARIS, Dec. 21.

As if to encourage the Government in their battle to get the Finance Bill through the Chamber, the Bourse displayed further cheerfulness such as was not experienced for years. Rentes were again particularly in request. Gains of over 2½ per cent. were frequent and the undertone among equities was also firm. What was more important than the actual extent of the rises was the wider scope of the transactions effected, which were not confined to professional operators.

The conversion in Amsterdam of the French 7 per cent loan into a 5 per cent issue is hailed as a great tribute to French credit. It is believed that mostly French money has gone into the conversation.—Reuter.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Dec 22

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent paper	98/2
4 per cent 1960/70	111/4
5 per cent 1945/55	115/11

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	115/12
Bank of Hindusthan	31/4
Bank of India	149/4
Central Bank	30
Imperial Bank F P	1571/4
Imperial Bank P P	383/12
Indian Overseas Bank	45
Reserve Bank	115/8
Union Bank	5/12

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles	442/8
Ambica	238/12
Arun	222/8
Arvind	1260
Asok	215
Bharatkhand	2450
Bombay Dyeing	872/8
Buckingham and Carnatics	191
Calico	606/14
Central India	233/2
Century	238/12
Colaba	140/10
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	425
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	153/2
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	55
Jubilee	203/2
Khatau Makanji	117/8
Kohinoor	257/8
Laxmi Cotton	515
Madhusudan	230
Marsden	96/14
Morarji	135
Mysore	88/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	214/6
Raipur	690
Rajnagar	200
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	71
Sholapur	3225
Simplex	76/14
Swadeshi	216/4
Vishnu	1210

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord	1407/8
Tata Hydro Ord	151/14
Tata Power Ord	1280

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	135
Ajmer Electrics	12/8
Amalgamated	12/6
Bombay Suburban	148/12
Bombay Tram	118/12
Surat Electrics	172/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	33/12
Associated Cements	110/
Belapur	
Bombay Burma New	16
Bombay Burma Old	49
Bombay Steam	221/
Bombay Telephone	80
Br B Petrol	3/8
Burma Corporation	5/14
Dalmia Cement	9/8
Indian Bleaching	123/2
Industrial Investment Tr	42
Indian Radio Ord	385/10
Indian Radio Defd	390
Indian Copper	2/2
Indian Iron	28/8
Mysore Sugar	30/8
Port Canning	69/4
Premier Construction	65
Rohtas Industries	25/10
Scindia Steam	49/
Shivrajpur	49/12
Tata Oil	45/8
Tata Steel Ordy	314/8
Tata Steel Defd	1510

JUTES

Birla Jute	14
Howrah	49/12
Hukumchand	5/8
Kamarhatty	455
Kanknarrah	344
Lawrence	322
Reliance	56/8

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 20th December	11,967
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	442,263
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	308,812
Increase	133,451

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: January 113 March 108 May 119 July 123 October 118 December 121 at cross rate 4.67 1/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1939 159 Liverpool May 1939 4.30 Rs. 50 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1939 162½ Liverpool July 1939 4.68 Rs. 43 3/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1939 159 New York May 8.14 Rs. 34 3/4 at cross rate 4.67 1/16

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1939 160 New York July 7.86 Rs. 28 at cross rate 4.67 1/16

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Dec 21

Broach A/M 1939 opening 157 3/4 highest 158 7/8 lowest 157 3/4 closing 158 1/2

Broach J/A opening 158 3/8 highest 159 1/2 lowest 158 1/4 closing 159 3/8

Oomra D/J opening 146 1/4 highest 147 3/8 lowest 146 closing 147 1/8

Oomra March opening 143 3/4 highest 145 1/4 lowest 143 3/4 closing 145 1/8

Bengal D/J opening 121 3/4 highest 123 1/4 lowest 121 3/8 closing 123 1/4

Bengal March opening 121 highest 122 3/8 lowest 120 3/4 closing 122 3/8

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (21-1-39) Rs. 3 1/2

Tejiman for Broach April May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 8 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach July August 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 13 1/2

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Dec. 22.

L Dreyfus s.s. Caithness of 3026 reg tons Capt N Pattison arrived from New York via Alexandria and Port Said in water ballast.

O S K s.s. Jedmoor of 2649 reg tons Capt R C Streets arrived from Yokohama via Japan Ports Singapore and Colombo with general cargo

L Edwards s.s. Aagtekerk of 4044 reg tons Capt C Vandermoss arrived from Rotterdam via Europe Ports Port Said Port Sudan Aden and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N s.s. Vita of 1955 reg tons Capt F Harrison arrived from Karachi via Porebunder Port Okha and Cutch Mandvi with passengers and general cargo.

F F Campbell s.s. Pres Monroe of 6505 reg tons Capt W H Veavers arrived from San Francisco via American Ports Kobe Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

P and O s.s. Rajputana of 9455 reg tons Capt W A Cotching arrived from London via Gibraltar Marseilles Port Said Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

Graham's Trdg. s.s. Loch Lomond of 3259 reg tons Capt J Thompson sailed for Aden in water ballast.

Ralli Bros s.s. Baron Dechmont of 2221 reg tons Capt P Liston sailed for Port Said for orders with local cargo.

K Nixon s.s. City of Johannesburg of 3583 reg tons Capt P Speakman sailed for Liverpool Manchester and Glasgow via Bedi Bunder Karachi and Port Said with local and same bottom cargo

B I S N s.s. Varsova of 1955 reg tons Capt W J Clerk sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo

P and O s.s. Rajputana of 9455 reg tons Capt W A Cotching sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N s.s. Gairsoppa of 3227 reg tons Capt J C Hornor sailed for Calcutta via Cochin and Colombo with local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 22/12/38.

S S Canto (MM) for Aden Port Said Europe and American Ports via London

S S Weissenfels (LE) for Aden Port Sudan Europe and American Ports via London

S S Kenugawa Maru (MBR) for Karachi Yokohama and Japan Ports

S S Pasha (TM) for Calicut Cochin Tuticorin Colombo and Rangoon

S S Simla (LE) for Madras Calcutta and Oslo

S S Varela (MM) for Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports

S S Tairea (MM) for Porebunder Marmagoa and African Ports

S S Orna (MM) for Calcutta.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 16th December 1938.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITOL—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and Subscribed — 2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up— 75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders— Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5 52 50 000
Fixed Deposits, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		81,43,69,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		3,14,000
Sundries		1,40,78,000
	Rupees	94,02,61,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	49,04,14,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,00,10,000	50,04,24,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	8,45,22,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	19,10,59,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,55,09,000	31,10,90,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		3,14,000
Dead Stock		1,91,94,000
Sundries		85,91,000
Bullion		1,20,000
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	6,04,77,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,00,51,000	10,05,28,000
	Rupees	94,02,61,000

FACILITIES FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Patil Opens Nagji Vishram Building At Poona

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, Dec. 22.

"The growth of industries postulates the existence of certain favourable conditions if we are to hold our own and prevent the drain of our country's gold to foreign countries. My own view is that the successful growth of industries is indissolubly linked up with the question of the conquest of power at the centre," said Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Industries, while performing the opening ceremony of the Liladhar Topan Nagji Vishram Building of the Deccan Education Society's Technical Institute at Poona on Thursday evening. The building is meant for the department of paints, pigments and varnishes.

The Hon. Mr. Patil in his speech said:—

I have very great pleasure in declaring open the Liladhar Topan and Nagji Vishram Building which has been constructed from the munificent donations given by well-known philanthropists of our province. The building is designed to provide accommodation for the machinery, apparatus and class rooms of the Technical Institute started last year by the Deccan Education Society which has quite a proud record of selfless service to the community in the field of Education. It was therefore in keeping with the brilliant traditions of the society that they should have been the first in providing facilities to students for training in Industrial technology. The need for providing such facilities cannot be greatly stressed. I believe manufacture of paints is an industry where we have comparative advantages. I am glad to say that you are doing your part in furthering the progress of industries while we also have stipulated that manufacturers who supply our requirements should provide facilities for training to Indian apprentices.

With regard to your request for a grant-in-aid towards the recurring and non-recurring expenditure of the Institute I wish to assure you that it will receive the most sympathetic consideration.

BR. COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS

Hodson's Address To European Progressive Group

"We must find before long, something wider, something more permanent and more inspiring to act as a unifying principle for our foreign policy. The sense of a common danger is not sufficiently unifying or strong. . . In solving many of the world problems, the British Commonwealth of Nations has led and in this respect India can give a lead to the British Commonwealth of Nations" This was the opinion expressed by Mr. H. V. Hodson, Editor of the "Round Table", while addressing a meeting of the European Progressive Group on Thursday night, on "British Commonwealth of Nations"

Referring to the foreign policy of the Commonwealth, the lecturer said that it was generally accepted that Dominions were entirely responsible for their own internal and external policy and as such they could not be expected to follow the policy of Great Britain. But due to attachment to Great Britain, the Dominions had accepted the position of being protected by the United Kingdom and at the same time being free to express their own opinions by way of criticisms. Mr. Hodson further stated that there was a tendency amongst the Dominions to question this position of Great Britain. He found this attitude at least amongst the labour representatives at the Commonwealth Conference held recently at Sydney.

Speaking about the foreign policy of Britain, Mr. Hodson said that it was likely to be more cautious. The interests of the Dominions would be taken into consideration. The Dominions he opined, were not in favour of a war. The most important point to be borne in mind was that the question of peace or war was not independent of any nation.

The speaker emphasized that the British Empire, through its development into a British Commonwealth, had destroyed "British Imperialism" as it had been understood.

HIGHER DENOMINATION CASH CERTIFICATES

New Facility For Investors

Post Office five-year Cash Certificates of the denominations of Rs. 2,000, Rs. 3,000, Rs. 4,000 and Rs.5,000 will be for sale for the first time from January 3, 1939. The highest denomination in which cash certificates are available at present is Rs. 1,000.

The highest amount of face value for which a person may purchase cash certificates remains the same, namely, Rs. 10,000.

The maturity period of these certificates will, like the others, be 5 years; their issue price as well as their surrender value will be proportionate to that of the existing series, and they will be available at all post offices authorised to transact Savings Bank business.

Moderate Hedge Selling By Bombay Houses

TRADE AND NEW ORLEANS BUYING

Spot Cotton Demand Slow

Bombay, Dec. 22.

The New York cotton market was a quiet pre-Holiday market on Wednesday, one of its few features being moderate hedge selling by Bombay houses in undoing spreads probably owing to reduced Indian crop estimate.

The market opened steady and was moderately active. Prices declined on long liquidation. Otherwise offerings were light and when foreign selling subsided, prices rallied on trade, local and New Orleans buying. Spot demand was slow and the market was steady.

At the opening March was quoted one point up at 8.32 and declined to 8.28 which was the lowest level. Later on prices advanced to 8.36 and the market closed at a net rise of 3 points to unshanged. Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 8.79c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 8.57c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 3 points with March 4.79. There was hedging against East Indian which was absorbed by short covering and local support on firmness of dollar and encouraging overseas advices. There was trade calling of nears but outside interest was negligible. The market closed at a rise of 8 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 5.19d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Giza futures advanced 9 to 10 points and Uppers closed at a rise of 4 to 6 points. The Alexandria cotton market was steady and Sakels futures closed 10 to 15 points up while Ashmouni futures gained 11 to 17 points.

Messrs. Langley and Co., have issued the following weekly report:—

Mr. Wallace, in his annual report, it seems, expressed opinions opposed to loans. The Chairman of the House Agricultural Committee, on the other hand, it was cabled on Monday, expects Congress to retain the crop control policy. Such reports, largely opposite in their market influence, typify current information cabled from America.

The fact of the matter is that until Congress meets, debates the various proposals and finally decides the issue of the farm programme, it is impossible to express a market opinion that is anything more than an assessment of possibilities. They are not even probabilities because the even course of discussion when Congress meets is certain to be upset by the schemes of Senators from the South whose enthusiasm for the farmer is greater than their grasp of what is and what is not practicable in the cotton trade. There will be sane schemes and crazy schemes. And no guarantee, until the final vote, that sanity will prevail.

DRIFT INTO LOAN

Meanwhile cotton continues to drift into the loan, the latest official figure (15h December) showing 3,436,000 bales in Government custody. Except in America, textiles are dull and the outlook for the textile industry clouded. Should the New Year bring a revival there is little doubt that the world's mill account as opposed to the U. S. mill account is underbought. And the spot position none too flexible to allow of any sudden broadening in demand. But, on the other hand, the textile industry outside America is not in its present condition as the result of an accident. The decline is due to a steady shrinkage in international trade which in turn is the reflection of an equally steady shrinkage in confidence and the capacity of the world to buy Exclude the U. S. A. and the British Empire and what is left in terms of buying power for the products of the U. S. A. and the British Empire? Very little. And from that little must be deducted the unproductive expenditure in Europe and the Far East on armaments.

When such is the case—and we would welcome any refutation of the premises of our argument—how can it reasonably be expected that the textile industry will improve and the demand for cotton broaden? There will, of course, be minor improvements but we regret we cannot see any solid foundation for progressive improvement. Today Europe, comparatively, is politically peaceful. This is the season of peace. But what guarantee is there that the Dictators are likely to exercise any greater sense of responsibility towards trade recovery during the next twelve months than has been in evidence since the Munich Pact? Marketwise we know of no yard stick to measure Dictators. And still less their intentions.

ANNUAL HOPE

There is the annual hope that the sun will rise on January the 1st brighter than it sets on December 31st. Maybe it will be so. But we can see little to justify more than moderate optimism and much in favour of caution. For the time being we think the cotton market is well left alone.

In Bombay, our market has fluctuated little but the undertone has remained steady. Necessity on the part of shippers to cover December commitments kept the Oomra basis firm but the almost complete absence of interest on the part of Japan bodes none too well for the outlook in January. The Oomra crop is smaller than originally seemed probable but it should not be overlooked that heavy December-January buying for shipment to the Far East was in more normal times, a regular feature in Indian markets. It offset heavy crop movement. This year crop movement is much smaller but the absence of even moderate demand from Japan must eventually tell on Oomra prices.

Demand from the Continent and Liverpool is equally slow and must remain so until the Indian-Liverpool parity widens.

SHIPPERS' DEMAND

On the spot market shippers have bought C. P.'s, Central India, Mughlai, Khandeish and, to a lesser extent, Berars. Demand on mill accounts has been small and confined almost entirely to staple styles. The supply of staple cotton this season looks something less than adequate but in non-staple styles there is no incentive to buy other than for immediate needs owing to the gloomy outlook in textiles. Whether to curtail production, and by so doing increase the cost of manufacture, or to continue running on the present scale in the hope that cloth markets will improve is the major mill problem of the moment. Indian cloth markets are beginning to feel the effects of low commodity prices on purchasing power. That is not only a fundamental factor but also one that changes only slowly.

Had American markets been more encouraging during the last few weeks, India would have advanced on full parity. But the absence of any real confidence in America and the nearer approach of Broach crop movement are beginning to act against Bombay. We suggest that, pending a clarification of the outlook, even the Bombay market is better left alone.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (11-45 a.m.) ..... 8.36+05
New York March lowest (10-59 a.m.) ..... 8.28—03
Liverpool March highest ..... 4.83+07
Liverpool March lowest ..... 4.77+01

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool:—Cotton would buy on setbacks preferably May.

Wheat buy setbacks.

Metals buy now.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Spot position tightens every day. Think nears will continue widen against distants. Still recommend March purchases as bull hedges still to be covered.

New York: East Indian crop estimate prompted some liquidation straddle between New York and Bombay. To-day's buying mostly for trade. Firm undertone.

New York Bombay parity not affected by smaller crop estimates India in spite of Bombay selling. Steady buying by trade near months.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 21

January	8.34
March	8.34+03
May	8.14+02
July	7.86+02
October	7.59+03
December	7.62+03
Middling Spot	8.79+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Dec 21

January	8.47+02
March	8.47+02
May	8.27+02
Middling Spot	8.57+02

NEW YORK

New York, Dec 21

11-00 A.M. RANGES—

January	8.31/8.31
March	8.30/8.30
May	8.10/8.09

NOON CALL—

March	8.35
May	8.14

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Dec 21

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	5,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	4,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	5,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	11,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 21

December	4.87+08
January	4.85+08
February	4.84+08
March	4.83+07
April	4.80+07
May	4.78+07
June	4.71+06
July	4.66+06
August	4.60+05
September	4.55+05
October	4.50+04
November	4.51+04
December	4.53+05
Middling Spot	5.19+06

10-12 a.m. quotations

January	4.81
March	4.79

LONDON SEEDS

London, Dec 21

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Dec sellers	11-0-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Jan sellers	12-11-3
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Jan sellers	12-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Dec Jan sellers	11-12-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Dec Jan sellers	11-0-0

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Dec 21

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan Feb sellers	21/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Jan Feb sellers	23/3
Wheat South Australian parcels Dec Jan sellers	23/3

LINSEED OIL

London, Dec 21

Linseed oil London per cwt naked Jan sellers	23/1 1/2
Linseed oil London per cwt naked Feb April sellers	23

LONDON RUBBER

London, Dec 21

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers	8 1/8

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Dec 21

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality ... 5 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec 22

Following a rise of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 158/12 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 159/2 with scattered buying. Later on the market was quietly steady at Rs. 159 with a restricted turnover.

Liverpool market opened unchanged and later on was quoted one point up. The local market was steady with Broach A/M quoted at Rs. 158/14 and the market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—			
Broach A/M	158	8	0
Broach J/A	159	6	0
Fine M G—			
Oomra D/J	146	14	0
Oomra March	145	2	0
F G M G—			
Bengal D/J	121	12	0
Bengal March	121	4	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec. 22.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	131	128	125	122	
Punjab	131	128	125	122	
Rajputana	132	129	126	123	
Oomra No. 3	157	154	151	148	...
C. P. No. 1	171	168	165	162	...
C P. No. 2	163	160	157	154	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 22.

Bengal Superfine 133/35
Bengal Fine 130/31 Dec. +5; Jan. +4
Bengal F.G. 127/28
C. P. 1 167/68 Dec. +20; Jan. +17.
C. P. 2 157/58 Dec. +12; Jan. +9.
Arvi 159/60
Amraoti 152/53
Ellichpur 155/56
Berar 151/52 Dec. +4 1/2; Jan. +3 12
Malkapur 149/50
Khandesh 140/45
Jalna/Sailu 145/46
Burwah/Sanavad 152/54
Khandwa 152/54
Mathia F.G. 124/26
Broach March +3 1/2
Punjab 4 F. 181/84 Dec. +25
Punjab 289F. 214/19 Dec. +59
Sindh N.T. 199/211

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec. 22.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September. In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	692	12,441	926
Central India	4,634	58,513	350
Barsi and Nagar	617	12,995	7,632
Hyderabad-Gaorani	90	971	1,594
Berar	1,754	41,905	22,147
Central Provinces	653	15,062	4,372
Total Oomras	8,440	141,887	37,021
Dholera	956	56,481	3,822
N.-W. Provinces		536	1,454
Rajputana	497	10,949	95
Sind-Punjab	2,061	96,389	126,954
Broach	170	12,088	1,406
Coompta and Dharwar	133	11,890	7,660
Westerns-Northerns	441	11,229	811
Cocoanada	5	6	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,121	811
American		512	21,342
Egyptian, African and Sudan		110,872	117,309
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		6	570
Total	12,703	454,966	318,367

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 15th Dec. In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	552	60,779	52,652
Japan and China	3,230	323,226	67,200
Coast Ports		10,903	23,295
Up-country by Rail		89,740	110,776
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		23,943	2,266
Total	3,782	508,561	256,189

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 21-12-38	2931000	5560000
Receipts Yesterday 21-12-38	5000	16000
Exports to date 21-12-38	1907000	3149000
Stock at Ports 16-12-38	3085000	3284000
Stock at Interior Towns 16-12-38	3467000	2638000
Stock at Liverpool 16-12-38	1086000	982000
Visible Supply 16-12-38	7905000	7654000
Quantity in sight 16-12-38	7015000	9814000
Quantity out of sight 16-12-38	4745000	5041000

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Dec 21

GIZA—	
Spot	7.63+7
January	7.22+9
March	7.19+9
May	7.15+10
GIZA No. 2—	
January	7.18+8
March	7.28+9
May	7.33+9
July	7.36+10
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.05+8
January	5.91+5
March	5.97+5
May	6.03+5
July	6.05+6
October	6.01+4
November	5.89+4

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Dec 22

February	52.70
March	52.70

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec 22

January	204.30+30
February	204.00
March	204.00

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Dec 22

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 5d. to £7-9-3. London Paris Exchange rate declined 18 points at 177.10. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.67 1/16. London silver prices declined 1/16d. to 20 1/16d. There was little speculative buying and American trade buying at the decline. There was some buying at fixed rates but sellers were holding back. New York silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 0/8. London Bombay Spot parity is Rs. 52-15-3 and forward Rs. 51-7-3. The local market was fairly steady with some short covering otherwise business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow.

GOLD

Ready	37	4	0
Posh delivery	37	4	9
Posh Tejimandi	0	3	0
Maha delivery	37	5	6
Maha Tejimandi	0	5	3

SILVER

Ready	51	1	6
Posh delivery	51	0	6
Posh Tejimandi	0	12	0
Maha delivery	50	14	0
Maha Tejimandi	1	3	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec 21

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	19 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec 21

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-9-3

LONDON METALS

London, Dec 21

Copper	£44 2 6
Lead	£15 6 3
Spelter	£14 0 0
Tin	£215 5 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec 22

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£44-0-0
Standard copper 3 months	£44-5-0
Electrolytic copper	£50-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40-4-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 48-0-0

Tone: Steady.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Dec. 21.

January	£10-3-9
February	£10-3-9

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Dec 22

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	29	2	0
Highest	29	5	0
Lowest	29	2	0
Closing	29	4	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	29	0	0
Highest	29	2	3
Lowest	28	12	6
Closing	28	14	6
Cottonseed Jan—			
Opening	22	6	0
Highest	22	10	6
Lowest	22	6	0
Closing	22	6	6
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	22	7	0
Highest	22	11	9
Lowest	22	7	0
Closing	22	8	6

Argentine Linseed

London, Dec 21

December	£11 Hull

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Dec 21

December	56 1/8d.
March	53 7/8d.
May	54 1/2d.
March	51 5/8d. New
May	52 5/8d. New

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Dec 21

December	dol 0.63 3/4
May	dol 0.66 3/8
July	dol 0.66

U. S. A. WHEAT CROP

The U.S.A. Government Report was published after the close of the markets and was about as expected. Details are as follows:—

Winter Wheat acreage sown:—1938 46,173,000; 1937 57,492,000; 5 years average 1927-1932 45,290,000.

The indicated production of winter wheat is 485 million bushels, condition being 72 per cent.

New York Sugar

New York, Dec 21

March	1.94
May	1.98
July	2.01
September	2.05

LONDON SUGAR

London, Dec 21

March	sh. 6 2 1/2d

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Dec 21

SAKELS—	
January	12.88+10
March	13.07+15
May	13.27+14
ASHMOUNI—	
December	10.37+11
February	10.52+17
April	10.58+16
GIZA—	
January	12.74+19
March	12.94+21
May	13.05+22

LONDON SPELTER

London, Dec 21

Spelter Hard (Indian brand) f o b ..... 12 1/2 to 13 1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec 22

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 98/4
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 99/4
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 101/6
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 102/10
3 per cent 1963/65 98
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 105
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 108/4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 111/4
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 118/4
5 per cent U P Bonds 98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan 101/10
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 105

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1943/55 Loan 115/11
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1974 B P T 110/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb 109/8
4 per cent 1974 M Deb 119
5 per cent 1954 M Deb 130

Tone: Quietly steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Dec 22

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32 near
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/8 1/32 to March 1/6 April/Nov.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 288 1/4
Bank's buying T T 285
Bank's buying D D 284 1/4

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,307
Bank's buying T T 1,336

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 77 7/8
Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 63 3/8

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 63 1/4

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 47 1/8

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/8

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/2

CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.66.93 21st instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 22nd instant
Hongkong London 1/3 22nd instant
Shanghai London 0/8 22nd instant
Java London 8.55 3/4 22nd instant
London Paris 177.10 21st instant
London Belgium 27.66 1/2 21st instant
London Switzerland 20.64 1/2 21st instant
London Berlin 11.62 1/2 21st instant
London Stockholm 19.42 3/8 21st instant
London New York 4.66.15 21st instant
London Amsterdam 8.57 7/8 21st instant
London Italy 88.60 21st instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Near.
Gold £7-8-10 20th instant
Gold £7-9-3 21st instant
Silver London Ready 20 1/8 20th instant
Silver London Ready 20 1/16 21st instant
Silver London Forward 19 1/2 20th instant
Silver London Forward 19 7/16 21st instant
Silver New York Ready 43 20th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 21st instant
London discounts 3 months 1-1 1/16 per cent 20th instant
London discounts 3 months 1-1 1/16 per cent 21st instant
London discounts 6 months 1-1 1/16 per cent 20th instant
London discounts 6 months 1-1 1/16 per cent 21st instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—
Call 1 per cent.
3 months 1 1/2 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Firm.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Dec 21

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	75 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	89 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	107 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	69 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War loan	97 1/2
4 per cent Funding loans 1960/90	107 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ord	43/9

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec 22

Yarn No. 6 1/2s December 96 February 96 April 97
Yarn No. 10 1/2s December 105 February 106 April 107
Yarn No. 20 1/2s December 143 February 144 April 145
Yarn No. 40s December 221 February 222 April 223

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 21

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	75 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 p.c. 1931 or later	89 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	69 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	97 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	97 1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	107 1/8
Victory Bonds	106 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	9 1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London rep	80
National Bank of India	33
P and O Banking Corporation	10

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 21

T T London on:

New York	4.66.15
Paris	177.10
Berlin	11.62 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.70 7/8
Amsterdam	8.57 5/8
Brussels	27.66 1/2
Milan	88.60
Berne	20.64 1/2

Tata Steel Shares Improve

PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT AND SHORT COVERING

Cotton Mill Shares Steady

BOMBAY, Dec. 22.

The Wall Street market yesterday was quiet with scattered selling but the undertone continues cheerful on hopes of better business next year and U.S. Steel shares declined dol. 1|2 while Anaconda Copper Mining Shares closed dol. 3|8 down.

The local market was influenced favourably on reports of extensive expenditure on public shelter and it was believed that the Armament programme will exert due favourable influence in the long run.

There was cessation of selling and prices quickly improved on short covering. The extent of improvement was not great but the undertone of the market remains good. Fresh business was restricted in view of holidays and some were reported evening up their open business.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1490 and improved to Rs. 1515 on professional support and short covering. At the rise there was some long liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 1505 but again rallied on renewed support and steadied at Rs. 1512|8. Cotton Mills shares were also fairly steady. Steel Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 315.

The market will remain open for one hour to-morrow and, then will close for annual holidays and will re-open on 3rd January.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Dec. 22.

100	Ahmd. Advance	420 0
200	BOMBAY DYEING	873 12
100	CENTURY	239 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	233 8
100	COLABA	141 0
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	320 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0 5 3
100	Finlay	118 12
100	GOKAK	153 8
1,000	Hindustan	1,705 0
100	Indore	55 0
100	Khatau	117 8
100	KOHINOOR	258 0
150	Laxmi	515 0
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	135 0
250	Model	54 0
50	MYSORE	89 0
200	NEW GREAT	215 0
100	Oosmanshahi	40 0
100	PHOENIX	223 0
25	Sassoon Silk	71 0
1,000	Sholapur	3225 0
50	SIMPLEX	77 8
100	SWADESHI	217 8
100	Swan	112 0
500	Vishnu	1210 0
1,000	Westerns	860 0

BANKS

50-10	Baroda	115 12
25-50	Central	30 1 0
500	Imperial	1571 4
125-500	Imp. Conty.	385 0
50-100	India	148 4
100	Reserve Bank	115 8
5	Unions	5 12 0

CEMENTS

100	Associated	110 12

INSURANCE

100-500	Empire	685 0
15-100	Jupiter	13 2
20	Mercantile	52 0
15-100	New India	37 6
200	Oriental	4300 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 2

ELECTRIC

100	Ah. Old	135 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1410 0
10	Ajmer	11 14
10	Amalgmd.	12 0
50	Bombay Tram	119-4
100	Bombay Suburban	148 12
10	Broach	10 0
100	Karachi	190 0
100	Poona	170 10
100	Surat	172 8
100	TATA HYDRO	152 0
100	TATA POWERS	1,282 0

RAILWAYS

100	Ahmedabad Prantij	950 0
100	C. Province	101 8
100	Dn. Baramati	103 12
100	Gujarat	100 12
100	Mandra Bhon	102 0
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Serajganj	104 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Dec 22

Bombay Dyeing (866/4) 865 872 870 873/12
Century (236) 236 237 238 239
Central India (232) 232 233 233/8
Kohinoor (256) 257-258
New Great (213/8) 215
Simplex (76/12) 76/8 77 77/8
Swadeshi (215/8) 215 216 217/8
Associated Cement (109/4) 109/4 109/12 110/12
Andhra (1400) 1410
Tram Ord (119) 119/4
Tata Hydro (152) 152
Tata Power (1277/8) 1275 1285 1282
T Steel Defd (1490) 1485 1500 1512 1510 1515 1512
T Steel Ord (311/8) 311/8 313 315 316 314/8 315/8 315
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (159/12) 160
Bellapur (178/8) 178 180 181
B Steam (219) 219 222
B Burma (488) 487 490 491 493

500	Tapti Valley	751 4

MINING.

9	Burma Corp.	5 14
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 2
10	Indian Iron and Steel	28 14
10	Shivrajpur	50 0
70	TATA STEEL DEFDS	1,512 8
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	315 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	335 0
60	BELAPUR SUGAR XD	181 0
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	840 0
150	BOMBAY STEAM	222 0
125	B. BURMA XD	493 0
50	Bombay Conty. XD	166 14
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-8-6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	80 4
100	I. BLEACHING	123 0
50	Invest Trust	42 8
100	I. Radio Defd	390 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	380 0
100	Port Canning	69 4
40	Premier Con.	65 4
15	Scindia	19 0
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	45 12

PREFERENCE.

5	1|2 Amalgmad (T. F.)	106 0
7	p. c. Andhra Valley	1510 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam XD	283 12
5	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	73 0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	555 0
6½	p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	108 0
6-1|4	p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	148 12
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1603 12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	208 8
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	160 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	717 8

DEBENTURES.

3-3|4	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 6
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 4
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	52 8
7	p.c. Sholapur	80 4
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	108 0

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

All India Cotton Crop Estimate

OFFICIAL FIGURES FOR 1938-39

The Statement below shows the present estimates of Area and Yield classified according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton:—

Description.	Area (acres.) 1938.	Yield (400 lbs. B|s) 1938.	Area (acres) 1937.	Yield (400 lbs. B|s) 1937.
Oomras	9,954,000	1,639,000	10,728,000	1,939,000
Bengals	3,461,000	919,000	3,817,000	1,174,000
Dholleras	2,173,000	351,000	2,232,000	448,000
Broach	1,421,000	386,000	1,458,000	355,000
Americans	2.437,000	843,000	2,439,000	834,000
Others	3,603,000	659,000	3,602,000	684,000
Total ..	23,049,000	4,797,000	24,276,000	5,434,000

This shows a decrease of 5 per cent. in the estimated area and a decrease of 13 per cent. in the estimated Yield.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec 21

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
Amr Water Works Com	12
Electric Bond Common	10 1/4
United Corporation	3 1/8
American Tel and Tel	145 1/2
Western Union Telg	21
New York Central	18 3/4
Texas Corporation	44 3/4
Union Carbide	88
National Distillers	27
Guranty Trust	228
United States Steel	65 1/4
Crucible Steel	39
Crucible Steel 7 per cent Pfd	87
Ludlum Steel	25
Republic Steel	23
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	8
Anaconda Copper Mining	33 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	53 1/2
General Motors	48 3/4
General Electric	42
American Radiator	17
Barnsdall Oil	18
Consolidated Oil	8 1/2
Socony Oil	12 3/4
Chase Bank	29 1/4
National City Bank	21 3/4
National Dairy	12
Ligett Meyers B	75

Turnover 1 million shares. Business prospects for the first quarter next year are very favourable.

Regd. No. B 1065

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AND LEADING BANKS AND JEWELLERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1938

Let Leaders Speak Out Truth, However Unpalatable

The Distinguishing Mark Of A Democracy

MAURICE GWYER'S CONVOCATION ADDRESS AT DELHI UNIVERSITY

LAHORE, December 22.

"The menace to the liberty of the world is a very real one. It is not to be countered by a parade of democratic principles and the passing of resolutions. Action must be met by action, and the democracies of the world will only survive if they are able to convince the average man that they can give him a better deal than the totalitarian States."

Thus observed the Hon'ble Sir Maurice Gwyer, Chief Justice of India and Vice-Chancellor of the Delhi University, in the course of his Convocation address at the Punjab University, this morning.

Sir Maurice Gwyer, after giving a masterly comparison between the two systems of Government who have come to be known as democracy and totalitarian, pointed out the profound change in political thought throughout Europe that has taken place after the Great War, and said:—

"The re-adjustments which the democracies will have to make if they are to stand up successfully to this danger which threatens them are likely to be considerable, but I see no escape from them.

First and foremost, we have to make certain of our security so that we may not feel that we are living our lives on sufferance and enjoying only such liberty as other states may see fit to allow us. We have to submit to a good deal more of discipline than we have been accustomed to or than we may find agreeable; but it will be a discipline voluntarily assumed by free men, and not forced upon us from without. And behind this bulwark against external aggression we shall have to remove, as far as possible, those causes of discontent which sometimes tempt a man to sell his birthright for a mess of pottage, and which are the real and most effective weapons which fortune can put into a would-be dictator's hand.

"Next, we shall have to undertake the task of restating our fundamental principles in the light of new conditions. We must above all hold fast to the rule of law, but we must see that its application does not afford even a plausible excuse for those who are always ready to criticise the law as laying a dead-hand upon human progress, and lawyers as caterpillars of the commonwealth rather than as ministers of justice.

So also with the right to express our own opinions and beliefs. This right is never an absolute one, since it must always be conditioned by considerations of public order and tranquality on the one hand, and the right of our fellow-citizens to have their characters protected against defamation on the other. But it may also become necessary for us to submit voluntarily to certain further restrictions on the right of public discussion, whether in the Press, in the Legislature, or in public meetings, principally, I think, in order to secure greater efficiency and more rapid action in the conducts of public affairs, but also to prevent the accentuation of points of difference between one interest and another and the exacerbation of public sentiment by those who seek profit to themselves in intestinal faction.

SELF-DENYING ORDINANCE

I am not suggesting a system of censorship or the suppression of free speech; I have rather in mind a greater measure of self-control and self-restraint imposed by a self-denying audience on themselves by men who take part in the government of democratic countries, by those whose duty and function it is to constitute an opposition to government, by those who seek legitimately to form and influence public opinion.

"Then, as the complement of this voluntary discipline which I have amused that the ordinary citizens will be prepared to impose upon themselves, they are entitled to require from the leaders to whom they have given their confidence an unselfish and upright administration of the affairs of the community. They will expect these men to assume the burden of responsibility themselves and not to shift it on to the shoulders of others, in other words, to be leaders and not mere agents, and above all, they will expect their leaders to tell them the truth, however difficult and unpleasant it may be. This ought to be the distinguishing mark of a democracy that it can bear to hear the truth."

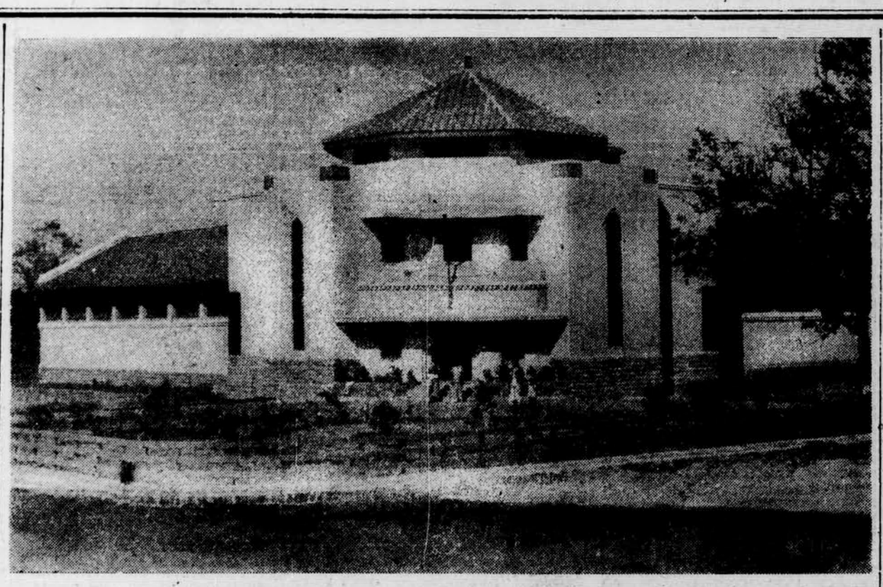
Continuing Sir Maurice Gwyer said: "The pivot of all democratic systems must be the ordinary citizen. Just as with the progressive advance of civilization and of our ideals of duty and obligation, the standard implied by the test of the reasonable man is constantly rising, so too our conception of a good citizen ought to advance with each successive generation; and the higher the average standard in a democratic country the more closely will that country approximate to the democratic ideal."

Proceeding the speaker observed that the democracies, if they wished to escape the fate that had befallen other democracies, must by timely action afford the ordinary citizen no excuse for seeking elsewhere a remedy for evils which democracy might have shown itself unable to cure.

RESULTS BY BLOOD AND IRON.

The totalitarian states had produced the results by blood and iron. Was it to be said that the democratic states could not achieve by a voluntary and cheerful discipline that which elsewhere had only been achieved by compulsion? If they could not, they deserved to fail and they would not long maintain their position in the world against a formidable and efficient opponent.

Referring to the main functions of a University, Sir Maurice Gwyer said: "I think that today a University, which teaches the love of truth and the principles of honour, and which inculcates a reverence for what is ancient, is teaching its students at the same time to set the highest value on human liberty, even though no reference to human liberty occurs in its studies. For human liberty is bound up with the love of truth, the principles of honour and reverence for what is free and great. These are no new things to the free and virile people of this province. They have long known them, practised them, and fought them. You will have to carry on the same tradition; and if you carry into your public and private lives that chastity of honour of which Edmund Burke has spoken in a passage known to you all, you will do the greatest possible service to democracy. You will elevate political life, you will know corruption in public affairs for the foul thing it is, and you will, by the best of all arguments, by your own example, prove to your fellow-citizens that democracy can look to a dictatorship in the face and not to be ashamed."—United Press.



View of the Magan Museum and Udyoga Bhavan, Wardha, which will be opened by Mahatmaji on the 30th of this month.

TENANCY ACT TO BE CHALLENGED

Bengal Landholders To File Test Cases

CALCUTTA, Dec. 21.

Although legal opinion consulted so far has not been unanimous, the Bengal landholders, the "United Press" reliably understands, will test the validity of some provisions of the recently amended Bengal Tenancy Act, which, in their opinion, contravene Sec. 299 of the India Government Act being expropriatory in character, before Calcutta High Court in the first instance and then before the Federal Court.

This decision was arrived at by the Executive Committee of the Bengal Landholders Association yesterday night.

Pursuant to this decision, the Committee will soon issue an appeal to members of their order for raising funds for instituting a test case in this connection.

Enquiries show that opinion so far has been sought from eminent lawyers, including Sir B. L. Mitter, Advocate General of the Federal Court and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru.—United Press.

CONGRESSMEN EXPELLED

Sequel To Trouble In Nagpur Civic Affairs

NAGPUR, Dec. 21.

Messrs. G. D. Dhawle and E. S. Patwardhan have been informed by Mr. Y. G. Shirke, President of the Nagpur Town Congress Committee, of the following finding of the Provincial Congress Committee:—

"You have committed an act of indiscipline in not resigning from the Municipal Committee of Nagpur, and by such undemocratic act brought the Congress into disrepute. So you have been expelled from the Congress and the Congress Municipal Party, and in future you are debarred from enrolling as primary members of the Congress without the previous sanction of the Provincial Congress Committee."

The Nagpur Town Congress Committee has, therefore, struck off their names from the rolls of primary Congress members.

Mr. Dhawle is the ex-President of the Nagpur Town Congress Committee and at present President of the Municipal Committee. Mr. Patwardhan, ex-Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee, is at present Vice-President of the Nagpur Municipality.—United Press

Aney For Sholapur

SHOLAPUR, Dec. 21.

In connection with the All-India Aryan Congress which commences on Sunday Mr. M. S. Aney, President-elect, arrives here on Sunday morning when he will be taken in procession through the city.—United Press.

DEMAND FOR FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND ASSOCIATION

Bombay Provincial Students' Federation Urges Compulsory Recognition Only Of Non-Communal And Non-Sectarian Students' Unions

SURAT (By Mail).

The third Bombay Provincial Students' Federation held here adopted several resolutions of far-reaching importance.

The Federation resolved that legislation for the compulsory recognition of only the non-communal and non-sectarian Students' Unions by the University as well as by other educational authorities be enacted that there shall be complete freedom of speech and organisation to the students in schools and colleges; that free and compulsory primary education shall be provided for all on the basis of one school for every unit of 500 souls; and that compulsory physical training in schools and compulsory military training in colleges without any obligation to serve in any Imperialist War, be immediately introduced.

Resolutions also were adopted appealing to Government to take immediate steps to secure for the educated unemployed new and stable avenues of employment, condoling the death of Kemal Ataturk and Maulana Shaukat Ali and congratulating the students of the Osmania University (Hyderabad), Rajkot, Kala Bhavan (Baroda), Grant Medical College (Bombay), Missionary Institution (Miraj), Travancore and Bhavnagar on their struggle to assert their rights and get their grievances redressed.

Other resolutions direct all Students' Unions in the province to carry on the literary campaign launched during last summer and appeal to Government to help the campaign in every way, and ask students to intensify their fight against the new Constitution, particularly the Federation.—United Press.

NEED OF LAND FOR INDIANS IN TRANSVAAL

Indian Agent-General's Plea Before Asiatic Land Laws Commission

New Delhi, (By Mail).

"In Transvaal, trade is almost the sole occupation of the Indian, and the importance to him of security of tenure of a business site is so obvious as to need no comment", remarked Mr. Rama Rau, Agent-General for India, in evidence before the Asiatic Land Laws Commission in Johannesburg, under the chairmanship of Mr Justice J. Murray.

He maintained that the refusal of ownership rights led to slum conditions. To solve this problem, he urged that the Commission should recommend that Asiatics be given the right to own land.

A SINGLE CASE

After pointing out that the present inquiry was into the acquisition of property through nominees, companies or European or Malay wives since 1932, Mr. Rau said, he understood so far only one case of the purchase of land by a European wife of an Asiatic had been brought to the notice of the commission.—United Press.

It is understood that a proposal is under consideration for holding the meetings of the Madras Legislative Council in the Banqueting Hall, Government House pending completion of permanent arrangements for housing it in the remodelled Chamber in Fort St George.

RANGOON EDITOR SENT TO JAIL

RANGOON, Dec. 22.

U. Saw, leader of the Myochit Party and Chief Editor of the "Sun," and two others were prosecuted under Section 40 of the Rangoon Town Police Act, in connexion with the procession on December 19.

They pleaded guilty and were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100, in default, to undergo two months' imprisonment.

They refused to pay the fine and will therefore be gaoled.—A. P.

NO CHANGE IN FOREIGN POLICY

BELGRADE, Dec. 22.

No change in home or foreign policy is prophesied by Dr. Stoyadinovitch following extensive Cabinet reshuffle yesterday. The most important of the changes, which follow the elections, is the dropping of Father Koroshetz, Minister for Interior. It is semi-officially stated that he expressed a desire to take rest.

There are altogether six new men in the reconstructed cabinet, including Aghimovich (Interior) and Letitzaduchan (Finance). Dr. Stoyadinovitch emphasised that the former and present ministers will remain friends and collaborators.—Reuter.

HAROON CAN'T SHAKE OFF COMMUNALISM

KARACHI, Dec. 21

Sir Abdulla Haroon has issued the following statement to the Press on the recent resolutions of the Congress Working Committee on communal bodies and representation of minority communities on Congress organisations:—

"Their resolution declaring the Muslim League and the Hindu Mahasabha as "communal bodies", brings the question to the fore that if the Muslims and the Hindus are thus excluded from the pale of the Congress organisation, whom will the Congress now represent and in whose name will it now speak? Is it not thus reduced to the position of an organisation of a few Hindu well-trained politicians, depending more on their own wits than on the sanction and allegiance of the two great Muslim and Hindu communities of India?—United Press

The belief that the British Navy is the strongest force for peace of the world was expressed by Sir Holberry Mensforth, Director of the Clydebank shipbuilding firm of John Brown, speaking after the launching of the destroyer 'Javelin' from Browns yards.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — GUNMAN'S BLUFF

9-22
THE HYDROGEN-FILLED BALLOON FLOATS HIGHER AS WADE PAYS OUT THE LINE.....
YOU KILLED ME, BUT I RETURN TO HAUNT YOU - TO HAUNT YO
DID YA HEAR THAT? IT - IT MUST BE TH' POLICE!
POLICE, NOTHIN'! THAT SOUNDED LIKE CONNORS!
LOOK!

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The Bombay Chronicle

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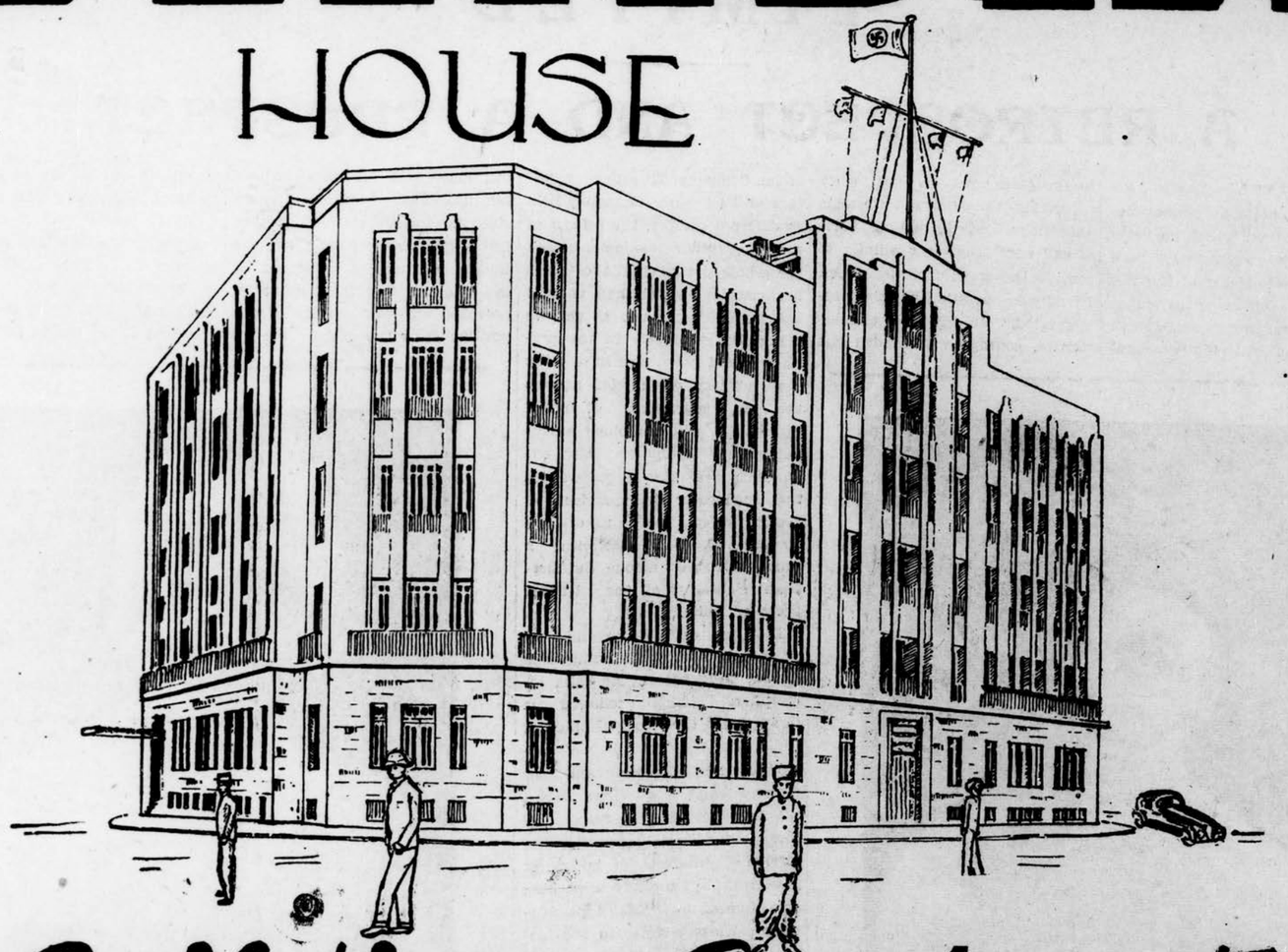
SCINDIA HOUSE



Building Supplement

THE SCINDIA

Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

ASSOCIATED COMPANIES:-

Scindia Steamships (London) Ltd

Scindia Steamships (Burma) Ltd.

Narottam Limited.

The Hind Lines, Ltd.

The Haj Line, Ltd.

The Bengal Burma Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

The Indian Co-operative Navigation & Trading Co., Ltd.

The National Shipping Agency, Ltd.

The Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

The Eastern Bunkerers, Ltd.

Eastern Bunkerers (Burma) Ltd.

Narottam & Pereira, Ltd.

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., LIMITED

A RETROSPECT AND A PROSPECT

The spirit of Indian Shipping stands to-day enshrined in its earthly home.

The "Scindia House" represents a national ideal in the process of realisation.

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., which will be housed in this modern building of imposing aspect and aspiring lines, was ushered into existence on the crest of the national economic wave which struck this country during that period of creative resurgence which came in the wake of the Great War.

Pioneers Of Indian Shipping

The occasion found its men. Mr. Narottam Morarjee whose name will go down in history as the founder of modern Indian Shipping, in conjunction with the late Sir Lalubhai Samaldas and Mr. Kilachand Devchand, respectively, the guiding philosopher and the merchant prince of Bombay Commerce, were captivated by the vision and enterprise which Mr. Walchand Hirachand, the present Chairman of the Company, brought to bear upon the remoulding of India's economic future.

The purchase of the s.s. *Loyalty*, which provided the starting point in the effort to recreate a national mercantile marine for India, was followed by the flotation of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. The early efforts of the Company to run an Indian service between Bombay and Genoa provided the seed out of which has grown the present position of the Company with its varied cargo and passenger services.

In quick succession came the acquisition of a fleet of six modern cargo steamers which were the forerunners of the twenty first class steamers engaged in the coastal services of the Company. This modest fleet of young freighters has recently been enlarged by the construction of the two de luxe steamers, the *s.s. El Madina* and the *s.s. El Hind*, which have been specially built for carrying the Indian Haj pilgrims to their annual devotions.

The Thorny Road To Success

The road to the present position of the Company was, however, full of hindrances and difficulties deliberately strewn in the path by powerful foreign vested interests. It has been the practice of these monopolistic organisations to stifle at its very birth, by means fair or foul, Indian enterprise in this field which the foreigners have presumptuously called the sphere of their trade. But the alien interests that had so far successfully annihilated more than forty *swadeshi* ventures in the shipping line were to meet with their match in the Scindia Company.

No sooner did the newly purchased ships of the Scindia Company arrive on the Indian Coast, a rate-war was started and ruthlessly conducted by the hostile foreign interests. But for the financial resources of the Company, the far-sighted leadership of the Board of Directors and the determined national outlook of the shareholders, even the Scindia Company would have been added to the long list of the victims of the unscrupulous tactics of the entrenched anti-Indian interests. The rate-war was not their only weapon. The foreign ship-owners threatened the Indian merchants with a forfeiture of their deferred rebates if they dared to ship cargo by vessels of their national company. Moreover, the ships of the Scindia Company, though classed 100 A1 by Lloyds in London, were being treated by Insurance Companies, presumably under direction from their Head Offices in foreign countries, as second class risks, a manoeuvre which would normally have prevented many prospective clients from extending their patronage only among the Directors who were guiding the policy of the Company but also among the shippers who were providing the cargo for steamers of the Company.

Among the early patrons of the Company, honourable mention must be made of the strong support the ships of the Company received at the hands of the late Sir Abdul Karim Jamal and Mr. Mulji Dharsi who were the virtual rulers of the rice markets in Burma, that furnish the bulk of the cargo carried in the vessels to the Company. In those early days, even the Port and Customs authorities at the various ports of call were not over-willing to provide the small facilities which friendly co-operation has since inaugurated. Under such circumstances, courage was needed not only to withstand the fierce onslaughts of the foreign rivals but also to overcome the internal difficulties of the Company. Threats of forfeiture of large sums of money held as deferred rebates, the refusal of space for other shipments and the whole paraphernalia of petty harassments which had enabled the foreign interests to achieve a practical monopoly in the pre-war era did not now have the same efficacy when tried against the new generation of Indian merchants who combined ardent nationalist sympathy with enlightened self-interest. No wonder that soon after their arrival in Indian waters, the ships of the Scindia Company met with a warm welcome among the merchant classes at all the leading ports of India.

This new attitude on the part of the mercantile community had its due influence in the calm atmosphere which followed the struggle for the coastal trade of India. The identity in the outlook of the Company and the country which has characterised the activities of the Scindia all these years at last compelled the foreign interests, howsoever powerful, to come to a working arrangement in 1923. A particularly glorious chapter in the history of joint stock effort in Indian commerce is provided by the patriotic fervour with which the shareholders of the Company who saw their capital gradually wiped out in course of the rate-war waged against the Scindia Company by its foreign rivals, were resolved to resist the efforts of the alien vested interests to tempt them by monetary baits. However, in thus consolidating its entry into the coastal trade, the Scindia Company had to give up its interest in the overseas trade between Indian and continental ports in which the Company had berthed in a short period, as many as fifty steamers.

Reorganisation

When the rate-war between the two exhausted rivals was brought to an end, a much needed breathing space was provided to the national concern which had grown anaemic with the continued loss of its life-blood. The finances of the Company were re-organised and capital of the Company was reduced to make up for the losses resulting from the rate-war. The first arrangement was later modified in a more equitable manner under the auspices of Sir Joseph Bhore, the first Indian Commerce Member of the Imperial Executive Council, and it helped to restore the confidence of the public in the stability and the future of the Scindia Company. This was manifested beyond question when new shares worth sixty lacs of rupees were issued to meet the new requirements of the Company. These shares were all absorbed among the existing shareholders of the Company who had by now grown confident in the future prospects of their Company.

The intervening period between the two working agreements was, however, characterised by the growth of an intense interest in Indian Shipping throughout the country, which turned the internal affairs of a Company into a matter of lively concern for the whole nation. This immense national interest in the development of an Indian Mercantile Marine was naturally reflected in the Central Legislative Assembly where the unanimous Indian support given to the Coastal Reservation Bill was paralleled only by the intense enthusiasm it evoked in the country. The Bill naturally provoked an equal amount of opposition from the vested foreign interests. However, the bill provided, for the first time in the history of Indian Legislature, that embodiment of constructive economic nationalism in the concrete form of a legislative proposal which led to its being made one of the eleven crucial points, the acceptance of which Mahatma Gandhi laid down as his minimum condition for co-operation with the British Government.

Increasing Fleet

The Scindia Company has been particularly fortunate in getting leading Indian citizens to perform the launching ceremonies for the steamers specially built for the Company. The first of these vessels the *s.s. Jalabala the Water Virgin* was launched by the Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel, the then President of the Indian Legislative Assembly, with an appropriate ceremony which has carried to the modern ship-yards of Britain the spiritual significance of India's ancient ceremonial. This ceremony was repeated when the s. s. *Jalaveera*, the *Water Warrior*, was launched by Dr. Paranjpe, then Member of the India Council in London. Once again in the same year the ceremony was performed for the *s.s. Jaladuta*, the "Water Messenger", by the late Pandit Motilal Nehru who was then Leader of the Opposition in the Indian Legislative Assembly. The Company was equally fortunate in getting its first Haj steamer, the *s.s. El Madina* launched by Sir Firoz Khan Noon, the High Commissioner for India in London and the *s.s. El Hind* by Sir Abdul Quadir who is a Member of the Council of the Secretary of State for India. The construction of these new vessels, together with the purchase of modern cargo steamers from time to time, have now given the Scindia Company an up-to-date fleet of cargo and passenger steamers which maintain its various services to-day.

The public interest in the future of Indian Shipping was deepened by the manner in which the Company was extending its activities with a view to consolidate a national shipping for India. The Scindia Company was not content merely with getting its own independent status recognised by non-Indian shipping interests but has helped to maintain the continued independent existence of the Indian Shipping Companies operating on the Malabar Coast and to earn for them a larger share in the trade they are serving.

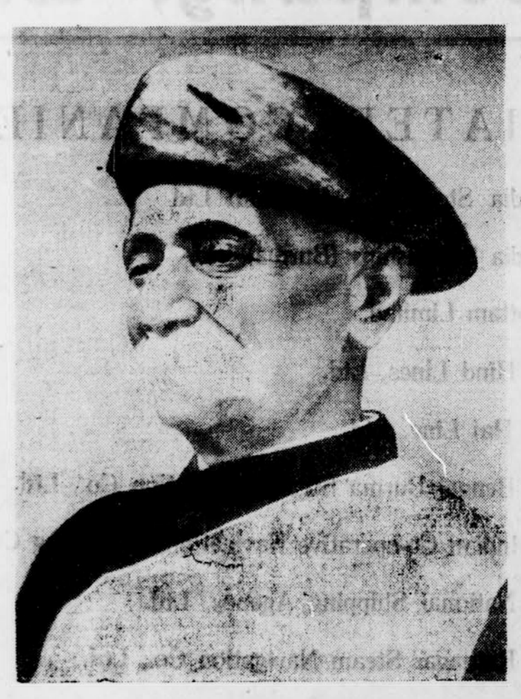
The Scindia Company has also consistently endeavoured, to the best of its ability, to save from extinction or from the clutches of the grasping foreign hands the smaller Indian concerns which were reduced to such a helpless position by ruthless and incessant competition. It went to the rescue of the Bengal Burma Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., which, after a prolonged struggle with the vested interests, was on the point of losing its identity. The Scindia Company lent its support and provided not merely a big loan to tide over its financial difficulties, but gave it the benefit of its managerial control with a view to ensure its stability. The Scindia Company has, thus, acquired a partial interest in the carriage of passengers and Royal Mails between Chittagong and Burman ports and an exclusive line of passenger and cargo services running between Chittagong and Cox's Bazaar.

Another passenger service which the Scindia Company provides in the Bay of Bengal is that between Rangoon and the East Coast ports of Gopalpur, Baruva, Calingapatam, Vizagapatam and Cocanada. It is interesting to observe that the Chittagong and the Cocanada passenger services terminating at Rangoon provide the Companies with a due share of the transport of the large migrating labour population which is an annual feature of the economic relations between India and Burma.

The circumstance which got the Scindia Company interested in the fortunes of the Bengal Burma Steam Navigation Co. has recently had its counterpart along the Western Coast of India also. The Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Company, Ltd., whose continued existence, despite shrinking fortunes from the days of its inception, thirty years ago, provides a vigorous testimony to the self-sacrificing and the *swadeshi* spirit of the small coastal towns of Western India, was being brought to an inglorious end by hostile foreign interests and unsympathetic public authorities. The Scindia Company once again lent to a weakened Indian colleague its helping hand at the critical hour and thus preserved from extinction the cherished ideal of a sea-faring people. With a view to provide uniformity of management in the passenger service on the Konkan Coast, the Scindia Company further assumed control of the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., in active co-operation with its Managing Proprietor, Sheth Mafatlal Gagalbhai. It is hoped that these arrangements and those that are likely to follow will provide for Indian Shipping on the Western Coast the same beneficent activities that

(Continued On Page 4)

SHETH NAROTTAM MORARJEE, THE FOUNDER OF THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.



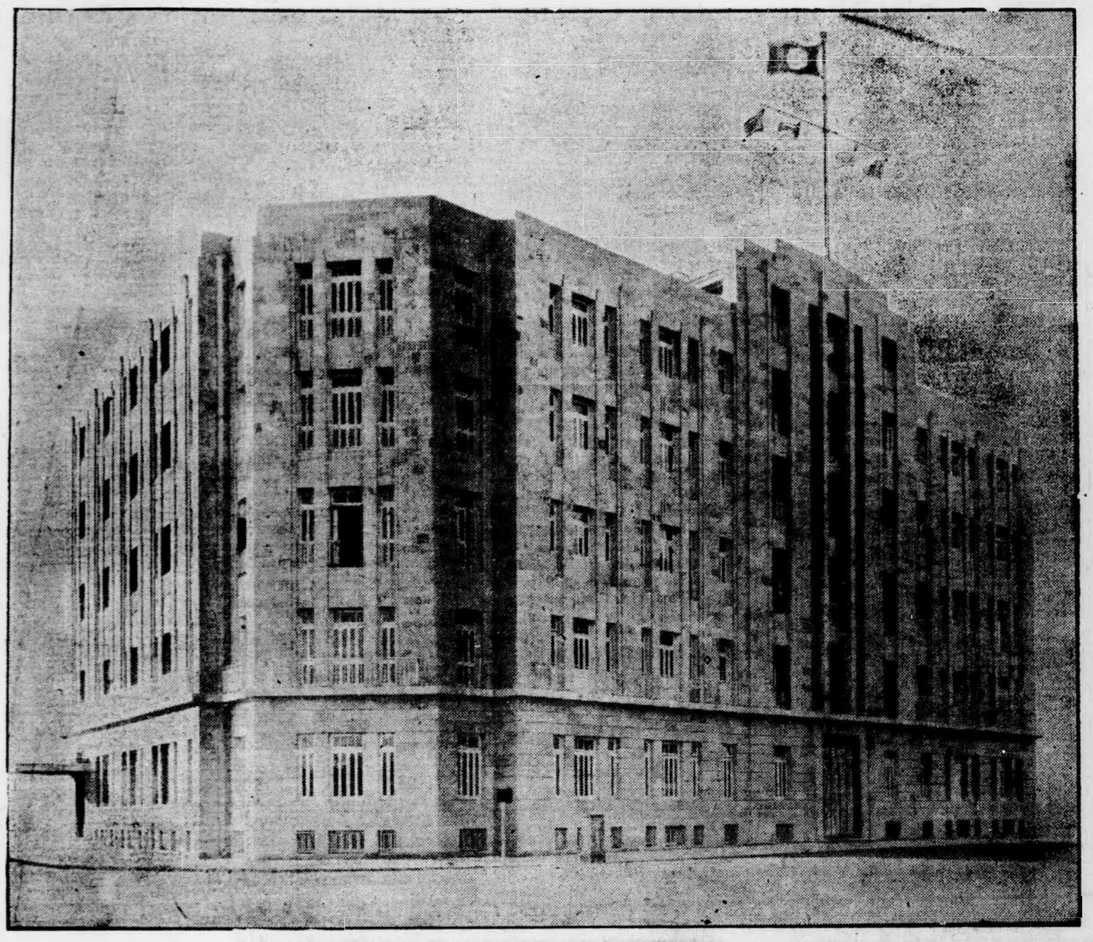
SIR LALUBHAI SAMALDAS.

SHETH WALCHAND HIRACHAND.

SHETH KILACHAND DEVCHAND.

THE PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS

RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE



SCINDIA HOUSE

NEW OFFICE BUILDING

COSTING 7 LAKHS RUPEES

FOR THE

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,

AT

DOUGALL ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, FORT, BOMBAY

PRABHAVALKER, LTD.

Engineers, Contractors & Reinforced Concrete Specialists.

(On the Lists of Military and P. W. D. approved "A" Class Contractors).

166, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, **BOMBAY.**

SOME OF THE WORKS CARRIED OUT BY MR. PRABHAVALKER'S FIRM—

	Costing Rs.
R. C. C. Chawls for the Kohinoor Mills Co. Ltd. ...	10,00,000
Officers' Quarters for the Military at Colaba. ...	8,50,000
Braithwaite & Co.'s Mulund Works ...	5,61,000
Military Hospital at Wanowrie, Poona. ...	4,84,000
Byramjee Jijeebhoy Hospital for Children, Bombay. ...	2,85,000
Military Family Hospital, Colaba. ...	2,50,000
New Council Hall, Bombay. ...	1,40,000
Explosive Magazines at Trombay for Military ...	1,50,000
Imperial Mahal, Khodadad Circle, Dadar. ...	1,50,000
Azamjahi Mills, Warangal ...	8,50,000
Sir Hurkisondas Hospital, Bombay. ...	1,41,000
Additional Accommodation for Bombay City Police in the compound of Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay	1,60,000
Janjira State Palace Extension. ...	1,18,000
Free Ophthalmic Hospital, Parel. ...	1,11,000

MR. S. D. PRABHAVALKER, L.C.E., M.I.E., (Ind.)

Former Executive Engineer of the Late City Improvement Trust, Bombay and the Managing Director of MESSRS. PRABHAVALKER, LIMITED, the well-known Contractors in the City, who took very great personal interest in the construction of the "Scindia House," the new Building for the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Bombay.

A RETROSPECT AND A PROSPECT

(Continued From Page 2)

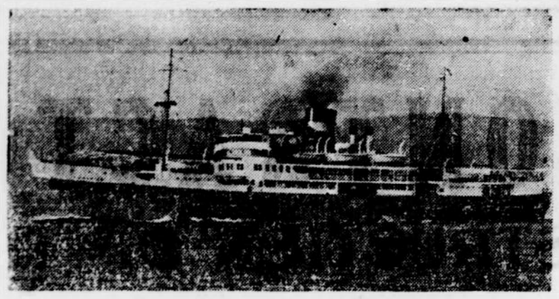
are prevalent on the Eastern Coast of India.

For The Sake Of The Nation

At this stage, it would not be out of place to appreciate the connotation of the phrase "Indian Shipping" which has provided the screen before which the nation has portrayed its shipping requirements and already realised some of its cherished hopes. Its recognised meaning is to be found not merely in what some might call effusions of editorials and oratory but in the deliberate conclusions of the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee appointed by the Government of India in 1923 on which Indian and non-Indian interests were equally represented under the Chairmanship of the then Director of the Royal Indian Marine, since transformed into the Royal Indian Navy.

The definition of a national shipping for India as adumbrated by the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee has recently been confirmed by the High Command of the Indian Nation, the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, which has now passed a resolution declaring "that no concern can or shall be regarded as *swadeshi* unless its control, direction and management are in Indian hands." The creation of an adequate Indian Mercantile Marine can have, therefore, no meaning unless its control, direction and management are in Indian hands; and no stone should be left unturned until that ideal is fully realised.

The Scindia Company does not merely look after the immediate interests of its shareholders interpreted in a very narrow sense. The management of the Company are well-known for their unremitting interest, not merely in the distribution of dividends among the shareholders, but in the larger significance of a national institution whose activities are not limited within narrow bounds. The fuller meaning of "Indian Ships" now covers their being also manned by an Indian personnel and the Scindia Company has done much pioneering work in this connection. Before the advent of the Company, the sea-faring inhabitants of the coastal towns of India provided merely seamen. Today, under the impetus given by the Company and its vigorous efforts in providing training facilities for Indians in the higher branches of nautical and engineering sciences, its junior Officers and Engineers are drawn from the whole country irrespective of province or community—a task which has been greatly facilitated by the establishment of the Indian Mercantile Marine Training Ship *Dufferin* and the excellent apprenticeship arrangements provided on the ships of the Company. The Company has already provided employment for over sixty duly qualified cadets from the *Dufferin* and about half that number more are serving to-day as apprentices in the steamers of the Company.



S.S. EL MADINA

S.S. JALAKRISHNA

The appointment of Indians in the senior Executive and Engineering branches on the ships has naturally to await the time when the junior men now serving will in due course be fit for them by virtue of seniority and experience. This handicap to the employment of Indian talent for all positions on ships does not fortunately operate in the case of managerial appointments in the various offices and agencies of the Company. Practically from the beginning of the Company non-Indian members among the senior shore staff have been conspicuous by their absence, with the result that now all responsible posts, whether in the offices in India or in London, are held by Indians trained in the work of the Company from its very inception. It is probably true to say that the Scindia is the only Company in India where such a cent per cent. Indianisation is its most characteristic feature.

Reference has been made to the discrimination employed against Indian-owned ships by foreign insurance companies. The strong fight that the Scindia Company put up in this connection ultimately resulted in the total removal of that artificial mark of inferiority which the foreign interests used to put on Indian shipping enterprise. The Scindia Company, moreover, has fought and overcome discrimination against Indian Shipping which practically operated against it in that central agency of world shipping, the Baltic Exchange in London. Its London branch has now been recognised as an active member of that exclusive corporation

Recognition Of The Rights Of Indian Shipping

The efforts of the Scindia Company to get Indian Shipping recognised as the only one entitled to represent India in matters maritime has even been extended to international spheres. The strong fight put up by the Scindia in this connection ultimately resulted in the recognition by Geneva of the fundamental principle that India can properly be represented only by interests that are wholly and genuinely Indian. Whenever, therefore, International Conferences are held at Geneva where the World's maritime problems are discussed under the auspices of the International Labour Office, Indian Shipping speaks through an Indian representative chosen by Indian Shipping interests.

HARBOUR VIEW FROM THE NEW SCINDIA HOUSE.

A National Institution

Modern shipping has many sides in its day-to-day activities. It has been the policy of the Company steadily to organise such activities under its guidance and to control the subsidiary companies which will carry them out. Moreover, the Company is now considering the question of adding to its shipping activities the important branch of ship-building. The repairs and annual surveys of its many vessels necessitate the starting of a large ship-repairing yard, and the next stage in the establishment of a ship-building yard will provide for the construction of modern vessels in India. When this hope is realised, the ships of the Scindia Company would be built in India and in due course be navigated by Indians just as they are now managed by them.

With such an illustrious record, it is only natural that the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., should come to be regarded, both in India and abroad, not merely as a shipping company but as a national institution which, embodying Indian ideals and absorbing Indian talents, is expected and entitled to speak the mind of the nation in all matters pertaining to Indian Shipping.

The Scindia Company has played a prominent part in the development of National Shipping for India since its inception at the hands of its founder, Mr. Narottam Morarjee. The qualities which earned for him his well-recognised place in the world of Indian business should continue to provide inspired guidance for the Company to work out its destiny. They are well summed up in Mahatma Gandhi's words of appreciation* These words will be found inscribed on the bust of Mr. Narottam Morarjee gracing the entrance hall of the "Scindia House" which incorporates the tradition connected with his name and the ideals for which the Scindia Company stands.

*"The tragic death of Sheth Narottam Morarji removes from our midst a merchant prince who combined patriotism with commercial ambition. As an employer of labour, he combined humanity with its exploitation. His latest enterprise, the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, was conceived as much through patriotism as through ambition. His charities were wide, discriminating and in keeping with the modern requirements. The removal of such a son of India at this juncture is a great loss to the country."

ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS IN SCINDIA HOUSE

CONCEALED WIRING IN LATEST STYLE

FOR

LIGHTING ... AIR-CONDITIONING ...
LUMINOUS INDICATORS ...
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CARRIED OUT BY US IN OTHER PROMINENT BUILDINGS

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EAST INDIA COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDING.
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THE "SOONITA" OF SIR PURSHOTAMDAS THAKOREDAS, Kt. C.I.E., M.B.E., M.L.A.
INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER BUILDING.
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"THE CLIFF" OF SIR BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY.
H. O. H. FETE.
5—H. WEEK FETE.
INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS SESSIONS, BOMBAY & HARIPURA.
PROMINENT GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS IN BOMBAY.
ON HIS MAJESTY'S SILVER JUBILEE AND CORONATION CELEBRATION.
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SCINDIA HOUSE

IS EQUIPPED WITH

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ATLAS means

LONG LIFE OF THE BULB
BRILLIANT ILLUMINATION
AT LOW COST

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LIFT DOOR

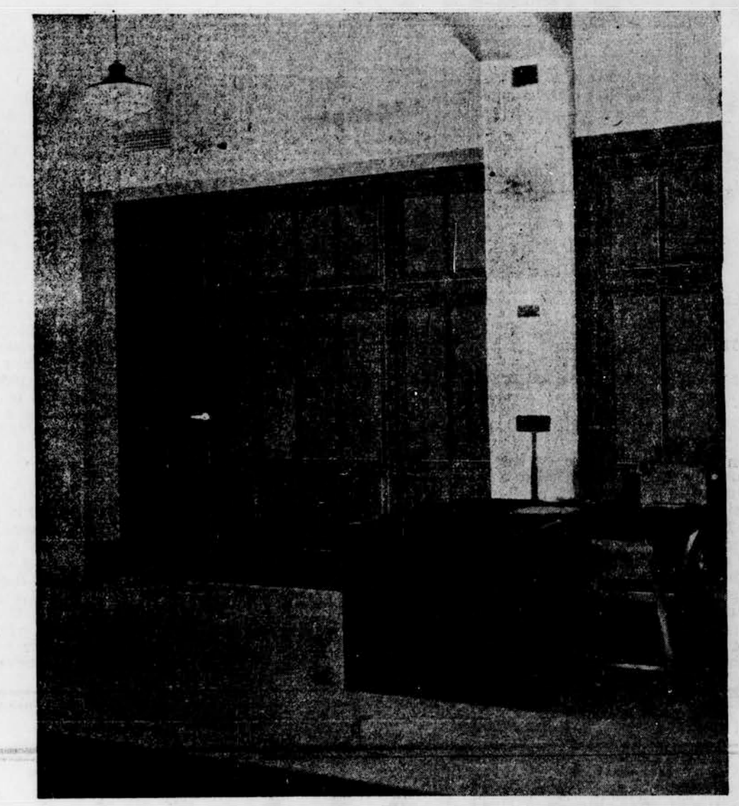
The lifts are made from our Patented flush panels and are lined inside with rich figured teak wood sawn veneers.

★

Entrust your Wood Work problems to us and gain advantage of our thirty years experience in the line, without extra cost.

SUNDER WOOD WORK

HAS PLAYED A PROMINENT PART IN THE NEW Scindia House



PARTITION

All the Wood Work

illustrated here has been manufactured from highest quality Rangoon teak wood of beautiful grains, was kiln dried before manufacture and was made entirely by machinery. All the doors, windows in the Scindia House and the partitions, counters, etc, in the Scindia Office have been supplied by The Sunderdas Saw Mills.

WRITE

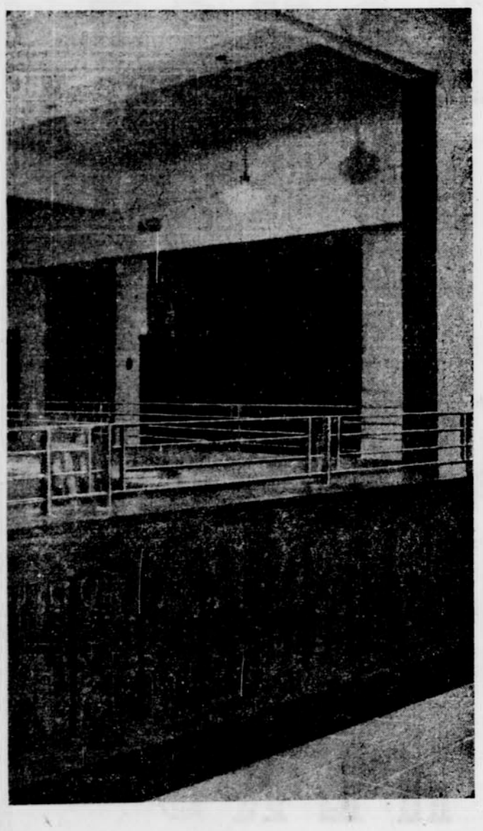
FOR

OUR NEW PATENTED

FLUSH DOORS

FOR

MODERN BUILDINGS



COUNTERS

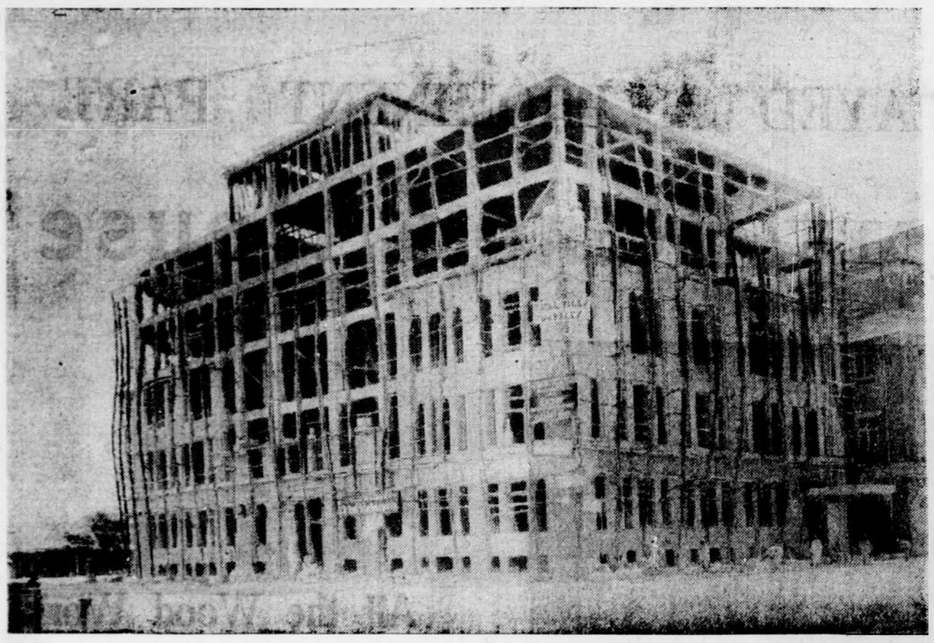
MAIN OFFICE DOOR

SUNDERDAS SAW MILLS,

TIMBER MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS OF DOORS, Flush doors, Windows, Partitions, Furniture, Electric casing and Blocks. Ceiling, Flooring, Moldings and wood work of every description.

FACTORY: Opp. Reay Road Station, BOMBAY 10. *SHOW ROOMS:* Opp. Flora Fountain, Fort. BOMBAY.

Construction Of Scindia House



UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

CONSTRUCTION OF SCINDIA HOUSE.

The construction of the Scindia House adds one more ultra modern office building to the small number of really good, capacious and elaborately designed office buildings in Bombay. From the day of its inauguration, The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., has been occupying rented premises.

NEED FOR BETTER ACCOMMODATION.

Owing to steady progress and expansion made by them in their business activities, The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., was soon faced with the problem of housing their ever increasing Departments. They keenly felt the need of a more commodious office building and the matter was placed before the Board of Directors who decided to erect a building of their own which whilst providing amplest accommodation should also be designed and equipped on the most modern lines.

CHOICE OF A SITE.

Soon the Directors were on the look out for a fine site to erect a building of this type. A few available sites offered by the Bombay Port Trust authorities were considered by them.

For a building of modern design to house a modern commercial enterprise a prominent site was absolutely necessary and the Directors judiciously selected Plot No. 4 Ballard Estate for their new building.

A PROMINENT SITE.

The plot stands at the junction of Wittet and Dougall Roads. It has an excellent position and is very near to the entrance of the Mole Station.

The plot admeasures 1342 5/9 square yards. It has a frontage of 143 feet on Dougall Road, 94 feet on Wittet Road, and 72 feet on Graham Road.

The building was designed by Messrs. Kora and Bhatt, Architects, and Mr. K. J. Mhatre was responsible for the designs of piling work and all R. C. C. work.

The contract for the piling work and the basement of the building was given to Messrs. Prabhavalker, Ltd. who also cleared the site.

An impressive ceremony of laying the foundations of the building was performed according to Hindu religious rights. A function largely attended by prominent merchants and citizens of Bombay was arranged for the occasion and before the assembled guest Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai laid the foundation stone of the building on the 5th November, 1936.

PILING WORK.

The work of pile driving was commenced on 13th October, 1936. In all 341 pre-cast piles were driven to an average depth of 33'-0". This work took six months to complete.

The work of R.C.C caping, raft and the walls was then taken in hand and was completed within the record time of three months.

BUILDING.

Fresh tenders were invited for the superstructure and again Messrs. Prabhavalker, Ltd, were the successful tenderers. This firm under the direction of Mr. S. D. Prabhavalker, L.C.E., M.I.E., (Ind.) worked very efficiently in the construction of the building.

The building consists of a basement, a ground floor and four upper floors and a pavilion covering the entire part of the terrace. It has R.C.C. columns, beams and floors. On all the frontages the walls are faced with Malad stone work.

The total quantity of reinforced concrete used in the building amounts to 1,11,000 c. ft. Indian steel of the best type was used throughout for R.C.C. work. In the basement and the superstructure 1,500 tons of Indian Cement has been used and the Malad cut stone work in the building amounts to 26,000 c.ft..

As far as possible best available Indian materials have been used in the construction of the Building.

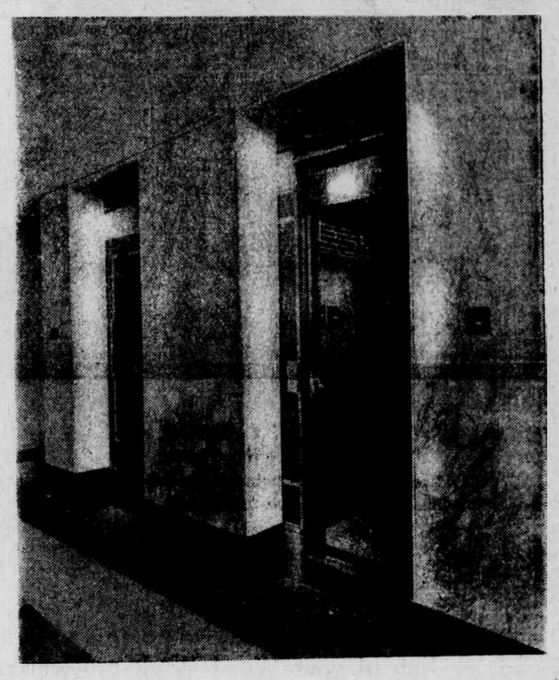
Being an R.C.C. structure the construction of the basement presented no difficulties. It is rendered absolutely watertight and can safely be used for storing goods, materials, etc.

The pavilion over the terrace forms a notable feature of the building. Designed as a protection against the radiation of sun's heat and thus keeping cool the terrace floor and the floors below it gives an excellent panoramic view of the Docks and the beautiful Bombay Harbour.

The third and the fourth floor have been let out to Messrs. Lever Bros. (India) Ltd., a British Business House of repute. The ground floor, the first and the second floors of the building will be occupied by the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., with which are associated the following concerns:—

Scindia Steamships (London) Ltd.

(Continued On Page 8)



LIFT.

A very interesting feature...

OF THE

NEW SCINDIA HOUSE

IS THE

Carrier Air Conditioning

DESIGNED & INSTALLED BY

VOLKART BROTHERS

BOMBAY CALCUTTA MADRAS LAHORE KARACHI

RAVAL TILES AND MARBLES

LEND the finishing touch of distinction to the new aristocratic SCINDIA BUILDING on Dougall Road. A wonderful colour scheme, new ingenious designs of the rarest elegance and beauty prove the creative ability of the Raval Tiles and Marbles factories and the exquisite taste of the builders.

Come and see the Scindia House and if you are having a new house built or if you are thinking of renewing the flooring of your present house rest assured that Raval Tiles and Marbles are not only the most modern and most artistic but also the cheapest in the long run.

Raval Tiles and Marbles are made by the famous wet process which gives them a unique lustre that will not fade away. The Mosaic chips and pigments used in Raval Tiles and Marbles enables the designer to plan floors that are suitable for any purpose and that carry out the exact colour scheme of any interior. Its smooth hard surface is easy to clean and difficult to mar or stain. As durable as the building itself, it preserves the colour beauty of the original design year after year.

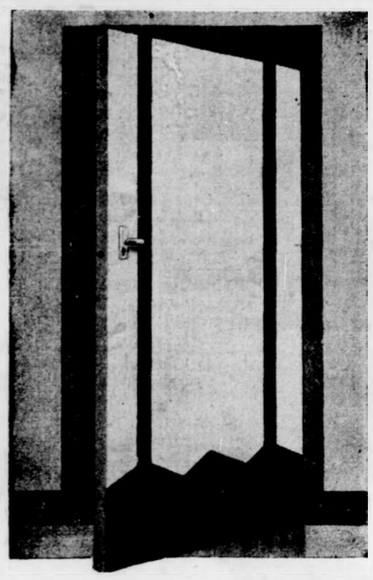
On receipt of a post card we shall send you any information you need. There is no charge for this service.

RAVAL & CO.,

13, BANK STREET,

FORT, BOMBAY.

SCINDIA HOUSE ENTRANCE HALL



"FLUSH DOOR WITH NOVEL PATENTED CONSTRUCTION RECENTLY PLACED ON THE MARKET BY SUNDERDAS SAW MILLS, BOMBAY.

CONSTRUCTION OF SCINDIA HOUSE

(Continued From Page 6)

Scindia Steamships (Burma) Ltd.
Narottam Limited.
The Eastern Bunkerers, Ltd.
Narottam and Pereira, Ltd.
Eastern Bunkerers (Burma) Ltd.
The Bengal-Burma Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
The Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Co., Ltd.
The National Shipping Agency, Ltd.
The Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
The Hind Lines, Ltd.
The Haj Line, Ltd.

ENTRANCES.

There are in all five entrances to the building. On Dougall Road there is one entrance, the second is on Wittet Road and the third on Graham Road. On the 20 feet passage to the south there are two entrances, one giving access to the basement and the other to the rear staircase.

The main entrance is in the centre of the building on Dougall Road. The entrance hall, spacious, well designed and finished in marble contains the bust of late Sjt. Narottam Morarjee, the founder of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. This bust, modelled by the eminent sculptor Mr. Talim of Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, 4, occupies the most prominent position in the hall and strikes the visitor's eye immediately on entrance.

Directly on the right of the main entrance are the two exquisitely finished Stigler lifts and on the left there is a wide marble staircase leading to the upper floors and an Enquiry Office.

A notable feature of the entrance hall and of the interior decoration of the whole building is the designs of shipping motives on floors and grills.

FLOOR LAYOUT.

There is a wide corridor running from one end of the building to the other on each floor giving a free scope of movement to even a large number of persons and which offers an easy and convenient access to the office rooms. The various Departments of the Scindia Co. are so located as to suit the convenience of the Public.

MARBLE WORK AND FLOOR PAVEMENT

The Main Entrance Hall of the building is beautifully finished in marble, the Main Staircase is finished with marble steps and dado. Floors are paved with marble mosaic Tiles. This work was designed and carried out by Messrs. Raval Tiles Co., under the efficient supervision of Mr. Francorsi. The work of dadoes to wall faces and the designs of in-situ work showing shipping motiyes was also carried out by this concern. True to their reputation as pioneers of the tile and marble business in India Messrs. Raval Tiles Co., have done excellent work on admirably artistic lines. It was not an easy task to design the shipping motives in such an ingenious manner as it has been done but the creative department of the Raval Factory worked miracles and Mr. Francorsi deserves whole-hearted applause for the lucky combination of pattern and colour scheme he was able to find. Every visitor of the Scindia House that all in all will be one of the most attractive buildings in Bombay, will be ravished with the beauty of the exclusively finished marble work and tiling in this building.

WOOD WORK OF THE SCINDIA HOUSE

The Wood Work, one of the biggest items in the building, was entrusted to the well-known firm of Bombay, Messrs. Sunderdas Saw Mills, whose SUNDER Doors, windows and SUNDER Furniture are well-known all over India.

This concern employs about 500 workmen and practically all the work is done by the help of up-to-date automatic and semi-automatic machinery.

DOORS AND WINDOWS: The finish and workmanship of the doors and windows installed in the building are of a very high standard and the perfect level and accuracy of the wood work are noticeable.

PARTITIONS: Besides the doors and windows there is quite a lot of partition work carried out by the firm in same quality and accuracy. The finish of the partition is in light walnut finish with beautiful grain effect and high gloss.

The partitions between the office room are so made that although their appearance is like partitions, they are actually bookcases. The utility of these bookcases is to store books and important files pertaining to the particular office.

COUNTERS: Also a big amount of counters are erected by the firm, which are manufactured from beautiful Rangoon Teakwood with vertical Rosewood strips. These counters are of modern design and flush in construction with black marble top and chromium plated railing. The tops of the counter tables are made of green coloured ground glass, which is a novel idea introduced by the concern, preventing glare from the top and making the cleaning extremely easy.

FRAME WORK FOR PLASTER CEILING: The frame work for the plaster ceiling work under the air ducts is also executed by the firm with marked accuracy.

ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT.

The electrical installation for lighting, heating and air-conditioning, internal telephones luminous call system was entrusted to and carried out by the Excelsior Electric Co. of 192, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

A notable feature of this work is the concealed wiring. The system of wiring is concealed in the ceiling, the walls and the floors. Even the wires for internal telephones and luminous call signs from Officer's tables are so well concealed as not to mar the appearance of office rooms.

The Excelsior Electric Co., under the supervision and guidance of Messrs. Thanawalla Bros., were very prompt and efficient in carrying out this work and the standard of work executed by them is very high.

INTERNAL TELEPHONE SYSTEM

The building is equipped with electrical facilities for office organisation.

INSTALLED BY SIEMENS (INDIA) LTD.

An internal Automatic Telephone System, a Luminous Call System and Pneumatic-Tube Conveyor System are three of the notable items in the equipment of the Scindia House. They have been supplied and installed by Siemens (India) Ltd., Bombay.

TELEPHONE SYSTEM:

As a large telephone traffic amongst the members of the staff themselves within the building would have heavily loaded the public telephone lines and seriously interfered with the outside traffic, it was decided to provide the Office of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. with an independent internal telephone system.

Accordingly the above Offices

(Continued On Page 10)

TERRACE PAVILION.

The NAME ACME FOR PERFECTION IN BUILDING FITTINGS!

IT DIDN'T TAKE LONG

OR COST MUCH MORE—TO ADD THE WORDS:

"FITTINGS BY ACME"

IN THE SPECIFICATION OF

SCINDIA HOUSE

...BUT—

Like many other "Acme Fitted" buildings in Bombay and elsewhere, Scindia House is yet another one that has prided itself in having the best of everything in material and workmanship as evident in their use of "ACME FITTINGS" which include all Chrome Plated Deluxe Fittings, Specially designed Entrance door handless, Staircase Railings of exquisite Design, Lift Entrance Door Runners, Counter Railings, Lamps of Special design.

All plans, no doubt, look promising on paper, But when all's over—those engineered on "ACME" Metal Fittings fulfil this promise.

"ACME" has been proved the most superior of metal fittings. They are strong as the best materials can make them-resist wear, yet go most gracefully in modern architectural styles.

All good architects invariably specify "ACME" because they know they are worth much more than the slightly higher price. If you want good plans to make better structures, insist on "ACME" fittings.

A FEW OF THE MANY 'ACME' FITTED BUILDINGS IN BOMBAY:—

METRO CINEMA BUILDING
H. H. THE MAHARANA RAJ SAHEB OF WANKANER'S RESIDENCE
SIR N. B. SAKLATVALLA'S RESIDENCE
MR. M. R. BILLIMORIA'S RESIDENCE
SETH MAFATLAL GAGALBHAI'S RESIDENCE
'MOHINI MAHAL' OF MORVI STATE
SIR BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY'S RESIDENCE
SIR MANGALDAS V. MEHTA'S RESIDENCE
LADY PETIT'S BUNGALOW
EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION'S BUILDING
ALL INDIA RADIO STUDIO, BOMBAY.

TO AVOID TROUBLE & TO SAVE REPLACEMENT COSTS ALWAYS USE

ACME METAL FITTINGS

ACME MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Works & Showrooms: Sleater Road, Grant Road, Bombay.
Calcutta Office: 30, Bentick Street.

Telegrams: "ACMERAY" *Telephone:* No. 41163

STIGLER LIFTS

THE FIRST STIGLER LIFT WAS INSTALLED IN BOMBAY 40 YEARS AGO & SINCE THEN STIGLERS HAVE BEEN THE FOREMOST LIFTS ★ TO-DAY STIGLER LIFTS WITH THEIR SILENT MACHINERIES & MOST UP TO-DAY INNOVATIONS & SAFETIES REPRESENT THE SOUNDEST INVESTMENT & A LASTING ASSET.

SOME NOTABLE RECENT ORDERS

BOMBAY:-

8 Lifts for New Havero House.
30 „ „ Back Bay Reclamation Schemes.
24 „ „ Marine Drive Scheme.
12 „ „ Sleater Road Estate.
1 Motor Car Automatic Lift for Wellington Mews of two tons.

CALCUTTA:-

4 Lifts for Calcutta Safe Deposit Co., including 2 Lifts of 300 ft. per minute speed.
1 Lift for Seth Birla's Palace
1 Lift for Asbestos Cement, Ltd.

KARACHI:-

2 Lifts for Laxmi Insurance Co.,
1 „ „ Hindusthan Safe Deposit Co.,

Also Practically in Every State and City of the World.

The Eastern Electric Light & Power Co., Ltd.

TELEGRAM: EASTLIGHT
PHONE: 20595

BOMBAY — & — CALCUTTA

TELEGRAM: STIGLER
PHONE: CAL. 4830

CONSTRUCTION OF SCINDIA HOUSE

(Continued From Page 8)

are equipped with a fifty-line Automatic Telephone Exchange of Siemens and Halske make. The Exchange works on the Line-Finder

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE
(SIEMENS)

rinciple with new improved type trowger Switches. The relative quipments are designed to withand the severe conditions of the ropical climate and a specially sulated wire is used for the inernal wiring of the Exchange, c. The insulation of this wire is re-damp and vermin-proof.

The 24-volt operating voltage s supplied by an accumulator attery which is charged from he AC mains by an Automatic Charger, which is of the Dry Rectifier type, and equipped with a choke-control system for automatic working.

The wiring of the telephones of the Exchange is done by special telephone cables suitable for the tropical climate. The cable system is designed with Multi-core cables and Distribution Boxes, which result in neatness of cable lay-out and flexibility.

PNEUMATIC-TUBE CONVEYOR SYSTEM.

The Pneumatic-Tube Conveyor System is being installed by Siemens (India) Ltd. with a Pneumatic Conveyor all kinds of documents and even cash can be quickly, surely and economically conveyed between the various floors of the Scindia Offices. The motive air is furnished by a small centrifugal fan run from the lighting supply. A time switch which is switched on by means of a push, keeps the fan in operation until the despatched carrier has arrived at its destination.

LUMINOUS CALL SYSTEM.

The Offices of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., have been further equipped with a modern Luminous Call System for calling members of the staff. Beautifully finished indicators with different coloured lights are arranged on the corridors for the calling of Sepoys. These lamps continue to glow till the call is cancelled by pressing a resetting button arranged below the indicators, which at the same time cancels the Control Lamp fitted in the resetting button set.

SANITARY EQUIPMENT

The sanitary accommodation in the building has been provided on an extensive scale. Separate accommodation has been provided for the peons, the clerical staff and the officers on each floor. This work was carried out in excellent style by Messrs. S. D. Marker & Co. who are responsible for all sanitary and drainage works. A notable feature of the installation is the special arrangement that has been made in consultation with Messrs. Volkart Bros. to provide for the staff cool filtered water for drinking purposes.

AIR-CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT.

Another notable feature of the Scindia House is the Air-conditioning Plant. The design and execution of this work was entrusted to Messrs. Volkart Bros. and it was carried out by them under the supervision of Mr. Herd to the entire satisfaction of the Owners and the Architect.

The entire Office Building with the exception of the basement is fully air-conditioned, using carrier dry surface type refrigerating equipment.

Three large compressors have been installed in the basement, which supply the refrigerating effect to separate air-conditioning units on each floor. Four special evaporative type condensers are installed on the roof and give maximum condensing efficiency.

The use of separate air-conditioning units enables each floor to be considered separately and has its own specially designed supply, return and fresh air duct work.

Adequate arrangements have been made to introduce sufficient outside air for good ventilation and to prevent stuffiness inside the offices. In addition, a high circulation of filtered air is maintained to preserve the purity of the system.

Special attention was paid to the arrangement of the duct work so that minimum cost would give the very best arrangement and at the same time would not in any way interfere with the decorative arrangement. The manner in which this has been carried out shows how easily air-conditioning can be incorporated into a modern building.

The whole equipment has been designed for economy in running expenses and quietness in operation; this latter required certain precautions in the design and layout of the ducting in order that there should be no transmission of noise, nor draughts at any point.

Multiple compressors enable full advantage to be taken of any variation in the heat load during the various seasonable periods and also at the same time provide a certain amount of standby.

Conditions of comfort were chosen with a view to maximum economy in running expenses as well as maximum efficiency for the occupants. The entrance halls and staircases are designed to be maintained at slightly higher temperatures than the offices in order to minimise the temperature difference on entering the conditioned offices.

The air conditioning units have been installed in such a manner as to give easy access for immediate service, yet are suitably, partitioned to conform with the general layout of the offices.

The whole plant is automatically controlled by suitable thermostats and so arranged that double control is available, since the separate control on re-circulation provides a minimum temperature control and avoids excessive low temperatures.

The whole design and arrangement has simplicity as its keynote and is in conformity with the most modern practice in air conditioning design.

All the equipment is as manufactured by the Carrier Corporation, the foremost air conditioning manufacturers in the world, and the installation was installed by Messrs. Volkart Brothers, Bombay.

LIFTS

The Eastern Electric Light and Power, Co., Ltd. have supplied and erected two Stigler Passenger Lifts in the Building. Each lift is designed to carry four passengers and one attendant. The lifts serve the ground and four upper floors and the average speed of each lift is 170 feet per minute.

The machinery has been placed in the basement and is easily accessible for repairs. The winding machine is of the "Stigler" worm geared type, highly efficient with V-Sheave drive and specially designed and proportioned for Lift Duty. The lifts are controlled by automatic push buttons.

Each lift car is very roomy for five persons it is designed to carry. The dimensions of the car are 5' x 4'-6". The cars are mounted and carried in a strong iron frame and were constructed by Messrs. Sunderdas Saw Mills from big size flush boards lately patented by the firm. These boards are about 1¼" thick and it is claimed by the makers that they will not practically shrink, swell or warp. Over the surface of these doors, are glued beautiful figured teakwood sawn veneers of rare quality showing beautiful grain effects. The doors of the lifts are running on Ball Bearings with Sympathetic Gear me-

(Continued On Page 11)

STAIR CASE.

THE ENTIRE FALSE CEILING WORK OF

FIBROUS PLASTER

TO COVER AND INSULATE

AIR DUCTS

AND ELECTRIC CONDUITS

AND TO DECORATE THE INTERIOR

OF THE NEW

Scindia House

WAS ENTRUSTED TO
AND CARRIED OUT BY

KALABHAI KARSON

& SONS

Architectural Decorators

256, SANDHURST ROAD, OPP. GLOBE CINEMA,
BOMBAY, 4.
PHONE—43037

SIEMENS

More than 40 Lakhs...

SIEMENS & HALSKE TELEPHONES HAVE BEEN INSTALLED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

COMPLETE INTERNAL AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE SYSTEM, LUMINOUS CALL SYSTEM AND PNEUMATIC CONVEYOR SYSTEM SUPPLIED TO

SCINDIA HOUSE

SIEMENS TELEPHONE EQUIPMENTS ARE INDIVIDUALLY DEVELOPED TO MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS.

OUR TELEPHONE EXPERTS ARE AT YOUR SERVICE

SIEMENS (INDIA) LTD.,

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, LAHORE, MADRAS,
AHMEDABAD, CAWNPORE, DELHI, KARACHI,

Talking is better than Walking

"Colour Crete"
AND
White Snow Crete

WATERPROOF
PLASTER

IN THE ATTRACTIVE PAVILLION AND THE STAIRCASE BAY of the SCINDIA HOUSE HAS BEEN CARRIED OUT BY

Modern Concrete Art Industries

EXPERTS IN ALL TYPES OF CONCRETE WORK, CONCRETE JALIES, BALUSTERS & MARBLE MOSAIC TILES IN SITU WORK

17—19, DALAL STREET, FORT, BOMBAY 1.

THE COMPRESSORS IN THE BASEMENT.

CONSTRUCTION OF "SCINDIA HOUSE"

(Continued From Page 10)

chanism specially manufactured by the firm, so that when one door is closed or opened, the other works along with it. The mechanism works with minimum of effort.

The landing doors of the lifts have also a sympathetic gear mechanism supplied by Messrs. The Acme Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

The two small elevators supplied and installed by The Eastern Electric Light & Power Co., Ltd., facilitate the quick despatch of files, papers, books, etc., from floor to floor.

ELECTRICAL AND OTHER FITTINGS.

The Scindia House, modern in style and in constructional detail, required specially designed de luxe electric fittings, lamps, etc. The Acme Manufacturing Co., Ltd. who specialise in modern chromium plated brass work electrical and other de luxe fittings etc. the staircase bay have been rendered in colourcrete. The work was carried out to perfection by The Modern Concrete Art Industries, of Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, and the effect is very pleasing to the eyes.

FIBROUS PLASTER AND PLASTER OF PARIS WORK.

Messrs. Kalabhai Karson & Son of 256 Sandhurst Road were responsible for fibrous plaster work in the building. They also designed and carried out the plaster of Paris ceiling work for the indirect lighting of the Boardroom.

W. I. RAILINGS AND GRILLS.

Messrs. Harjivan Becher & Co., were entrusted with the work of supplying W. I. railings and grills that were required in this building. The work was executed by

ONE OF THE FLOOR MOUNTED AIR-CONDITIONING UNITS BEFORE BEING ENCLOSED BETWEEN THE PARTITIONS.

were entrusted with this work. They designed and supplied special door handles, electric fittings, staircase railings of exquisite design. In fact all chromium plated fittings used in the Scindia House was supplied by this concern.

DOOR AND WINDOW FIXTURE AND FASTENINGS.

Messrs. Lookmanji Moosaji supplied all brass fixtures and fastenings of doors and windows for the Building.

COLOURCRETE WORK.

The pavillon on the terrace and them to the entire satisfaction of the Owners and the Architects.

ELECTRIC CLOCKS.

The building has been equipped with electric clocks which were supplied and installed by the Swadeshi Electric Clock Manufacturing Co.

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOM DOORS.

The building has a strong room on each floor for keeping important files, papers, etc. The doors were manufactured and supplied by Messrs. Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Co., Ltd., the well-known safe makers. They have also supplied steel shelving of their own design and all locks required for doors.

RAPID GROWTH OF PIONEER INDUSTRY.

It is well-known to all those who take interest in the abstruse figures of trade-movements, that India has definitely set her course towards industrial expansion. India has had industries from times immemorial. But industries in the modern sense, industries which can turn out quality articles in large quantities at prices to compete against foreign rivals have been only of recent growth. Yet such industries, like the Sugar and Steel industries, have come to hold a definite place in Indian Economy.

Witness the rapid growth of a firm like Godrej's, which is Indian to the core—with Indian Capital, Indian management, Indian technical skill. Till very lately India was entirely dependent on foreign countries for Safes, Locks, Steel Furniture, Safe-Deposit Vaults, etc. It can verily be said that, with the advent of Godrej in the field, the foreign imports in these lines have dwindled into insignificance. This Indian enterprise has been of benefit to the country in another way. The production of highly-specialized quality articles at an economical price has now made it possible for Indian commercial houses to equip their offices with efficient steel furniture. The example in point are the new offices of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., another pioneer Indian industry.

All the Strong Doors and all the Locks for these new offices, as also steel furniture, have been supplied by Godrej.

For the very high quality of Godrej Safes, Safe Deposit Equipment, etc., Godrej has come to

(Continued On Page 12)

THE AIR SUPPLY DUCTING BEFORE BEING COVERED OVER WITH PLASTER BOARD.

THE
SCINDIA HOUSE
Opening Ceremony Will be Performed
By
Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
TO-DAY, AT 5 P. M.

TRADE MARK
INDIVIDUAL PHOTO STUDIO
E. N. SCHAEFFER
Architecture-Photography
Commercial Photography
CLEAVE HOUSE
COLABA, BOMBAY
PHONE: 24446
OUR ILLUSTRATED BROCHURE SUPPLIED FREE

GALLERY RAILINGS, ORNAMENTAL GRILLS & STEEL WORK
IN THE
SCINDIA HOUSE
HAVE BEEN MANUFACTURED AND SUPPLIED By
Harjivan Becher & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL ORNAMENTAL WORK IN IRON & BRASS
33, SINDHI LANE
BOMBAY 4.
CHROMIUM PLATED BRASS & IRON WORK Is Also CARRIED OUT by HARJIVAN BECHER & CO.

A CEILING SUSPENDED AIR-CONDITIONING BEING ENCLOSED.

SECURITY
BY
Godrej

Godrej has supplied the Fire and Burglar-resisting STRONG-DOORS, blocks of STEEL SHELVINGS, hundreds of LOCKS for doors, cupboards, Etc., installed at SCINDIA HOUSE.

The GODREJ WORKS alone in India has the requisite machinery, materials and men, knowledge and experience, to manufacture high-quality Safes, Strong-Doors, Safe-Deposits, etc. Godrej Locks are made by skilled locksmiths, (nearly 300) specially trained from boyhood at the Godrej Works.

Organised large-scale production enables Godrej to offer the Highest Quality at the Lowest Prices.

From nearly 50 years' specialised Experience of making Safes, Strong-Rooms, Locks and other security products come Godrej sturdiness and efficiency, reliability and economy. That is why Godrej Products are found in the service of so many successful business houses.

GODREJ & BOYCE MFG. CO. LTD.,
Bombay

Makers of SAFES, SAFE-DEPOSITS, STEEL SHELVINGS, STEEL FURNITURE for OFFICES, HOMES & HOSPITALS, LOCKS, ETC.,

Branches:— CALCUTTA—DELHI—MADRAS—HYDERABAD—COCHIN.

Agencies:— Ahmedabad, Karachi, Lucknow, Bangalore, Calicut, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Karaikudi, Rangoon.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT.

type and different sizes; special powerful planing machines taking heavy cuts off slabs of vault-doors several inches thick; enormous rapid presses for stamping parts of Safe-Deposit Lockers to the exact size, and for forming the plates of the 16-bend bodies of Godrej Safes; and, lastly, a huge but slow Giant outweighing half-a-dozen elephants to bend cold, thick steel plates up to three-fourths of an inch for extra-strong Safes! A multitude of high-speed radial drilling machines, shapers, automatic and other precision lathes are distributed in batches in different departments. A most inspiring sight is of the men working on the assembly lines of steel cupboards, proceeding on rails to their final stage of construction. Large Diesel generating sets drive all the plant with consummate ease, and leave on the mind of the visitor an indelible impression of controlled power.

Of recent years, Godrej's have built Safe-Deposit Vaults on their patent method in important cities all over the country. The Gold-Vault of the Reserve Bank, Bombay is one of the many Vaults constructed by Godrej for

FREIGHT DEPARTMENT.

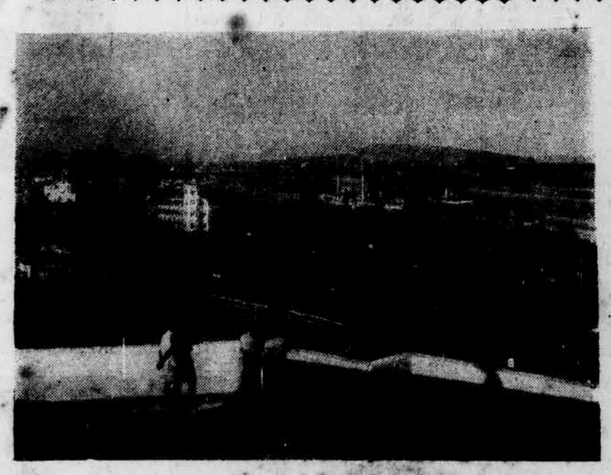
CONSTRUCTION OF "SCINDIA HOUSE"

(Continued From Page 11)

mean "Safe" in India. Such a thumping success was possible to a very large extent because of the miracle of machinery. Only large scale production with the help of modern machinery, could turn out articles of high-quality at moderate prices.

Covering a roofed area of approximately 1,30,000 sq. ft., and employing about 1,200 skilled workers, the Godrej Works are unique in the East. There is no similar works of the same size even in highly industrialized Japan. The most impressive sight of all is the entire two-floor building packed with over two hundred men, all closely co-operating in the intricate trade of making locks. These traditional craftsmen from Gujarat and Palghat in Malabar, trained from boyhood at the Godrej Works, can more than hold their own against the best in their trade anywhere in the world.

The first impression that any visitor to the Godrej Works carries away with him is of intensely active efficiency. Machines, modern machines big and small of many kinds too numerous to describe. Giant yet quite supple shears cutting instantaneously at one stroke over eight feet of thick and hard Chrome-Steel plates intended for massive Godrej Vault-Doors; plate and sheet straightening rolls of the latest



DOCKS FROM THE TERRACE.

so many leading Banks and Safe-Deposit Companies.

STEEL WINDOWS

Steel windows forming the central feature over the central entrance on Dougall Road were supplied by Messrs. John Fleming & Co., Ltd.

ARCHITECTS

The building was designed by Messrs. Kora & Bhatt, 22 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

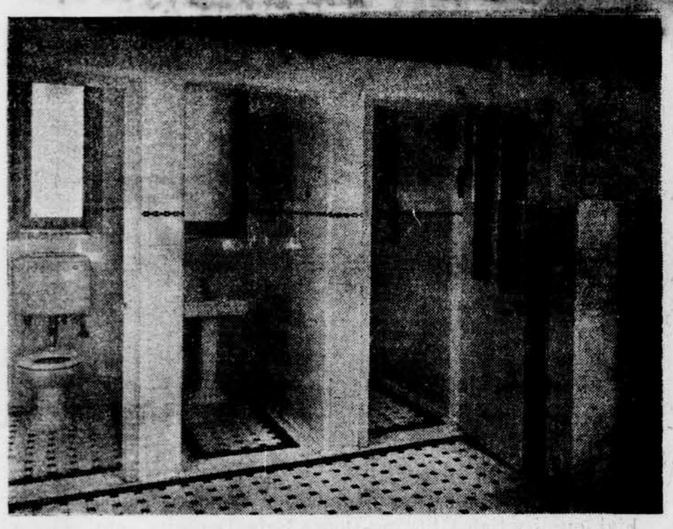
R.C.C. SPECIALIST

Mr. K. J. Mhatre of 6, Stock Exchange Building, Apollo Street was the designer of R.C.C. work.

CONTRACTORS

The following are the names of the contractors engaged in the construction of the Building:—

Messrs. Prabhavalker & Co., Ltd., (Principal Contractors), Messrs. Sunderdas Saw Mills (Woodwork), Messrs. Raval & Co. (Marble and floor pavement work), Excelsior Electric Co. (Electric installation), Messrs. Volkart Bros. (Air-conditioning Plant), The Eastern Electric Light & Power Co., Ltd., (Stigler Lifts), Messrs. Siemens (India) Ltd., (Internal Telephone and Luminous Call Signs), The Acme Manufacturing Co., Ltd., (Chromium plated hardware, etc.) Messrs Lookmanji Moosaji (Brass fixtures and fastenings), Messrs. Kalabhai Karson & Son (Fibrous plaster and plaster of Paris work), Messrs. Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Co., Ltd., (Strongroom doors, Locks and Shelves), Messrs. Harjivan Becher & Co., (W. I. Railing and Grills), Messrs. John Fleming & Co., Ltd., (Steel windows), The Swadeshi Electric Clock Manufacturing Co., (Electric clocks), Modern Concrete Art Industries (Colourcrete), Mr. Talim (Bust).



ONE OF THE BATHROOMS IN SCINDIA HOUSE

THE DESIGN AND WORK
OF THE DRAINAGE
AND SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS
OF THE
SCINDIA HOUSE
WERE EXECUTED BY

S. D. MARKER & CO.

BRANCHES: The Mall, Lahore. The Mall, Peshawar. New Delhi. Rawalpindi & Simla.
HEAD OFFICE 381, HORNBY ROAD BOMBAY.

BRASS & HARDWARE FITTINGS
OF THE
SCINDIA HOUSE
WERE SUPPLIED BY

LOOKMANJI MOOSAJI
DIAMOND BLDG, LOHAR CHAWL BOMBAY-2.

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